

The medical device Mindlenses for cognitive rehabilitation in stroke

Submission date 02/02/2024	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
Registration date 07/02/2024	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Last Edited 03/03/2026	Condition category Mental and Behavioural Disorders	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
		<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Prism adaptation is a technique that involves wearing prismatic glasses to shift how a person sees the world. Studies have suggested that prism adaptation can change the activity of the brain hemisphere on the same side as the visual field change caused by the prisms. Stroke patients often experience changes in the activity of their brains on both the affected and unaffected sides. A necessary quality for a rehabilitation method is the ability to encourage changes in the activity of both sides of the brain in stroke patients with damage on one side. The aim of this study is to test the effectiveness of the medical device Mindlenses. Mindlenses combine prism adaptation with digital cognitive training through serious games to rehabilitate various cognitive functions in individuals who have had their first stroke.

Who can participate?

Patients aged 30-90 years with first-ever stroke

What does the study involve?

Patients are randomly assigned to an experimental group treated with Mindlenses or to a control group treated with standard rehabilitation. Patients wearing prismatic goggles are asked to make pointing movements towards visual stimuli presented on a tablet until adaptation to the visual distortion is reached. Immediately following this phase, the goggles are removed and the patients of the experimental group perform seven games on a tablet targeting attention, decision-making, planning and other cognitive functions.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

There are no risks for participants. The expected benefits are an acceleration of improvement of cognitive abilities.

Where is the study run from?

Fondazione Istituto G. Giglio di Cefalù (Italy)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

March 2019 to June 2022

Who is funding the study?
Restorative Neurotechnologies srl (Italy)

Who is the main contact?
Prof. Massimiliano Oliveri, massimiliano.oliveri@restorativeneurotechnologies.com

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

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Prof Massimiliano Oliveri

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Additional identifiers

Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)
Nil known

Protocol serial number
Nil known

Study information

Scientific Title
Comparison of the efficacy of the combination of digital prism adaptation and serious games with standard rehabilitation for cognitive deficits in stroke patients

Acronym

StrokeMind

Study objectives

The medical device Mindlenses is at least comparable to standard cognitive training for the rehabilitation of cognitive deficits in stroke patients.

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval(s)

approved 17/06/2019, Comitato Etico Palermo 1 (Azienda Ospedaliera Universitaria Policlinico Paolo Giaccone, Via del Vespro, 129, Palermo, 90127, Italy; +39 (0)91 6551111; urp@policlinico.pa.it), ref: 06/2019

Study design

Interventional double-arm randomized non-inferiority study

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Cognitive deficits in stroke

Interventions

Experimental treatment with the medical device Mindlenses, combining prism adaptation with serious games in 10 days. Control treatment with standard cognitive training

Patients are randomly assigned by a simple randomization method to an experimental group treated with Mindlenses or to a control group treated with standard rehabilitation. Patients wearing prismatic goggles are asked to make pointing movements towards visual stimuli presented on a tablet until adaptation to the visual distortion is reached. Immediately following this phase, the goggles are removed and the patients of the experimental group perform seven games on a tablet targeting attention, decision-making, planning and other cognitive functions.

Intervention Type

Device

Phase

Not Applicable

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Mindlenses

Primary outcome(s)

All measured at baseline and immediately after the end of treatment:

1. General cognitive functioning will be measured using the Oxford Cognitive Screen

2. General intelligence and abstract thinking will be measured using the Ravens' Progressive Matrices
3. Verbal short-term and working memory will be assessed using Digit Span Forward and Backward Tests
4. Spatial short-term and working memory will be assessed using Spatial Span Forward and Backward Tests
5. Verbal long-term memory will be assessed using the Rey Auditory Verbal Learning Test, Immediate and Delayed Recall
6. Constructional apraxia will be measured using the Rey Complex Figure Copy, the Freehand Copy of Drawings and The Copy of Drawings with Landmarks Tests
7. Attention will be measured using the Attentive Matrices and The Line Bisection Tests
8. Inhibition abilities will be measured using the Stroop Test
9. Language production abilities will be measured using the Name and Verb Naming Tests
10. Lexical semantic abilities will be measured using the Semantic Fluency Test
11. Visuospatial perception abilities will be measured using the Visual Object and Space Perception Battery (VOSP)
12. Buccofacial apraxia will be measured using the Buccofacial Apraxia Test

Removed 13/06/2024:

13. Functional activities of daily living will be measured using the Barthel Index

Key secondary outcome(s)

All measured at baseline and immediately after the end of treatment:

1. Anxiety will be measured using the Beck Anxiety Inventory
2. Depression will be measured using the Hamilton Depression Scale

Added 13/06/2024:

13. Functional activities of daily living will be measured using the Barthel Index

Completion date

30/06/2022

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. First ever unilateral stroke
2. Aged 30-90 years

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Mixed

Lower age limit

30 years

Upper age limit

90 years

Sex

All

Total final enrolment

30

Key exclusion criteria

1. Bilateral stroke
2. Other neurological disease

Date of first enrolment

05/12/2019

Date of final enrolment

30/03/2022

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Italy

Study participating centre

Fondazione G Giglio

Cefalù

Italy

90015

Sponsor information

Organisation

Fondazione Istituto G. Giglio di Cefalù

ROR

<https://ror.org/03dykc861>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Industry

Funder Name

Restorative Neurotechnologies srl

Funder Name

EIT Health

Alternative Name(s)**Funding Body Type**

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

National government

Location

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study will be available upon request. Not sensitive data concerning the clinical characteristics of the recruited patients could be available.

Type of data: Excel files summarizing clinical and neuropsychological data of all tests at baseline and post-therapy sessions.

Consent forms are required and obtained by the hospital that conducted the trial.

The data sets could be requested from Prof. Massimiliano Oliveri (massimiliano.oliveri@restorativeneurotechnologies.com) or to Dr Agnese Di Garbo (agnese.digarbo@restorativeneurotechnologies.com).

IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article		21/02/2025	03/03/2026	Yes	No
Basic results			20/06/2024	No	No