

# Multicenter Uveitis Steroid Treatment Trial

<b>Submission date</b> 13/08/2007	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 17/08/2007	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 26/11/2018	<b>Condition category</b> Eye Diseases	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

**Plain English summary of protocol**  
Not provided at time of registration

## Contact information

**Type(s)**  
Scientific

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## Additional identifiers

**ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)**  
NCT00132691

## Study information

**Scientific Title**  
Multicenter Uveitis Steroid Treatment Trial

**Acronym**  
MUST

## **Study objectives**

Uveitis refers to several ocular disorders characterised by intraocular inflammation, which in the aggregate are a major cause of visual loss and blindness in the United States. Intermediate uveitis, posterior uveitis, and panuveitis are generally the more severe forms of uveitis, with the highest risk of vision loss, often requiring long-term systemic treatment.

1. Patients randomised to implant therapy will have better visual outcomes.
2. Patients randomised to implant therapy will have improved control of uveitis, a decreased rate of posterior segment structural complications of the uveitis (such as cystoid macular edema and epiretinal membranes), and an increased rate of corticosteroid-induced ocular complications, such as cataracts, ocular hypertension, and glaucoma.
3. Patients randomised to systemic therapy will have a higher rate of systemic complications, such as diabetes, hypertension, and osteoporosis.
4. Improved visual outcomes and the absence of systemic corticosteroid complications (and the additional treatments needed to combat them) will result in a better quality of life for patients randomised to implant therapy.

## **Ethics approval required**

Old ethics approval format

## **Ethics approval(s)**

Johns Hopkins Bloomberg School of Public Health Institutional Review Board (formerly known as Johns Hopkins Bloomberg School of Public Health Committee on Human Research), FDA# 00000287 (IRB ref: H.34.04.04.07.B1)

1. Protocol version 1.1, approved on the 18/05/2005
2. Protocol version 3.3, approved on the 03/09/2008
3. Protocol version 3.4, approved on the 13/08/2009

## **Primary study design**

Interventional

## **Study design**

Open-label parallel-assignment randomised controlled trial

## **Study type(s)**

Treatment

## **Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

Uveitis

## **Interventions**

Intervention group: fluocinolone acetonide intraocular implant

Control group: oral corticosteroid with immunosuppressive agents as needed

The fluocinolone acetonide intraocular implant is a surgically implanted reservoir of corticosteroid designed to last approximately 2.5 years in order to provide long-term control of uveitis.

Total duration of follow-up: Minimum of 2 years (patients enrolled early in the study will be followed for up to 5 years)

**Intervention Type**

Drug

**Phase**

Not Applicable

**Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)**

Fluocinolone acetonide, corticosteroid, immunosuppressive agents

**Primary outcome(s)**

Change in best-corrected visual acuity as measured by a logarithmic chart (measured at every study visit). Total duration of follow-up: 2 years

**Key secondary outcome(s)**

1. Occurrence of ocular complications
2. Occurrence of systemic complications
3. Control of uveitis
4. Quality of life at baseline and 6 months, assessed using the 25-item National Eye Institute Visual Function Questionnaire (NEI VFQ-25) and the 36-item Short Form health survey (SF-36)
5. Mortality. Total duration of follow-up: 2 years.

The following tests will also be carried out to assess the outcomes 1-3 above:

- a. Eye exam/blood draw (laboratory) at every study visit
- b. Visual field testing at baseline and yearly thereafter

**Completion date**

31/12/2011

**Eligibility****Key inclusion criteria**

1. Age 13 years or older
2. Best-corrected visual acuity of hand motions or better in at least one eye with uveitis
3. Intraocular pressure 24 mmHg or less in all eyes with uveitis

**Participant type(s)**

Patient

**Healthy volunteers allowed**

No

**Age group**

Adult

**Sex**

All

**Key exclusion criteria**

1. Inadequately controlled diabetes
2. Uncontrolled glaucoma

3. Advanced glaucomatous optic nerve injury
4. A history of scleritis; presence of an ocular toxoplasmosis scar
5. HIV infection or other immunodeficiency disease for which corticosteroid therapy would be contraindicated according to best medical judgment

**Date of first enrolment**

01/12/2005

**Date of final enrolment**

31/12/2011

## Locations

**Countries of recruitment**

United Kingdom

Australia

United States of America

**Study participating centre**

**Mount Sinai School of Medicine**

New York

United States of America

10029-6584

## Sponsor information

**Organisation**

The Multicenter Uveitis Steroid Treatment Trial (MUST) Coordinating Center (USA)

## Funder(s)

**Funder type**

Government

**Funder Name**

National Eye Institute

**Alternative Name(s)**

NIH/National Eye Institute, Instituto Nacional del Ojo, NEI, NIH-NEI

## Funding Body Type

Government organisation

## Funding Body Subtype

National government

## Location

United States of America

# Results and Publications

## Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

### IPD sharing plan summary

#### Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">Results article</a>	results	01/11/2015		Yes	No
<a href="#">Protocol article</a>	protocol	01/04/2010		Yes	No
<a href="#">Basic results</a>				No	No
<a href="#">Study website</a>	Study website	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes