

Evaluates the feasibility and acceptability of the Bangla Heart Manual, a home-based cardiac rehabilitation program, for patients with coronary heart disease (CHD) and their caregivers in Bangladesh

Submission date 19/03/2025	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 23/07/2025	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 01/04/2026	Condition category Circulatory System	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Coronary heart disease (CHD) is a leading cause of death and disability worldwide, especially in low- and middle-income countries (LMICs) like Bangladesh. Cardiac rehabilitation (CR) is a proven way to help people with heart disease recover, but it is underused in LMICs due to barriers like cost, travel, and lack of facilities. This study aims to assess the feasibility and acceptability of an adapted Bangla Heart Manual as an intervention for CHD patients and their caregivers. The study also explored whether the program improved exercise capacity and quality of life.

Who can participate?

Patients aged 18 years old and over with CHD (e.g., previous heart attack or angina) who were admitted to Ibrahim Cardiac Hospital & Research Institute in Dhaka, Bangladesh, for heart surgery or angioplasty between June and July 2024.

What does the study involve?

Participants received the Bangla Heart Manual, a 6-week home-based CR program. It included exercise training, education on healthy living, and psychological support. Patients were introduced to the program by a physiotherapist in the hospital and received weekly phone calls to track their progress. Data on exercise capacity, quality of life, and psychological well-being were collected before and after the program. Patients and caregivers were also interviewed about their experiences.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Benefits included improved exercise capacity, better quality of life, and learning how to manage heart disease. Risks were minimal, but two participants died during the study due to unrelated medical reasons. No risks were linked to the CR program itself.

Where is the study run from?

The Ibrahim Cardiac Hospital & Research Institute in Dhaka, Bangladesh.

When does the study start and how long will it run?

May 2024 to September 2024

Who is funding the study?

The study was funded by the University of Glasgow, UK, as part of a PhD research project.

Who is the main contact?

Md. Jamal Uddin, a PhD research student at the University of Glasgow, 2780885U@student.gla.ac.uk or uddinj83@gmail.com

Contact information

Type(s)

Public, Scientific, Principal investigator

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Additional identifiers

Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)

Nil known

Protocol serial number

Nil known

Study information

Scientific Title

Assessment of the Bangla Heart manual in patients with coronary heart disease and their caregivers in Bangladesh: a feasibility study

Study objectives

Study hypothesis was that the adapted Bangla Heart Manual was a feasible and acceptable home-based cardiac rehabilitation programme for people with CHD and their caregivers in Bangladesh.

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval(s)

approved 16/05/2024, Ethical Review Committee, Ibrahim Cardiac Hospital & Research Institute (Ibrahim Cardiac Hospital & Research Institute, 122, Kazi nazrul Islam Avenue, Shahbag, Dhaka, Dhaka-1000, Bangladesh; +88-02-41060451-58; info@ibrahimcardiac.org.bd), ref: Ref-ICHRI/Research/ERC/2024/05

Study design

Mixed-methods single-arm design with pre-post assessment of patient outcomes

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Quality of life, Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

CHD diagnosis defined as either a previous myocardial infarction (MI) or angina pectoris (AP) who were admitted in a hospital for an intended revascularisation intervention (angioplasty and or coronary artery bypass graft (CABG) procedures)

Interventions

The study employed a mixed-methods single-arm design with pre-post assessment of patient outcomes and qualitative interviews with healthcare staff involved in the intervention delivery, patients and caregivers. Patients were recruited from the Ibrahim Cardiac Hospital & Research Institute based in Dhaka, Bangladesh.

The Bangla Heart Manual is a home-based, health professional-facilitated, 6-week CR programme supporting self-care in patients with CHD. In brief, the Bangla Heart Manual includes the key elements of a comprehensive CR programme i.e. exercise training, psychological support, and education around self-management including medial therapy and healthy lifestyle.

Patients were introduced to the program by a physiotherapist in the hospital and received weekly phone calls to track their progress. Data on exercise capacity, quality of life, and psychological well-being were collected before and after the program. Patients and caregivers were also interviewed about their experiences.

Intervention Type

Behavioural

Primary outcome(s)

Feasibility:

1. Recruitment: the number of consented participants relative to the total number of eligible patients approached for consent, measured using screening logs at 1.5 months
2. Retention: the number of participants who complete the final study assessment relative to the total number of participants enrolled for the pilot trial, measured using study logs at 3-months follow-up
3. Adherence: the percentage completion of the Bangla Heart Manual intervention components measured using training logs at 6 weeks follow-up
4. Adverse events: adverse events (walking, exercise and daily activities time) measured using self-reporting and weekly check-in sessions at 6 weeks of follow-up

Acceptability:

1. Acceptability: participating patients and their caregivers' acceptability of the intervention and its delivery measured using a questionnaire and qualitative interviews at the end of the 6-week home-based cardiac rehabilitation programme
2. Satisfaction: the satisfaction of patients and their caregivers measured using a questionnaire (0 to 5 Likert scale) at the end of the 6-week home-based cardiac rehabilitation programme

Key secondary outcome(s)

1. Sociodemographic characteristics: details of patient's age, sex etc measured using self-reporting and medical records at baseline
2. Clinical characteristics: details of patient's clinical status measured using medical records at baseline
3. Exercise and functional capacity measured using Incremental Shuttle Walk Test (ISWT) at baseline and 6-weeks follow-up
4. Hospitalisation measured using self-reporting at 6 weeks follow-up period
5. Mortality measured using medical record at 6 weeks follow-up period
6. Patient reported outcomes will be measured using the Disease-specific Health-Related Quality of Life, (HRQoL), HeartQoL Bangla version questionnaire, Generic specific Health-Related Quality of Life, (HRQoL) and the Generic quality of life five-dimension EuroQol (EQ-5D-5L) Scale at baseline and 6-weeks follow-up
7. Psychological well-being measured using the Hospital Anxiety and Depression Scale (HADS) at baseline and 6-weeks follow-up

Completion date

30/09/2024

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Consecutive patients aged ≥ 18 years
2. A CHD diagnosis, defined as either a previous myocardial infarction (MI) or angina pectoris (AP)
3. Admitted to a hospital for an intended revascularisation intervention (angioplasty and or coronary artery bypass graft (CABG) procedures) between June and July 2024
4. Deemed suitable for CR participation by the clinical team

Participant type(s)

Carer, Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Mixed

Lower age limit

18 years

Upper age limit

80 years

Sex

All

Total final enrolment

33

Key exclusion criteria

1. Underwent emergency revascularization
2. Had undertaken CR within the last 12 months
3. Had contraindications to exercise testing or exercise training as part of their documented medical history
4. Were unwilling or unable to travel to the clinical site for their research assessments

Date of first enrolment

01/06/2024

Date of final enrolment

15/07/2024

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Bangladesh

Study participating centre

Ibrahim Cardiac Hospital & Research Institute

122, Kazi Nazrul Islam Avenue, Shahbag

Dhaka

Bangladesh

Dhaka-1000

Sponsor information

Organisation

Ibrahim Cardiac Hospital & Research Institute

ROR

<https://ror.org/008971d44>

Funder(s)

Funder type

University/education

Funder Name

University of Glasgow

Alternative Name(s)

The University of Glasgow

Funding Body Type

Private sector organisation

Funding Body Subtype

Universities (academic only)

Location

United Kingdom

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are/will be available upon request from the corresponding author, Md. Jamal Uddin, 2780885U@student.gla.ac.uk or uddinj83@gmail.com

IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article		30/03/2026	01/04/2026	Yes	No
Protocol (other)		09/11/2024	20/03/2025	No	No