

A randomised trial of zoladex plus raloxifene plus screening versus screening alone for the prevention of breast cancer in premenopausal women at high genetic risk

Submission date 01/07/2001	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	☐ Prospectively registered
		☐ Protocol
Registration date 01/07/2001	Overall study status Completed	☐ Statistical analysis plan
		☒ Results
Last Edited 28/01/2019	Condition category Cancer	☐ Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Prof Anthony Howell

Contact details

School of Cancer and Enabling Sciences
University of Manchester
The Christie NHS Foundation Trust
550 Wilmslow Road
Manchester
United Kingdom
M20 4BX
+44 (0)161 446 8037
anthony.howell@christie.nhs.uk

Additional identifiers

ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

NCT00031850

Protocol serial number

Study information

Scientific Title

A randomised trial of zoladex plus raloxifene plus screening versus screening alone for the prevention of breast cancer in premenopausal women at high genetic risk

Study objectives

Not provided at time of registration

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Primary study design

Interventional

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study type(s)

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Breast cancer

Interventions

4 weeks of raloxifene tablets to be taken once daily given at visit for Zoladex injection. Zoladex 3.6 g/month plus raloxifene 60 mg/day versus No medical treatment

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Specified

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Zoladex, Raloxifene

Primary outcome(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Key secondary outcome(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Completion date

31/05/2005

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Aged 30-45 years at time of randomisation
2. Intact ovarian function; follicle-stimulating hormone (FSH) in premenopausal range if not menstruating
3. High genetic risk of breast cancer established by:
 - a) BRCA1 germ-line mutation
 - b) BRCA2 germ-line mutation
 - c) first-degree relative of known BRCA1/2 mutation carrier
 - d) family with four or more affected relatives with female or male breast cancer or ovarian cancer below age 60
 - e) two first-degree relatives diagnosed with breast cancer below age 40
 - f) p53 germ-line mutation (classical Li-Fraumeni syndrome [LFS] only) or first-degree relative of a carrier in a family with classical LFS
 - g) risk equivalent to the above confirmed by a clinical geneticist
4. Baseline mammography which shows no evidence of breast cancer. Malignancy of suspicious lesions must be excluded
5. Acceptable liver and renal function
6. Accessible for follow-up
7. Life expectancy >10 years
8. Informed consent
9. If heterosexually active use of non-hormonal contraception

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Sex

Female

Key exclusion criteria

Not provided at time of registration

Date of first enrolment

01/05/2000

Date of final enrolment

31/05/2005

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre
School of Cancer and Enabling Sciences
Manchester
United Kingdom
M20 4BX

Sponsor information

Organisation
Cancer Research UK (CRUK) (UK)

ROR
<https://ror.org/054225q67>

Funder(s)

Funder type
Charity

Funder Name
Cancer Research UK

Alternative Name(s)
CR_UK, Cancer Research UK - London, Cancer Research UK (CRUK), CRUK

Funding Body Type
Private sector organisation

Funding Body Subtype
Other non-profit organizations

Location
United Kingdom

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/01/2018	28/01/2019	Yes	No
Study website	Study website	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes