

A study evaluating a focused electrical nerve stimulation device for pain relief in women after vaginal childbirth

Submission date 10/05/2026	Recruitment status Not yet recruiting	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 20/05/2026	Overall study status Ongoing	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 19/05/2026	Condition category Pregnancy and Childbirth	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Perineal injury is common following vaginal birth and can cause significant discomfort. Transcutaneous electrical nerve stimulation (TENS) is a non-invasive method that uses electrical impulses to relieve pain. This study aims to evaluate how well a novel, focused TENS device reduces early postpartum perineal pain and the need for extra pain medications after perineal repair.

Who can participate?

Women aged 18 years and older who have had a vaginal delivery of a single baby at 37 weeks or more and require perineal repair. Participants must not have had an epidural or have chronic pain conditions.

What does the study involve?

Participants will receive two 10-minute treatment sessions: one with an active TENS device and one with a sham (inactive) device. There will be a 4-hour break between the sessions. Pain levels will be measured at rest and during movement at 5 minutes, 1 hour, 2 hours, and 4 hours after each session.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

A possible benefit is that the focused TENS may help reduce pain when moving about after perineal repair. Possible risks include mild skin irritation or redness at the application site and temporary discomfort from the electrical stimulation.

Where is the study run from?

University of Malaya Medical Centre (UMMC) (Malaysia)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

May 2026 to December 2026

Who is funding the study?
Universiti Malaya (Malaysia)

Who is the main contact?
1. Dr Tay Jun Yan, yantay@ummc.edu.my, musicianay@gmail.com
2. Prof. Dr Tan Peng Chiong, pctan@um.edu.my

Contact information

Type(s)

Public, Principal investigator, Scientific

Contact name

Dr Tay Jun Yan

Contact details

Pusat Perubatan Universiti Malaya
Lembah Pantai
Kuala Lumpur
Malaysia
59100
+44 (0)165235158
yantay@ummc.edu.my

Additional identifiers

Study information

Scientific Title

Study of a novel focused transcutaneous nerve stimulation device for perineal pain in women undergoing vaginal delivery: a blinded randomised sham controlled trial

Study objectives

To evaluate the impact of TENS on perineal pain on movement post perineal repair using a 0-10 Numerical Rating Scale (NRS) at four timepoints: a) 5 minutes after completion of intervention, b) 1 hour, c) 2 hours and d) 4 hours.

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval(s)

approved 25/04/2026, Universiti Malaya Medical Centre-Medical Research Ethics Committee (UMMC-MREC) (Pusat Perubatan Universiti Malaya Lembah Pantai, Kuala Lumpur, 59100, Malaysia; +603 (0)7949 3209; ummc-mrec@ummc.edu.my), ref: 20251210-15989

Primary study design

Interventional

Allocation

Randomized controlled trial

Masking

Blinded (masking used)

Control

Placebo

Assignment

Crossover

Purpose

Treatment

Study type(s)

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Perineal pain in women undergoing vaginal delivery

Interventions

At the beginning of each trial intervention session:

1. Participants will receive a briefing that some electrotherapies do not generate sensations.
2. Participants will receive TENS at a starting intensity of 10 Hz and 5 mA on the dorsum of the hand (at the middle finger metacarpal area) for the participant to appreciate the TENS sensation. The frequency applied will be increased in 10 Hz increments until sensation can be felt. The device prongs will then be applied at the same output setting to the less sensitive sub-umbilical region to demonstrate that the sensation may or may not be felt at the sub-umbilical region when the TENS device is activated to help sustain the sham process.

Application method for TENS device:

The patient will be placed in the left lateral position with bilateral hip flexed to 90 degrees. Ischial tuberosities are then palpated transcutaneously. The surface marking for transcutaneous access is defined as the point immediately medial to the lowest portion of the ischial tuberosity. These points are then marked with an X using an erasable marker. Device prongs will be positioned in the horizontal plane on either side of the X marks perpendicular to the skin surface at a pressure sufficient to indent 50% of the prong bulbs into the soft tissue. Two TENS devices will be used to deliver stimulation simultaneously to the right and left sides, with each site receiving 10 minutes of treatment.

TENS-ON session: The TENS device output setting will be at:

1. Frequency: 10 Hz
2. Pulse width: Medium
3. Amplitude: 10 mA

Control SHAM session: The TENS device output setting will be at:

1. Frequency: 0 Hz
2. Pulse width: Medium
3. Amplitude: 0 mA

Randomization:

Randomization will be to:

1. TENS session followed by SHAM-CONTROL session after a 4-hour gap
or
2. SHAM-CONTROL session followed by TENS session after a 4-hour gap.

SHAM optimization:

1. All participants will be exposed to focused TENS device prongs set at an initial frequency of 10 Hz and 5 mA intensity to be delivered to the dorsum of the hand (at the middle finger metacarpal area) for the participant to appreciate the TENS sensation.
2. The frequency applied will be increased in 10 Hz increments until sensation can be felt. The device prongs will then be applied at the same output setting to the sub-umbilical region to demonstrate that the sensation may or may not be felt at the sub-umbilical region when the TENS device is activated to help sustain the sham process.

Intervention Type

Device

Phase

Not Applicable

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Focused transcutaneous nerve stimulation (TENS) device

Primary outcome(s)

1. Perineal pain on movement measured using 0 - 10 numerical rating scale (NRS) at 5 minutes after completion of intervention session, 1 hour, 2 hours and 4 hours

Key secondary outcome(s)

1. Perineal pain score at rest measured using 0 - 10 numerical rating scale (NRS) at 5 minutes after completion of intervention session, 1 hour, 2 hours and 4 hours

Completion date

31/12/2026

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Age \geq 18 years
2. Singleton pregnancy
3. Term gestation \geq 37 weeks
4. Viable pregnancy
5. Cephalic presentation
6. Vaginal delivery
7. Perineal injury requiring repair
8. Initial intervention within 2 hours of completion of repair

Healthy volunteers allowed

Yes

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 years

Upper age limit

47 years

Sex

Female

Total final enrolment

0

Key exclusion criteria

1. Epidural analgesia
2. Chronic pain conditions requiring ongoing analgesic therapy
3. Obstetric anal sphincter injury
4. Contraindications to TENS (e.g., cardiac pacemaker, skin lesions at electrode sites)

Date of first enrolment

25/05/2026

Date of final enrolment

31/12/2026

Locations**Countries of recruitment**

Malaysia

Sponsor information**Organisation**

University Malaya Medical Centre

ROR

<https://ror.org/00vkrxq08>

Funder(s)**Funder type****Funder Name**

Universiti Malaya

Alternative Name(s)

University of Malaya, University Malaya, Malayan University, King Edward VII College of Medicine, Raffles College, University of Malaya in Singapore, , , , UM

Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

Universities (academic only)

Location

Malaysia

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not expected to be made available

Study outputs

Output type

[Participant information sheet](#)

Details

Date created

Date added

11/05/2026

Peer reviewed?

No

Patient-facing?

Yes