

# EPAS: Epidural versus Picra for Abdominal Surgery

<b>Submission date</b> 19/12/2007	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
		<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 10/12/2008	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 10/12/2008	<b>Condition category</b> Surgery	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data
		<input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

**Plain English summary of protocol**  
Not provided at time of registration

## Contact information

**Type(s)**  
Scientific

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## Additional identifiers

**Protocol serial number**  
H07-02916

## Study information

**Scientific Title**  
Comparison of epidural catheters versus surgical wound catheters for analgesia after major hepatobiliary and pancreatic surgeries

**Acronym**  
EPAS

## **Study objectives**

We hypothesise that surgical wound catheters with patient controlled anaesthesia are equivalent to epidural catheters with patient controlled anaesthesia with respect to post-operative pain, complications and return to function.

## **Ethics approval required**

Old ethics approval format

## **Ethics approval(s)**

Ethics approval pending as of 19/12/2007 from:

1. University of British Columbia
2. Vancouver Coastal Health

## **Study design**

Randomised, prospective controlled trial

## **Primary study design**

Interventional

## **Study type(s)**

Treatment

## **Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

Major hepatobiliary and pancreatic surgeries

## **Interventions**

Epidural catheters and surgical wound catheters.

On the day of surgery, the patient will be randomised to either the epidural or wound catheter. The wound catheter will be placed by the attending surgeon at the end of the procedure, while the epidural will be placed by the anaesthesiologist at the beginning of the procedure. Both groups will also be equipped with patient controlled analgesia (PCA). Our Post-operative Pain Service (POPS) will monitor the pain control of these patients and make adjustments regarding the rate of infusion of both these devices. The removal of the devices will be left at the discretion of the attending anaesthesiologist on POPS, which generally is between 2 - 5 days. The duration of follow up and the intervention will be the length of the patient's inpatient stay, which is obviously individualised for each patient.

## **Intervention Type**

Procedure/Surgery

## **Phase**

Not Specified

## **Primary outcome(s)**

The total amount of analgesic used as determined by the patient controlled anaesthesia pump. This will be assessed via each patient's post-operative analgesia sheet, which is a common method in our hospital, commonly used by our nursing staff.

## **Key secondary outcome(s)**

1. The subjective scores of the post-operative pain, monitored via a Visual Analogue Scale (1 - 10) twice daily (BID)
2. Total time requiring the epidural or wound catheter
3. Total length of hospitalisation
4. Level of ambulation and activity, recorded by nursing staff on analgesic sheets
5. Time for return of full diet, recorded by nursing staff on analgesic sheets
6. Time for return of full gastrointestinal function, recorded by nursing staff on analgesic sheets

**Completion date**

01/02/2008

## Eligibility

**Key inclusion criteria**

Patients will be eligible to be enrolled in the study only after each of the following criteria are met:

1. Aged greater than or equal to 18 years, either sex
2. Cheyne abdominal incision used
3. Pre-operative International Normalised Ratio (INR) less than or equal to 1.3
4. Pre-operative platelet count greater than or equal to 100,000/uL
5. No prior epigastric incision
6. Body mass index (BMI) less than 30 kg/m<sup>2</sup>
7. No signs of systemic sepsis
8. No allergies to agents or medications
9. Willingness to accept either surgical wound catheter or epidural catheters

**Participant type(s)**

Patient

**Healthy volunteers allowed**

No

**Age group**

Adult

**Lower age limit**

18 years

**Sex**

All

**Key exclusion criteria**

Does not meet the inclusion criteria

**Date of first enrolment**

01/02/2008

**Date of final enrolment**

01/02/2008

## Locations

### Countries of recruitment

Canada

### Study participating centre

Gordon & Leslie Diamond Health Care Center

Vancouver

Canada

V5Z 1M9

## Sponsor information

### Organisation

University of British Columbia (Canada)

### ROR

<https://ror.org/03rmrcq20>

## Funder(s)

### Funder type

Other

### Funder Name

Investigator initiated and funded (Canada) - no external funding will be sought

## Results and Publications

### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

### IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration