

# Self-management of blood pressure following a hypertensive pregnancy

<b>Submission date</b> 17/05/2024	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 11/06/2024	<b>Overall study status</b> Ongoing	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 22/10/2025	<b>Condition category</b> Circulatory System	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

## Plain English summary of protocol

### Background and study aims

High blood pressure (BP) (hypertension) during and following pregnancy affects around 80,000 women each year in the UK, and can lead to very serious problems such as pre-eclampsia or stroke. In the longer term, women who had high BP during pregnancy have an increased risk of heart attack and stroke, and this seems to be linked to their blood pressure in the early weeks following birth.

After birth, women's BP can remain elevated, but in most cases it returns to normal over 2–12 weeks. During this time, blood pressure medication needs to be adjusted to achieve the correct control. Previous research suggests that better BP control during this time is associated with improved long-term health outcomes. This trial aims to test whether women with high BP, can achieve lower blood pressure than is usual in the weeks and months following birth, through self-monitoring and adjusting their own medication.

### Who can participate?

Women aged 18 years or over in the postnatal period who have had a hypertensive pregnancy

### What does the study involve?

Women recruited to the study will be randomly assigned to one of two groups: either monitoring their own blood pressure and using this to manage their blood pressure medication, or receiving the standard care that they would otherwise have. Participants allocated to 'usual care' will have their BP monitored and medication adjusted by their obstetrician, GP and midwife as normal. Participants allocated to the 'self-management' group will use a home BP monitor daily following discharge from hospital after birth until their blood pressure has settled, and then once a week. They will be provided with an individualised schedule (via a specially designed app) for gradually adjusting their medication(s) in line with their BP readings, overseen by their obstetrician, GP and midwife.

### What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Taking part in the study may give participants better information and understanding about their blood pressure. If possible, it is hoped that achieving better blood pressure control in the period after birth may contribute to better long-term health outcomes. However, the study is being conducted as it is not clear if medication adjustments (facilitated by the app and directed by

clinicians' review) can achieve better blood pressure control than standard care. It is hoped that information from this work will improve the care of women with raised blood pressure after birth in the future. The researchers think there is very little risk of harm in taking part.

All women will still receive their usual care while in this study. The only disadvantage is the extra time taken to measure blood pressure for women allocated to the self-management group and the additional time spent with the study team at the follow-up visits. Other than the time taken to undertake the study, we do not anticipate any other disadvantage from taking part.

Where is the study run from?

University of Oxford - Primary Care Clinical Trials Unit (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

July 2023 to January 2027

Who is funding the study?

NIHR - Programme Grants for Applied Research (UK)

Who is the main contact?

SNAP2 Trial Manager, [snap2trial@phc.ox.ac.uk](mailto:snap2trial@phc.ox.ac.uk)

## Contact information

### Type(s)

Public, Scientific, Principal investigator

### Contact name

Prof Richard McManus

### ORCID ID

<https://orcid.org/0000-0003-3638-028X>

### Contact details

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[snap2trial@phc.ox.ac.uk](mailto:snap2trial@phc.ox.ac.uk)

## Additional identifiers

Integrated Research Application System (IRAS)

332333

Central Portfolio Management System (CPMS)

59560

# Study information

## Scientific Title

Randomised controlled trial of self-management of postnatal antihypertensive treatment

## Acronym

SNAP2

## Study objectives

Self-management of blood pressure reduces diastolic blood pressure following a hypertensive pregnancy

## Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

## Ethics approval(s)

approved 09/05/2024, South Central - Oxford B Research Ethics Committee (Bristol Research Ethics Committee Centre, Whitefriars Level 3, Block B Lewin's Mead, Bristol, BS1 2NT, United Kingdom; +44 (0)207 104 8178; oxfordb.rec@hra.nhs.uk), ref: 24/SC/0071

## Study design

Multicentre interventional randomized controlled trial

## Primary study design

Interventional

## Study type(s)

Efficacy

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Monitoring of hypertension in women following hypertensive pregnancy

## Interventions

Women recruited to the study will be randomly assigned to one of two groups: either monitoring their own blood pressure and using this to manage their blood pressure medication, or receiving the standard care that they would otherwise have.

Participants allocated to the 'self-management' group will use a validated monitor and titration of antihypertensive therapy guided by a specially developed digital intervention (a smartphone app), daily following discharge from hospital after birth until their blood pressure has settled, and then once a week. They will be provided with an individualised schedule via the app for gradually adjusting their medication(s) in line with their BP readings. This will be overseen, with any change approved by their own health care professionals who review the uploaded readings and respond to tele-monitored abnormal readings in a timely fashion. All intervention participants will in addition receive usual NHS care.

Participants allocated to 'usual care' will have their BP monitored and medication adjusted by their obstetrician, GP and midwife as normal.

Randomisation will be completed by site staff on randomising software Sortition.

## **Intervention Type**

Other

## **Primary outcome(s)**

Current primary outcome measures as of 22/10/2025:

Mean daytime ambulatory diastolic blood pressure measured using an ambulatory blood pressure monitor at 26-39 weeks.

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Previous primary outcome measures:

Mean daytime ambulatory diastolic blood pressure measured using an ambulatory blood pressure monitor at 26 weeks.

## **Key secondary outcome(s)**

Current secondary outcome measures as of 22/10/2025:

1. Mean daytime ambulatory systolic blood pressure measured using an ambulatory blood pressure monitor at 26-39 weeks
  2. Mean 24-hour and nocturnal ambulatory blood pressure measured using an ambulatory blood pressure monitor at 26-39 weeks
  3. Systolic and diastolic blood pressure at follow-up (mean of 2nd/3rd readings and mean of 2nd – 6th readings) measured in clinic or at home at baseline, 6 weeks, 12 weeks, 26-39 weeks and 48-60 weeks
  4. Maternal health-related quality of life measured using EQ-5D-5L health questionnaire results at baseline, 6 weeks, 12 weeks, 26-39 weeks and 48-60 weeks
  5. Anxiety associated with self-management of BP measured using the short-form anxiety inventory questionnaire at baseline, 12 weeks and 48-60 weeks
  6. Medication adherence measured by the presence of urinary antihypertensive metabolites at 6 weeks and the Medication Adherence Rating Scale (MARS) at baseline and 6 weeks
  7. Postnatal readmissions measured using all-cause admissions, pregnancy hypertension admissions and cardiovascular events at records review
  8. Healthcare resource use and cost analysis of key cost drivers between study arms measured using participant resource use data collection at baseline, 12 weeks, 26-39 weeks and 48-60 weeks
  9. Cost-consequence analysis presenting costs and key outcomes in a disaggregated manner measured over the trial period
  10. Long-term modelled cost-utility analysis using quality-adjusted life years (QALYs) measured using Modelled lifetime horizon and Sensitivity analysis to judge time to benefit/harm
  11. Qualitative process evaluation measured using in-depth semi-structured interviews over the trial period
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Previous secondary outcome measures:

1. Mean daytime ambulatory systolic blood pressure measured using an ambulatory blood pressure monitor at 26 weeks
2. Mean 24-hour and nocturnal ambulatory blood pressure measured using an ambulatory blood

pressure monitor at 26 weeks

3. Systolic and diastolic blood pressure at follow-up (mean of 2nd/3rd readings and mean of 2nd – 6th readings) measured in clinic or at home at baseline, 6 weeks, 12 weeks, 26 weeks and 52 weeks

4. Maternal health-related quality of life measured using EQ-5D-5L health questionnaire results at baseline, 6 weeks, 12 weeks, 26 weeks and 52 weeks

5. Anxiety associated with self-management of BP measured using the short-form anxiety inventory questionnaire at baseline, 12 weeks and 52 weeks

6. Medication adherence measured by the presence of urinary antihypertensive metabolites at 6 weeks and the Medication Adherence Rating Scale (MARS) at baseline and 6 weeks

7. Postnatal readmissions measured using all-cause admissions, pregnancy hypertension admissions and cardiovascular events at records review

8. Healthcare resource use and cost analysis of key cost drivers between study arms measured using participant resource use data collection at baseline, 12 weeks, 26 weeks and 52 weeks

9. Cost-consequence analysis presenting costs and key outcomes in a disaggregated manner measured over the trial period

10. Long-term modelled cost-utility analysis using quality-adjusted life years (QALYs) measured using Modelled lifetime horizon and Sensitivity analysis to judge time to benefit/harm

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### **Completion date**

31/01/2027

## **Eligibility**

### **Key inclusion criteria**

1. Participant is willing and able to give informed consent for participation in the study
2. People who have recently given birth within the last 7 days
3. Aged 18 years or above
4. Participant with pregnancy hypertension including: chronic/essential hypertension (predating current pregnancy or requiring treatment before 20/40), or gestational hypertension (new-onset hypertension from 20/40 of index pregnancy) or pre-eclampsia (hypertension (GH or with proteinuria or metabolic changes), prior to their discharge from hospital post-delivery.
5. Participant still requiring antihypertensive medication at randomisation following delivery
6. Able and willing to comply with trial requirements
7. Willing to allow their primary and secondary healthcare teams, if appropriate, to be notified of participation in the trial
8. Access to a smartphone compatible with the app

### **Participant type(s)**

Patient

### **Healthy volunteers allowed**

No

### **Age group**

Adult

### **Lower age limit**

18 years

**Upper age limit**

50 years

**Sex**

Female

**Key exclusion criteria**

1. Participant does not wish to self-monitor/self-manage their blood pressure
2. Participant already taking part in another trial that might affect their anti-hypertensive prescription

**Date of first enrolment**

24/06/2024

**Date of final enrolment**

30/11/2025

**Locations****Countries of recruitment**

United Kingdom

England

**Study participating centre**

**Oxford University Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust**

John Radcliffe Hospital

Headley Way

Headington

Oxford

United Kingdom

OX3 9DU

**Study participating centre**

**Manchester University NHS Foundation Trust**

Cobbett House

Oxford Road

Manchester

United Kingdom

M13 9WL

**Study participating centre**

**NIHR Guy's and St Thomas' Clinical Research Facility**

16th floor Tower Wing

Guy's Hospital  
Great Maze Pond  
London  
United Kingdom  
SE1 9RT

**Study participating centre**  
**Chelsea and Westminster Hospital NHS Foundation Trust**  
Chelsea & Westminster Hospital  
369 Fulham Road  
London  
United Kingdom  
SW10 9NH

**Study participating centre**  
**Barts Health NHS Trust**  
The Royal London Hospital  
80 Newark Street  
London  
United Kingdom  
E1 2ES

**Study participating centre**  
**Airedale NHS Foundation Trust**  
Airedale General Hospital  
Skipton Road  
Steeton  
Keighley  
United Kingdom  
BD20 6TD

**Study participating centre**  
**Blackpool Teaching Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust**  
Victoria Hospital  
Whinney Heys Road  
Blackpool  
United Kingdom  
FY3 8NR

**Study participating centre**

**Chesterfield Royal Hospital NHS Foundation Trust**  
Chesterfield Road  
Calow  
Chesterfield  
United Kingdom  
S44 5BL

**Study participating centre**  
**University Hospitals Dorset NHS Foundation Trust**  
Management Offices  
Poole Hospital  
Longfleet Road  
Poole  
United Kingdom  
BH15 2JB

**Study participating centre**  
**East Lancashire Hospitals NHS Trust**  
Royal Blackburn Hospital  
Haslingden Road  
Blackburn  
United Kingdom  
BB2 3HH

**Study participating centre**  
**East Suffolk and North Essex NHS Foundation Trust**  
Colchester Dist General Hospital  
Turner Road  
Colchester  
United Kingdom  
CO4 5JL

**Study participating centre**  
**Imperial College Healthcare NHS Trust**  
The Bays  
St Marys Hospital  
South Wharf Road  
London  
United Kingdom  
W2 1BL

**Study participating centre**  
**Kingston and Richmond NHS Foundation Trust**  
Galsworthy Road  
Kingston upon Thames  
United Kingdom  
KT2 7QB

**Study participating centre**  
**Lewisham and Greenwich NHS Trust**  
University Hospital Lewisham  
Lewisham High Street  
London  
United Kingdom  
SE13 6LH

**Study participating centre**  
**Mid and South Essex NHS Foundation Trust**  
Prittlewell Chase  
Westcliff-on-sea  
United Kingdom  
SS0 0RY

**Study participating centre**  
**Royal Berkshire NHS Foundation Trust**  
Royal Berkshire Hospital  
London Road  
Reading  
United Kingdom  
RG1 5AN

**Study participating centre**  
**University Hospitals Sussex NHS Foundation Trust**  
Worthing Hospital  
Lyndhurst Road  
Worthing  
United Kingdom  
BN11 2DH

**Study participating centre**  
**West Hertfordshire Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust**  
Trust Offices

Watford General Hospital  
Vicarage Road  
Watford  
United Kingdom  
WD18 0HB

**Study participating centre**  
**Frimley Health NHS Foundation Trust**  
Portsmouth Road  
Frimley  
Camberley  
United Kingdom  
GU16 7UJ

**Study participating centre**  
**Whittington Health NHS Trust**  
The Whittington Hospital  
Magdala Avenue  
London  
United Kingdom  
N19 5NF

**Study participating centre**  
**Buckinghamshire Healthcare NHS Trust**  
Amersham Hospital  
Whielden Street  
Amersham  
United Kingdom  
HP7 0JD

## **Sponsor information**

**Organisation**  
University of Oxford

**ROR**  
<https://ror.org/052gg0110>

## **Funder(s)**

**Funder type**

Government

**Funder Name**

Programme Grants for Applied Research

**Alternative Name(s)**

NIHR Programme Grants for Applied Research, PGfAR

**Funding Body Type**

Government organisation

**Funding Body Subtype**

National government

**Location**

United Kingdom

## Results and Publications

**Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan**

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are/will be available upon request from the chief investigator Prof. Richard McManus (richard.mcmanus@phc.ox.ac.uk)

**IPD sharing plan summary**

Available on request

**Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">Study website</a>	Study website	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes