

# Does adding myofascial release (a type of soft tissue manipulation) to silicone patches improve Caesarean scar healing more than using silicone patches alone?

<b>Submission date</b> 09/12/2019	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
<b>Registration date</b> 20/12/2019	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Last Edited</b> 20/12/2019	<b>Condition category</b> Skin and Connective Tissue Diseases	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input type="checkbox"/> Results
		<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data
		<input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

## Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims:

Caesarean sections are increasingly used to deliver babies. In Poland about 40% of deliveries end in a C-section. Caesarean scar healing can require targeted actions to reduce tightness and pulling and separate it from surrounding tissues. Silicone patches have been shown to improve scar healing. This study aims to investigate whether manipulation of the skin and tissues around the scar, similar to massage, can improve healing still further.

Who can participate?

Women aged 18-45 after Caesarean section (within 6-12 weeks after the delivery)

What does the study involve?

Participants will be randomly allocated into one of two groups. Both groups will use silicone patches on the Caesarean scar. One group will also receive manual therapy treatment from a therapist once a week for 8 weeks and be shown how to repeat the treatment themselves at home. The scar and associated pain will be assessed before treatment, 1 month after treatment and 6 months after treatment.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Participants might benefit from learning more about their scar and how to encourage it to heal. They will all receive treatment that has been shown to improve scar healing. There are no side effects of the planned treatment.

Where is the study run from?

Opole Medical School (Poland)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

October 2018 to April 2022

Who is funding the study?  
Opole Medical School (Poland)

Who is the main contact?  
Dr Lucyna Ptaszkowska, ptaszkowska.l@gmail.com

## Contact information

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## Additional identifiers

**Protocol serial number**  
KB/92/FI/2018

# Study information

## Scientific Title

The effect of selected therapeutic (myofascial relaxation techniques and silicone patches) interventions on the biomechanical properties of scar tissue after Caesarean section

## Study objectives

1. Assessment of biomechanical properties of scar tissue within the scar after Caesarean section depending on the therapeutic intervention used (myofascial release techniques and silicone patches).
2. Assessment of improvements in Vancouver Scar Scale (VSS) and pain reduction (VAS).

## Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

## Ethics approval(s)

Approved 25/10/2018, Opole Medical School Bioethics Commission (Katowicka 68, 45-060 Opole, Poland; +48 774410882; sekprorek.ds.nauk@wsm.opole.pl), ref: KB/92/FI/2018

## Study design

Randomized controlled trial

## Primary study design

Interventional

## Study type(s)

Treatment

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Scarring after Caesarean section

## Interventions

Participants will be randomly assigned to one of two comparison groups. Randomization using a 1:1 randomization scheme will be carried out using computer-generated random numbers (simple randomization).

The therapy programme lasts 8 weeks during which all the participants receive the silicone patches to promote scar healing. In addition, women assigned to one of the groups will undergo manual therapy treatment consisting of 8 meetings with a qualified physiotherapist (once a week). They will also repeat the manual techniques themselves at home.

The manual scar therapy procedure based on myofascial relaxation techniques consists of techniques such as:

1. Overall stretching technique - 5 min
2. Technique of delicate circles - 5 min
3. Up and down stretching movements in the shape of the letter J - 5 min
4. Vertical lifting technique - 5 min
5. Skin rolling - 5 min
6. S-shaped technique - 5 min

All participants will undergo assessment of the biomechanical properties of the scar area before the start of treatment, 1 month after and 6 months after the therapy programme.

### **Intervention Type**

Mixed

### **Primary outcome(s)**

1. Scar tissue tone assessed using the MyotonPRO digital palpation device before the start of the intervention, immediate after the end of the intervention and 1 month and 6 months after the end of the intervention
2. Scar tissue stiffness assessed using the MyotonPRO digital palpation device before the start of the intervention, immediate after the end of the intervention and 1 month and 6 months after the end of the intervention
3. Scar tissue elasticity assessed using the MyotonPRO digital palpation device before the start of the intervention, immediate after the end of the intervention and 1 month and 6 months after the end of the intervention

### **Key secondary outcome(s)**

1. Scar severity (comprising vascularity, height/thickness, pliability, and pigmentation) assessed using the Vancouver Scar Scale before the start of the intervention, immediate after the end of the intervention and 1 month and 6 months after the end of the intervention
2. Scar pain assessed using a visual analogue scale (VAS) before the start of the intervention, immediate after the end of the intervention and 1 month and 6 months after the end of the intervention

### **Completion date**

01/04/2022

## **Eligibility**

### **Key inclusion criteria**

1. Women after Caesarean section within 6 weeks of surgery (transverse cut using the Pfannenstiel method)
2. Full healing of the wound after the scab falls off
3. Healthy on the day of the test
4. End of the puerperium period
5. Aged 18-45 years

### **Participant type(s)**

Patient

### **Healthy volunteers allowed**

No

### **Age group**

Adult

### **Lower age limit**

18 years

**Upper age limit**

45 years

**Sex**

Female

**Key exclusion criteria**

1. Caesarean section was less than 6 weeks or more than 12 weeks previously
2. Incomplete wound healing (exudate, local inflammation)
3. Malaise on the day of the test
4. Caesarean section in multiple pregnancies
5. Lack of consent of the examined person

**Date of first enrolment**

15/01/2020

**Date of final enrolment**

30/09/2021

**Locations****Countries of recruitment**

Poland

**Study participating centre**

**Opole Medical School**

Katowicka 68 Street

Opole

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**Sponsor information****Organisation**

Opole Medical School

**ROR**

<https://ror.org/000bjk220>

**Funder(s)****Funder type**

University/education

## Funder Name

Państwowa Medyczna Wyższa Szkoła Zawodowa w Opolu [Opole Medical School]

## Results and Publications

### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are available from the corresponding author on reasonable request.

### IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

### Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">Study website</a>	Study website	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes