

# Aneurysm WAtch coRonary artEry study

<b>Submission date</b> 31/12/2024	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 04/02/2025	<b>Overall study status</b> Ongoing	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 04/02/2025	<b>Condition category</b> Circulatory System	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

## Plain English summary of protocol

### Background and study aims

Coronary artery ectasias and aneurysms (CAEA) are when parts of the coronary arteries are abnormally widened. These are found in 2-7% of patients who undergo tests for heart issues. Evidence suggests that up to 10% of patients with CAEA may experience serious heart problems each year, with heart attacks often being the first sign of CAEA. About 5% of heart attack patients have aneurysms (a bulge in the blood vessel wall) in the affected artery. We don't know much about the long-term outcomes for CAEA, and no detailed studies have been done yet. This study aims to find out whether patients with CAEA have worse long-term outcomes (measured by overall death rates) compared to similar patients without CAEA.

### Who can participate?

Patients aged 18 years or older with CAEA diagnosed via coronary angiography (cases) and matched patients without CAEA

### What does the study involve?

This is an observational, non-interventional study. Follow-up data of participants, including mortality and major adverse cardiovascular events (MACE), is obtained via clinical visits, telephone contact with the patients' families, and the National Registry of Births and Deaths.

### What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Participation in the study does not bring any additional risk to the patients or controls. Participants face no direct medical benefit as the study does not alter their care. However, participation in the study offers the benefit of contributing to scientific knowledge and improved healthcare practices.

### Where is the study run from?

The study will be conducted at St. John Paul II Hospital, Krakow, Poland

### When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

June 2007 to December 2028

Who is funding the study?

1. Jagiellonian University Medical College, Krakow, Poland
2. National Science Centre, Krakow, Poland
3. St John Paul II Hospital, Krakow, Poland

Who is the main contact?

1. Prof. Piotr Musiałek, MD, DPhil, piotr.musialek@uj.edu.pl
2. Jakub Chmiel, MD, jakub.chmiel@uj.edu.pl, jakubandrzejchmiel@gmail.com

## Contact information

### Type(s)

Principal investigator

### Contact name

Prof Piotr Musialek

### Contact details

Pradnicka 80  
Krakow  
Poland  
31-202  
+48126142287  
p.musialek@szpitaljp2.krakow.pl

### Type(s)

Public, Scientific

### Contact name

Dr Jakub Chmiel

### Contact details

Pradnicka 80  
Krakow  
Poland  
31-202  
+48126142287  
j.chmiel@szpitaljp2.krakow.pl

## Additional identifiers

### Protocol serial number

U1C/W41/NO/28.26

## Study information

### Scientific Title

Aneurysm WATCH coRonary artEry study (AWARE-ANEURYSM): matched-pair clinical follow-up analysis from a prospective database of 10,918 patients undergoing coronary angiography

## **Acronym**

AWARE-ANEURYSM

## **Study objectives**

The study tests the hypothesis that clinical course (with all-cause mortality as primary endpoint) may be worse in patients with aneurysmal coronary artery disease (in presence or absence of atherosclerotic coronary disease) than in clinically and angiographically matched patients without aneurysmal coronary artery.

## **Ethics approval required**

Ethics approval required

## **Ethics approval(s)**

approved 28/03/2018, Jagiellonian University Bioethics Committee (Skawinska 8, Krakow, 31-066, Poland; +4812 4332743; komisja\_bioetyczna@cm-uj.krakow.pl), ref: 1072.6120.64.2018

## **Study design**

Single-centre case-control study

## **Primary study design**

Observational

## **Study type(s)**

Other

## **Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

Aneurysmal coronary artery disease, Coronary artery aneurysm, Coronary artery ectasia

## **Interventions**

AWARE-ANEURYSM is a study of coronary artery ectasias and aneurysms (CAEA) natural history modified by procedures performed as per medical requirements (guideline-based medical standards). There are no protocol differences in management between study groups. Patients receive their usual care. Follow-up data of participants, including mortality and major adverse cardiovascular events (MACE), is obtained via clinical visits, telephone contact with the patients' families, as well as via national and local databases.

## **Study group**

Participant inclusion criteria:

Control group

## **Intervention Type**

Other

## **Primary outcome(s)**

All-cause mortality verified through the databases of the National Registry of Births and Deaths (Central Statistical Office, Warsaw, Poland) and St. John Paul II Hospital, Kraków, Poland, in Q4 2028

## **Key secondary outcome(s)**

Major adverse cardiovascular events (death, nonfatal myocardial infarction, nonfatal stroke), data recorded in the databases of St. John Paul II Hospital, Kraków, Poland, and/or obtained via clinical visits or telephone contact with the patients' families in Q4 2028

**Completion date**

31/12/2028

## Eligibility

**Key inclusion criteria**

Cases:

1. All-comer patients with CAEA (defined as the presence of coronary artery dilation that exceeds the adjacent segment diameter by at least 50%) diagnosed via coronary artery angiography.
2. Age over 18 years

Controls:

(CAG and clinical-matched) participants without aneurysmal coronary artery disease. Best-match patients based on: gender, age, type 2 diabetes, history of myocardial infarction, left ventricular impairment, presence and location of coronary artery stenoses, and history of coronary revascularization (percutaneous coronary intervention or coronary artery bypass grafting).

**Participant type(s)**

Healthy volunteer, Patient

**Healthy volunteers allowed**

No

**Age group**

Adult

**Lower age limit**

18 years

**Sex**

All

**Total final enrolment**

506

**Key exclusion criteria**

Not meeting the participant inclusion criteria

**Date of first enrolment**

04/01/2008

**Date of final enrolment**

27/12/2017

# Locations

## Countries of recruitment

Poland

## Study participating centre

Department for Cardiac and Vascular Diseases, Jagiellonian University Medical College, St. John Paul II Hospital

Pradnicka 80

Krakow

Poland

31-202

# Sponsor information

## Organisation

Jagiellonian University

## ROR

<https://ror.org/03bqmcz70>

## Organisation

National Science Centre Poland

## Organisation

John Paul II Hospital

## ROR

<https://ror.org/01apd5369>

# Funder(s)

## Funder type

Hospital/treatment centre

## Funder Name

Uniwersytet Jagielloński Collegium Medicum

**Alternative Name(s)**

Jagiellonian University Medical College

**Funding Body Type**

Private sector organisation

**Funding Body Subtype**

Universities (academic only)

**Location**

Poland

**Funder Name**

John Paul II Hospital Research Fund

## Results and Publications

**Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan**

According to the National Science Centre (Poland) data sharing policy data sharing is obligatory and the final database will be made available upon completion of the project.

**IPD sharing plan summary**

Stored in non-publicly available repository, Available on request