

The role of endoluminal stenting in the acute management of obstructing colorectal cancer

Submission date 14/05/2008	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	☒ Prospectively registered ☐ Protocol
Registration date 27/06/2008	Overall study status Completed	☐ Statistical analysis plan ☒ Results
Last Edited 22/08/2022	Condition category Cancer	☐ Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

<https://www.cancerresearchuk.org/about-cancer/find-a-clinical-trial/a-trial-looking-at-relieving-a-blockage-caused-by-suspected-bowel-cancer-with-a-tube-inside-the-bowel>

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Dr Laura Magill

Contact details

Birmingham Clinical Trials Unit (BCTU)
Institute of Applied Health Research
College of Medical and Dental Sciences
Public Health Building
University of Birmingham
Edgbaston
Birmingham
United Kingdom
B15 2TT
+44 (0)121 415 9105
e.l.magill@bham.ac.uk

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Prof James Hill

Contact details

Manchester University Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust
Manchester Royal Infirmary
Manchester
United Kingdom
M13 9WL

Additional identifiers

Study information

Scientific Title

The role of endoluminal stenting in the acute management of obstructing colorectal cancer

Acronym

CReST

Study objectives

For patients presenting acutely with obstructing left-sided colorectal cancer will be randomised between emergency surgery or endoluminal stenting. The aim of the study is to determine if endoluminal stenting results in:

1. A reduced perioperative morbidity as assessed by the length of hospital stay
2. Reduced perioperative morbidity
3. Reduced stoma formation

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Oxford Research Ethics Committee B, 22/10/2008, ref: 08/H0605/90

Primary study design

Interventional

Study design

Open multi-centre randomised controlled trial

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Obstructing colorectal cancer

Interventions

An open randomised controlled trial where patients will be randomised between emergency surgery and endoluminal stenting. All patients will present in the acute setting and will be put forward for urgent decompression.

Patients will be randomised between:

1. Endoluminal stenting
2. Surgical decompression with or without resection of the primary tumour

Intervention Type

Procedure/Surgery

Primary outcome(s)

Current primary outcome measures as of 13/03/2017:

1. Length of hospital stay, measured using site-completed trial-specific Case Report Forms at discharge and 12-month follow-up
2. 30-day mortality, measured using mortality data from ONS (also included on CRFs) at 30 days

Previous primary outcome measures:

1. Length of hospital stay
2. 30-day mortality
3. Presence and duration of a stoma

Key secondary outcome(s)

Current secondary outcome measures as of 13/03/2017:

Data collection points were baseline (screening/randomisation/procedure); discharge; 6 weeks; every 3 months in first year; every 6 months to 3 years:

1. Presence and duration of stoma, measured using intraoperative and discharge Forms (emergency and elective surgery), annual follow up forms
2. Stenting completion and complication rates, measured using stent insertion and stent follow up forms, following stenting at day 7 and day 28 post-stenting and up to 12 months
3. Anastomosis rate, measured using intraoperative form and discharge form, following emergency and elective surgery up to 12 months and then annually
4. 6-month survival, measured using ONS mortality data (also collected on CRFs) at 6 months
5. Quality of life, measured using patient-completed EORTC QLQ C30, QLQ CR29 and EQ-5D at discharge, 3 months and 1 year
6. Proportion disease free at 3 years, measured using ONS Cancer Registry data (also collected on CRFs) at 3 years
7. Length of stay in HRU and ITU, measured using intraoperative and discharge forms following emergency and elective surgery, and discharge form following stenting
8. Perioperative morbidity, measured using intraoperative and discharge forms for emergency and elective surgery
9. Cost benefit analysis, assessed using discharge forms (for bed days)
10. Rate of adjuvant chemotherapy and adherence to chemotherapy protocol, measured using annual follow-up forms

Previous secondary outcome measures:

1. Stenting completion and complication rate (arm A only). Complications will be recorded between 24 hours and 7 days (early) and between 7 and 28 days (late).
2. Anastomosis rate, recorded during surgery
3. Quality of life, measured by the EQ-5D and the European Organisation for Research and Treatment of Cancer (EORTC) Quality of Life Questionnaire for Cancer patients C29 and C30 at 6 weeks after surgery, then every 3 months for the first year, and every 6 months thereafter until 3 years
4. Proportion recurrence-free at three years (attempted curative surgery group only)
5. Length of stay on intensive treatment unit (ITU) and high-dependency unit (HDU) at 30 days post-operation
6. Perioperative morbidity
7. Cost benefit analysis

Completion date

01/06/2018

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Both male and female patients (no specific age limit)
2. Radiologically proven colonic obstruction of left colon/upper rectum presumed secondary to a carcinoma
3. Patient considered sufficiently fit for surgery if allocated

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

All

Sex

All

Total final enrolment

246

Key exclusion criteria

1. Patients with signs of peritonitis and/or perforation
2. Patients with right iliac fossa tenderness and features of incipient caecal perforation
3. Patients with obstruction in the rectum that may require neoadjuvant therapy (i.e. tumours in the mid or lower rectum)
4. Patients who are unfit for surgical treatments or refuse surgical treatment
5. Pregnant patients

Date of first enrolment

01/03/2009

Date of final enrolment

31/12/2014

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Northern Ireland

Scotland

Wales

Study participating centre
Addenbrooke's Hospital
Cambridge
United Kingdom
CB2 0QQ

Study participating centre
Bradford Royal Infirmary
Bradford
United Kingdom
BD9 6RJ

Study participating centre
Darent Valley Hospital
Dartford
United Kingdom
DA2 8DA

Study participating centre
Derby Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust
Derby
United Kingdom
DE22 3NE

Study participating centre
Derriford Hospital
Plymouth
United Kingdom
PL6 8DH

Study participating centre
Gartnavel General Hospital
Glasgow
United Kingdom
G12 0YN

Study participating centre

Glasgow Royal Infirmary

Glasgow

United Kingdom

G4 0SF

Study participating centre

Imperial College Healthcare NHS Trust

London

United Kingdom

W2 1NY

Study participating centre

Ipswich Hospital

Ipswich

United Kingdom

IP4 5PD

Study participating centre

James Paget University Hospital

Norwich

United Kingdom

NR31 6LA

Study participating centre

John Radcliffe Hospital

Oxford

United Kingdom

OX3 9DU

Study participating centre

King's College Hospital

London

United Kingdom

SE5 9RS

Study participating centre

Manchester Royal Infirmary
Manchester
United Kingdom
M13 9WL

Study participating centre
Musgrove Park Hospital
Taunton
United Kingdom
TA1 5DA

Study participating centre
Nevill Hall Hospital
Abergavenny
United Kingdom
NP7 7EG

Study participating centre
North Bristol NHS Trust
Bristol
United Kingdom
BS10 5NB

Study participating centre
North Devon District Hospital
Barnstaple
United Kingdom
EX31 4JB

Study participating centre
Northern General Hospital
Sheffield
United Kingdom
S5 7AU

Study participating centre

North West London Hospitals NHS Trust
London
United Kingdom
HA1 3UJ

Study participating centre
Princess of Wales Hospital
Bridgend
United Kingdom
CF31 1RQ

Study participating centre
Queen Elizabeth Hospital
Birmingham
United Kingdom
B15 2GW

Study participating centre
Queen's Hospital
Romford
United Kingdom
RM7 0AG

Study participating centre
Queens Medical Centre
Nottingham
United Kingdom
NG7 2UH

Study participating centre
Raigmore Hospital
Inverness
United Kingdom
IV2 3UJ

Study participating centre

Royal Berkshire Hospital
Reading
United Kingdom
RG1 5AN

Study participating centre
Royal Cornwall Hospital
Truro
United Kingdom
TR1 3LQ

Study participating centre
Royal Bolton Hospital
Bolton
United Kingdom
BL4 0JR

Study participating centre
Royal Devon and Exeter Hospital
Exeter
United Kingdom
EX2 5DW

Study participating centre
Russells Hall Hospital
Dudley
United Kingdom
DY1 2HQ

Study participating centre
Salford Royal Hospital
Salford
United Kingdom
M6 8HD

Study participating centre

Scarborough General Hospital
Scarborough
United Kingdom
YO12 6QL

Study participating centre
Scunthorpe General Hospital
Scunthorpe
United Kingdom
DN15 7BH

Study participating centre
St James's University Hospital
Leeds
United Kingdom
LS9 7TF

Study participating centre
The Mid Yorkshire Hospitals NHS Trust
Wakefield
United Kingdom
WF1 4DG

Study participating centre
Ulster Hospital
Belfast
United Kingdom
BT16 1RH

Study participating centre
University Hospital Coventry & Warwickshire
Coventry
United Kingdom
CV2 2DX

Study participating centre

University Hospital Of North Durham
Durham
United Kingdom
DH1 5TW

Study participating centre
University Hospital of North Tees
Stockton-on-Tees
United Kingdom
TS19 8PE

Study participating centre
University Hospitals of Leicester NHS Trust
Leicester
United Kingdom
LE3 9QP

Study participating centre
Western General Hospital
Edinburgh
United Kingdom
EH4 2XU

Study participating centre
Yeovil District Hospital
Yeovil
United Kingdom
BA21 4AT

Sponsor information

Organisation
University of Birmingham (UK)

ROR
<https://ror.org/03angcq70>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Charity

Funder Name

Cancer Research UK (UK)

Alternative Name(s)

CR_UK, Cancer Research UK - London, Cancer Research UK (CRUK), CRUK

Funding Body Type

Private sector organisation

Funding Body Subtype

Other non-profit organizations

Location

United Kingdom

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The current data sharing plans for the current study are unknown and will be made available at a later date.

IPD sharing plan summary

Data sharing statement to be made available at a later date

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article		20/08/2022	22/08/2022	Yes	No
Abstract results		20/05/2016	07/05/2021	No	No
Study website	Study website	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes