

Is it possible to use a mobile app to improve the quality of dietary choices of adolescents in Ghana and Vietnam?

Submission date 12/11/2021	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
Registration date 12/11/2021	Overall study status Completed	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Last Edited 31/05/2024	Condition category Nutritional, Metabolic, Endocrine	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
		<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Unhealthy diets are a critical global concern while dietary measure methods are time-consuming and expensive. There is limited evidence that phone-based interventions can improve nutrition data collection as well as dietary quality, especially for adolescents in developing countries. We developed an artificial-intelligence based phone application called Food Recognition Assistance and Nudging Insights (FRANI) to tackle these problems. The objectives of this study are to measure the acceptability, adherence, and likeability of FRANI, as well as its impact in the food choices of adolescents in Accra, Ghana and Thai Nguyen, Vietnam.

Who can participate?

Adolescent girls aged 12-18 years

What does the study involve?

In each setting, we randomly allocate participants into two groups: The intervention group with the full version of FRANI including the gamified nudges to encourage healthier food choices. The control group will receive FRANI without the gamified nudges. Both groups will have their food choices tracked for four weeks. The control groups will then receive the full version of FRANI and both groups were tracked for a further 2 weeks to assess acceptability, adherence, and likeability.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Evidence generated from this study will assess the potential for new technology to improve scalable data collection in nutrition, and healthier food choices for a population at risk of malnutrition.

No risks.

Where is the study run from?

International Food Policy Research Institute (IFPRI) (USA)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?
January 2021 to January 2022

Who is funding the study?
Fondation Botnar (Switzerland)
Consortium of International Agricultural Research Centers (CGIAR) program on Agriculture,
Nutrition and Health (France)

Who is the main contact?
Dr Aulo Gelli, a.gelli@cgiar.org

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

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Additional identifiers

Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)
Nil known

Protocol serial number
Nil known

Study information

Scientific Title
Food Recognition Assistance and Nudging Insights. Measuring measuring the feasibility (acceptability, adherence, and likeability) of a mobile app designed to improve the quality of dietary choices of adolescents in Ghana and Vietnam: A pilot study

Acronym
FRANI

Study objectives

The FRANI mobile app is designed to improve diets by increasing the consumption of healthy foods and beverages, whilst crowding out the consumption of energy-dense foods.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 08/12/2020, Institutional Review Board (IRB) of the IFPRI (2033 K Street, NW, Washington, DC, 20006-1002, USA; no telephone number provided; IFPRI-IRB@cgiar.org), ref: #00007490

Study design

Randomized controlled pilot study

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Other

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Low quality diets in adolescents

Interventions

The intervention group with the full version of FRANI including the gamified nudges to encourage healthier food choices. The control group will receive FRANI without the gamified nudges. Participants in both groups will have their food choices tracked for four weeks. The control groups will then receive the full version of FRANI and both groups will be tracked for a further 2 weeks to assess acceptability, adherence, and likeability. Total data collection period will be 6 weeks.

The intervention group will be able to take pictures of their meals, set dietary goals, and will receive personalized medals and badges according to the dietary quality of the foods they ate. They will be able to see the scores and statistics about the quality of their diet. They will receive a daily report summarizing everything they ate and notifications reminding them to take pictures. In contrast, the participants in the control group will have access to a mobile phone with a limited version of FRANI, without possibility of setting dietary goals, nor a home screen, daily reports, scores and statistics. They also will not receive medals and badges. Both groups will see the same notifications, except daily report reminders for the control group.

A computer-generated sequence will be used to randomly allocated participants to the intervention and control groups at a 1:1 ratio for each country separately.

Intervention Type

Behavioural

Primary outcome(s)

The feasibility of the FRANI was assessed by measuring outcomes related to adherence, acceptability. Adherence in this pilot study is defined as the number of days the participants completed dietary recalls on the FRANI divided by the total number of days of the pilot test. Participants will be considered adherent if this is equal to 70% or higher, starting to count from the first and ending on the last day of the pilot. Acceptability summarizes likeability, satisfaction, intent to use, and intent to continue using the FRANI, while usability summarizes what affects

the use of the FRANI. Acceptability and usability are measured according to answers from structured questionnaires. If participants grade the acceptability or usability of the FRANI as 30 or more points in their respective structured questionnaires, the app will be considered accepted or usable.

Key secondary outcome(s)

Measured using data captured by FRANI over the entire duration of the pilot:

1. Percentage of total meals recorded in FRANI
2. Quality of dietary choices measured using the Individual Dietary Diversity Score
3. Quality of dietary choices measured using the EAT-Lancet Diet Score

Completion date

30/01/2022

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Adolescent girls aged 12-18 years in the targeted community

Participant type(s)

Healthy volunteer

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Child

Lower age limit

12 years

Upper age limit

18 years

Sex

Female

Key exclusion criteria

Participant not providing assent or parent not providing consent.

Date of first enrolment

01/07/2021

Date of final enrolment

30/12/2021

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Ghana

Viet Nam

Study participating centre

Noguchi Memorial Institute for Medical Research, University of Ghana

S Legon Dr

Accra

Ghana

LG 581

Study participating centre

Thai Nguyen National Hospital

479 Luong Ngoc Quyen Phan Dinh Phung

Thanh pho Thai Nguyen

Thai Nguyen

Viet Nam

479999

Sponsor information

Organisation

Fondation Botnar

ROR

<https://ror.org/033ztm745>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Research organisation

Funder Name

Consortium of International Agricultural Research Centers

Alternative Name(s)

CGIAR

Funding Body Type

Private sector organisation

Funding Body Subtype

Other non-profit organizations

Location

France

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The data will be shared on the IFPRI dataverse 1 year after the completion of the study

IPD sharing plan summary

Stored in publicly available repository

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article		13/12/2023	31/05/2024	Yes	No
Protocol article		06/12/2022	28/12/2022	Yes	No