

# Can the results of non-surgical therapy of periodontitis be improved by the use of enamel matrix proteins?

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<b>Registration date</b> 29/07/2020	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 29/07/2020	<b>Condition category</b> Oral Health	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

## Plain English summary of protocol

### Background and study aims

Periodontal therapy is the treatment and prevention of gum disease. It aims to eliminate inflammation of the tissues around the affected teeth by removing bacteria from periodontal pockets below the gum line. The result is measured by the reduction of pocket depth. The non-surgical first phase of therapy may not be enough for advanced pockets and an extra surgical phase may be necessary. This study explores the possibility of improving the treatment outcomes of the non-surgical treatment phase by adding a medical device (enamel matrix derivative) to non-surgical retreatment of persisting deep pockets, thus avoiding the need for additional surgery.

### Who can participate?

Adult patients with periodontitis

### What does the study involve?

Two of the participant's teeth are randomly allocated to receive non-surgical retreatment either with or without use of the enamel matrix derivative (EMD). Repeated examinations are carried out over 12 months.

### What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The possible benefits include avoidance of the need for periodontal surgery and improved diagnosis for affected teeth. There are no particular risks.

### Where is the study run from?

University of Bonn (Germany)

### When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

July 2015 to July 2019

### Who is funding the study?

Investigator initiated and funded with some support from Straumann Institute (Switzerland)

Who is the main contact?

Prof. Søren Jepsen  
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## Contact information

### Type(s)

Scientific

### Contact name

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## Additional identifiers

## Study information

### Scientific Title

Flapless application of enamel matrix derivative in periodontal retreatment: a multicenter feasibility randomized controlled trial

### Study objectives

The adjunctive flapless application of EMD can lead to superior clinical outcomes compared to re-instrumentation of residual periodontal pockets alone.

### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

### Ethics approval(s)

Approved 07/08/2020, Ethics Committee of the University Hospital Bonn, Biomedizinisches Zentrum, Sigmund-Freund-Str. 25, 53105 Bonn, Germany; +49 (0)228 287 51931; ethik@uni-bonn.de), ref: 049/15-ff

### Study design

Multicenter randomized feasibility trial with split-mouth design

### Primary study design

Interventional

**Study type(s)**

Treatment

**Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

Generalised periodontitis

**Interventions**

Adult patients presenting at re-evaluation after initial non-surgical periodontal therapy for generalised periodontitis with at least 2 teeth with residual probing pocket depths (PPD)  $\geq 5$  and  $\leq 8$  mm, with bleeding on probing (BOP). Two teeth in contralateral quadrants are randomised by coin toss to receive re-instrumentation either with (test) or without (control) adjunctive flapless administration of enamel matrix derivative (EMD). The follow-up is 12 months.

**Intervention Type**

Device

**Phase**

Not Applicable

**Primary outcome(s)**

Probing pocket depth measured in mm using a periodontal probe at baseline, 6 months and 12 months

**Key secondary outcome(s)**

Bleeding on probing (yes or no) measured using a periodontal probe at baseline, 6 months and 12 months

**Completion date**

01/07/2019

**Eligibility****Key inclusion criteria**

1. Adult patients
2. Two residual pockets with probing depth  $\geq 5$  mm and  $\leq 8$  mm, bleeding and probing (BOP), mobility  $\leq$  degree 1 and without furcation involvement

**Participant type(s)**

Patient

**Healthy volunteers allowed**

No

**Age group**

Adult

**Sex**

All

**Total final enrolment**

**Key exclusion criteria**

1. Full mouth plaque score (modified O'Leary et al. 1972) > 20%
2. Uncontrolled systemic disease, requiring high dose steroid therapy, radiation or other immune-suppressive therapy and history of malignant disease in the oral cavity or previous radiotherapy in the head or neck area
3. Pregnant or lactating females
4. Drug and alcohol abuse
5. Smoking > 10 cigarettes per day
6. inadequate restorative therapy or malocclusion

**Date of first enrolment**

01/10/2015

**Date of final enrolment**

01/07/2018

**Locations**

**Countries of recruitment**

Germany

Italy

**Study participating centre**

**University of Leipzig**

Leipzig

Germany

04103

**Study participating centre**

**Private practice**

Torino

Italy

10143

**Study participating centre**

**University of Rome, Sapienza**

Rome

Italy

00185

**Study participating centre**  
University of Bonn  
Bonn  
Germany  
53111

## Sponsor information

**Organisation**  
University of Bonn

**ROR**  
<https://ror.org/041nas322>

## Funder(s)

**Funder type**  
Industry

**Funder Name**  
Investigator initiated and funded

**Funder Name**  
Financial support from Institute Straumann AG (Switzerland)

## Results and Publications

### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The data sharing plans for the current study are unknown and will be made available at a later date.

### IPD sharing plan summary

Data sharing statement to be made available at a later date