

# Therapeutic drug monitoring of linezolid in Chinese patients

<b>Submission date</b> 27/08/2024	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 27/08/2024	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 27/08/2024	<b>Condition category</b> Other	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

## Plain English summary of protocol

### Background and study aims

Linezolid is an antibiotic with a wide spectrum of antibacterial properties. There is still controversy over the individualized dosing regimen of linezolid. Therefore, it is particularly important to conduct studies in the Chinese patient population to determine the optimal therapeutic drug monitoring concentration range of linezolid and identify the risk factors for adverse reactions. This study established a research cohort for drug monitoring of linezolid treatment through a nationwide multicenter collaboration.

### Who can participate?

Patients aged 18 years and over currently receiving treatment with linezolid

### What does the study involve?

This study involved collecting blood samples from patients for 2 days, 6 times, and conducting a 28-day follow-up.

### What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

This study can help us find the optimal concentration range of linezolid and prevent adverse reactions. The risk of this study is relatively low, with the majority of risks being the possibility of slight discomfort during blood collection.

### Where is the study run from?

Changxing People's Hospital (China)

### When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

December 2023 to September 2025

### Who is funding the study?

1. Zhejiang Pharmaceutical Association (China)
2. Key Laboratory of Intelligent Pharmacy and Individualized Therapy of Huzhou (China)

### Who is the main contact?

Bin Lin, lb\_wzmc@126.com

# Contact information

## Type(s)

Public, Scientific, Principal investigator

## Contact name

Mr Bin Lin

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# Additional identifiers

## Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)

Nil known

## Protocol serial number

KY-IIT-20240701

# Study information

## Scientific Title

Therapeutic drug monitoring of linezolid in Chinese patients: a prospective, multicenter, observational study

## Acronym

TULIP

## Study objectives

Clarify the safety of linezolid C<sub>ss</sub> in the Chinese patient population at 2-8 mg/L, as well as the increased risk of blood toxicity beyond 8 mg/L.

## Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

## Ethics approval(s)

approved 16/08/2024, Changxing People's Hospital Ethics Committee for Clinical Research (2F-6# Building, No. 66 Taihu Road, Changxing, 313100, China; +86 (0)13511248946; cxmedethics@126.com), ref: 2024-EC-070

**Study design**

Prospective multicenter observational study

**Primary study design**

Observational

**Study type(s)**

Safety

**Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

Patients receiving treatment with linezolid

**Interventions**

This study collected three venous blood samples from patients on the 3rd and 7th day after receiving linezolid treatment, 30 minutes before the start of administration (trough concentration,  $C_{min}$ ), 30 minutes after the end of infusion (peak concentration,  $C_{max}$ ), and 3 hours after the end of infusion. Continuous follow-up for 28 days to observe the occurrence of adverse events.

**Intervention Type**

Drug

**Phase**

Not Applicable

**Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)**

Linezolid

**Primary outcome(s)**

1. Steady-state concentration ( $C_{ss}$ ) of linezolid measured using UPLC-MS/MS on the 3rd and 7th day after medication
2. Incidence of thrombocytopenia evaluated through blood routine and adverse reaction records during the treatment period from the first day to the 28th day after medication
3. Incidence of anemia evaluated through blood routine and adverse reaction records during the treatment period from the first day to the 28th day after medication
4. Incidence of leukopenia evaluated through blood routine and adverse reaction records during the treatment period from the first day to the 28th day after medication
5. Incidence of other adverse reactions evaluated through blood routine and adverse reaction records during the treatment period from the first day to the 28th day after medication

**Key secondary outcome(s)**

1. Creatinine clearance rate measured using picric acid method on the 3rd and 7th day after medication
2. Duration of linezolid use recorded using case report form (CRF) during the treatment cycle
3. Concomitant use of other antibiotics recorded using case report form (CRF) during the treatment cycle
4. Underlying diseases recorded using case report form (CRF) during the treatment cycle
5. Neutrophil levels measured using automatic classification and counting method for blood cells on the 3rd and 7th day after medication
6. CRP levels measured using immunoturbidimetry on the 3rd and 7th day after medication
7. Procalcitonin levels measured using enzyme immunoassay on the 3rd and 7th day after

medication

8. IL-6 levels measured using enzyme immunoassay on the 3rd and 7th day after medication

**Completion date**

30/09/2025

## Eligibility

**Key inclusion criteria**

1. Age  $\geq 18$  years old, male or female
2. Received intravenous anti-infective treatment with linezolid for suspected or confirmed Gram-positive bacterial infection, and should be treated for at least 2 days upon inclusion
3. Patients willing to undergo therapeutic drug monitoring

**Participant type(s)**

Patient

**Healthy volunteers allowed**

No

**Age group**

Adult

**Lower age limit**

18 years

**Sex**

All

**Key exclusion criteria**

1. Previously received treatment with linezolid (either orally or intravenously) within the past month
2. Pregnant women
3. Child patients
4. Patients who refuse to be enrolled or are unable to obtain blood samples due to reasons such as unwillingness to cooperate with their family members
5. The patient's condition is critical and the estimated survival time is less than 48 hours

**Date of first enrolment**

01/09/2024

**Date of final enrolment**

31/08/2025

## Locations

**Countries of recruitment**

China

**Study participating centre**  
**Changxing People's Hospital**  
No. 66 Taihu Road  
Changxing  
China  
313100

**Study participating centre**  
**Ren Ji Hospital, Shanghai Jiao Tong University School of Medicine**  
160 Pujian Road  
Shanghai  
China  
200127

**Study participating centre**  
**The Second Affiliated Hospital of Xi'an Jiaotong University**  
157 West Fifth Road  
Xi'an  
China  
710004

**Study participating centre**  
**The First Affiliated Hospital of Wenzhou Medical University**  
Shangcai Nanbaixiang  
Wenzhou  
China  
325000

**Study participating centre**  
**Ruijin Hospital, Shanghai Jiao Tong University School of Medicine**  
197 Ruijiner Road  
Shanghai  
China  
200025

## **Sponsor information**

**Organisation**  
Zhejiang Pharmaceutical Association

**Organisation**

Key Laboratory of Intelligent Pharmacy and Individualized Therapy of Huzhou

**Funder(s)****Funder type**

Other

**Funder Name**

Zhejiang Pharmaceutical Association

**Alternative Name(s)**

, ZIPA

**Funding Body Type**

Private sector organisation

**Funding Body Subtype**

Associations and societies (private and public)

**Location**

China

**Funder Name**

Key Laboratory of Intelligent Pharmacy and Individualized Therapy of Huzhou

**Results and Publications****Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan**

The datasets generated and/or analysed during the current study will be published as a supplement to the results publication.

**IPD sharing plan summary**

Published as a supplement to the results publication