

Improving the success rate of apicectomies by using Mineral Trioxide Aggregate

Submission date 23/01/2004	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
		<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 23/01/2004	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 03/12/2008	Condition category Oral Health	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol
Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number
REC00096

Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

The aim of the project is to improve the success rate of apicectomy with root-end filing, a procedure used to manage teeth for which root canal treatment has failed, resulting in continued alveolar infection. This is a widespread form of treatment. The success rate reported in a number of studies is little better than chance. Intensive research in the last 5 years has indicated the mechanisms of failure of this treatment, and potential ways to avoid it. Too often infection remains inside the tooth. Treatment techniques have been modified to clean the tooth better and to reduce communication between the inside of the tooth and the body tissues. There is a need to investigate the success rate of the modified procedure in patients to see if it fulfils the initial results of the laboratory research.

It is planned to recruit patients who require apicectomy according to specific criteria of indication. A total of 320 patients will be randomly allocated to two groups; the control group will have root-end resection with minimal bevelling followed by ultrasonic cavity preparation, and then filling with what is now the current material, IRM; the experimental group will have similar treatment except that the filling material will be the newly developed Mineral Trioxide Aggregate (MTA). The MTA has very good sealing properties and biocompatibility. The teeth will be reviewed at 1 and 2 years post-operatively for clinical and radiological signs of healing or failure, according to specific criteria. The proportions of teeth successful in the two groups will be compared using statistical methods.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Primary study design

Interventional

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study type(s)

Not Specified

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Oral health/stomatognathic diseases: Oral health/stomatognathic diseases

Interventions

1. (Experimental group) root-end resection with minimal bevelling followed by ultrasonic cavity preparation, and the filling material will be the newly developed Mineral Trioxide Aggregate (MTA).
2. (Control group) root-end resection with minimal bevelling followed by ultrasonic cavity preparation, and then filling with what is now the current material, intermediate restorative material (IRM).

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome(s)

External assessment of degree of healing observed in post-operative radiographs.

Key secondary outcome(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Completion date

01/06/2002

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Adult patients who are referred to Guy's Hospital for apicectomy will be invited to participate. The entry criteria will be that the tooth has apical periodontitis, the tooth could not be adequately and better managed by root canal retreatment, the tooth has an adequate root canal filling, the crown of the tooth is adequately restored, and periodontal probing depths <4 mm except for a unilocular sinus tract.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Not Specified

Sex

Not Specified

Key exclusion criteria

Not provided at time of registration

Date of first enrolment

01/06/1997

Date of final enrolment

01/06/2002

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre

UMDS
London
United Kingdom
SE1 9RT

Sponsor information

Organisation

NHS R&D Regional Programme Register - Department of Health (UK)

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

NHS Executive London (UK)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/08/2003		Yes	No