

# Using a neuroprotective drug to treat patients who have a serious type of brain bleeding caused by a rupture of a weakened blood vessel (aneurysm)

<b>Submission date</b> 28/06/2023	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 10/07/2023	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 07/07/2023	<b>Condition category</b> Circulatory System	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

## Plain English summary of protocol

### Background and study aims

Aneurysmal subarachnoid hemorrhage (aSAH) is a very dangerous condition that can be life-threatening, even with prompt and intensive treatment. Around 15% of patients don't survive long enough to reach the hospital, and about 30% still die despite receiving the right treatment. For patients who have a more severe initial condition (measured using the Hunt Hess scale), this percentage can rise to 80%. Using neuroprotective drugs as an additional form of treatment has shown potential for improving the outcome in these cases.

### Who can participate?

Adult patients with aneurysmal SAH and Hunt Hess grade 3 or more.

### What does the study involve?

In addition to the standard treatment and monitoring, the study includes the use of a neuroprotective drug called Cerebrolysin as an additional therapy. The dosage prescribed is 30 ml per day for a duration of 10 days.

### What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The potential benefit of this therapy is its neuroprotective effect, which can help reduce neuroinflammation and decrease the presence of harmful free radicals in the brain. The desired outcome is an improvement in functional recovery that exceeds expectations for this group of high-risk patients. As of now, there are no known risks associated with this therapy.

### Where is the study run from?

University Hospital Zagreb, Department of Neurology (Croatia)

### When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

March 2021 to January 2025

Who is funding the study?  
Investigator initiated and funded

Who is the main contact?  
Prof Dr Zdravka Poljakovic, zdravka.po@gmail.com

## Contact information

### Type(s)

Principal investigator

### Contact name

Prof Zdravka Poljakovic

### ORCID ID

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## Additional identifiers

## Study information

### Scientific Title

Cerebrolysin as add-on therapy in patients with high Hunt-Hess grade subarachnoidal hemorrhage

### Acronym

CERESAH

### Study objectives

Hypothesis:

Cerebrolysin as an add-on drug improves the 90-day functional outcome in patients with subarachnoidal haemorrhage and initial Hunt-Hess grade III and higher.

Aim of the study:

To investigate the efficacy and safety of Cerebrolysin as an add-on therapy in patients with HH grade III and higher.

### Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

### Ethics approval(s)

approved 14/06/2021, Ethics committee of University Hospital Zagreb (Kispaticeva 12, Zagreb, 10000, Croatia; +385-1-2388888; kbc-zagreb@kbc-zagreb.hr), ref: 8.1.-21/142-1

## **Study design**

Single center observational longitudinal case-control study during a 90 day follow-up period

## **Primary study design**

Observational

## **Study type(s)**

Treatment

## **Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

Neuroprotection in patients with severe aneurysmal subarachnoidal haemorrhage after endovascular treatment of ruptured aneurysm

## **Interventions**

Patients with aneurysmal SAH and initial Hunt-Hess grade of 3 and more and secured aneurysm by endovascular approach will be included in the study and routinely treated during hospital stay. All patients will receive approved neuroprotective agent, Cerebrolysine (30 ml/day during 10 days) together with routine care. The diagnostic follow-up will be performed according to the routine protocol, and will include standard hemodynamic monitoring, TCD monitoring, ICP monitoring if required, EVD if required, intraventricular thrombolysis if required and routine neuroimaging. Patients will be then evaluated for their functional status 90 days after the bleeding. Functional outcome will be compared with literature data for the same group of patients with severe subarachnoidal bleeding.

## **Intervention Type**

Drug

## **Phase**

Phase IV

## **Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)**

Cerebrolysine

## **Primary outcome(s)**

Functional outcome of the patients measured with mRS 90 days after the bleeding

## **Key secondary outcome(s)**

1. Development of delayed neurological deficit during 21 days after the bleeding, verified by neuroimaging
2. Development of the vasospasms during 14 days after the bleeding during TCD monitoring
3. Mortality after 90 days measured using patient records
4. Safety of Cerebrolysine (adverse events) up to end of study

## **Completion date**

01/01/2025

# Eligibility

## Key inclusion criteria

1. Aneurysmal subarachnoidal haemorrhage
2. Initial Hunt-Hess grade 3 or higher
3. Endovascularly secured aneurysm
4. Availability to add-on treatment not more than 24 hours after embolisation

## Participant type(s)

Patient

## Healthy volunteers allowed

No

## Age group

Adult

## Lower age limit

18 years

## Upper age limit

70 years

## Sex

All

## Key exclusion criteria

1. Known allergy to Cerebrolysin
2. Refusal of participation in the study

## Date of first enrolment

01/09/2021

## Date of final enrolment

01/01/2024

# Locations

## Countries of recruitment

Croatia

## Study participating centre

University Hospital Zagreb, Department of Neurology

Kispaticeva 12

Zagreb

Croatia

10000

# Sponsor information

## Organisation

University Hospital Centre Zagreb

## ROR

<https://ror.org/00r9vb833>

# Funder(s)

## Funder type

Other

## Funder Name

Investigator initiated and funded

# Results and Publications

## Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated and analysed during the current study will be available upon request form to Zdravka Poljakovic, [zdravka.po@gmail.com](mailto:zdravka.po@gmail.com)

The data which can be available are:

demographic data (blinded)

clinical data about the initial HH grade

clinical data about the aSAH treatment

Neuroimaging

TCD monitoring

safety data

early mRS -by discharge from the hospital

final mRS - 90 days after the initial bleeding

mortality data

relevant diagnostic work-up data if applicable (ICP, TCD, EVD; ivthrombolysis, etc)

## IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

## Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">Participant information sheet</a>	in Croatian		07/07/2023	No	Yes
<a href="#">Protocol file</a>			07/07/2023	No	No