

Purity, disgust, and intent to receive the HPV vaccine

Submission date 09/01/2019	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	☐ Prospectively registered
		☐ Protocol
Registration date 18/01/2019	Overall study status Completed	☐ Statistical analysis plan
		☐ Results
Last Edited 03/09/2019	Condition category Urological and Genital Diseases	☐ Individual participant data
		☐ Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

High human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccination rates are key to decreasing the burden of HPV-related diseases. Most messages that promote HPV vaccination to college-aged individuals focus on the long-term consequences of HPV infection. Messages that focus more on short-term consequences of HPV infection may be more effective in this age group. The aim of this study is to see if a message focusing more on the short-term consequences of HPV infection, like genital warts, might increase a person's intent to receive the HPV vaccine.

Who can participate?

Anyone who is between 18 and 23 years of age, lives in the United States, and has not completed the HPV vaccine series

What does the study involve?

Participation involves completing a short survey (5-10 minutes), viewing of a message with some pictures, and then completing another survey (15-20 minutes). Participants are randomly allocated to view either a message containing an image of a bird on a feeder and a brief description of birdfeeding, or a message containing images of genital warts and a brief description of a Tinder date leading to HPV infection. Intent to receive the HPV vaccine is measured using a survey immediately after the message has been reviewed by the participant.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The study is not intended to directly benefit participants. The risks in the study are likely to be small. There is a possibility of viewing images of a graphic nature, which some people may find disturbing. There is always a small chance that confidentiality will be broken despite extensive procedures to preserve confidentiality.

Where is the study run from?

The study is being run from Emory University (USA), but all study procedures (questionnaires and messages) take place online.

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

June 2017 to September 2019 (updated 20/06/2019, previously: June 2019)

Who is funding the study?
Emory University (USA)

Who is the main contact?
Avnika Amin

Contact information

Type(s)
Public

Contact name
Ms Avnika Amin

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1518 Clifton Rd
Atlanta
United States of America
30322

Type(s)
Scientific

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number
IRB00104624

Study information

Scientific Title
HPV, genital warts, and purity: college-aged individuals' perceptions of HPV and intention to receive the HPV vaccine

Study objectives
Participants who read the interventional message will have a higher intent to receive HPV vaccine than participants who read the control message.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Emory University Institutional Review Board, 1599 Clifton Road NE, 5th Floor, Atlanta, GA 30322, USA, Tel: +1 (0)404 712 0720, Email: IRB@emory.edu, 11/12/2018, ref: IRB00104624

Study design

This interventional study will randomize participants to receive either a visual message related to birdfeeding (control) or a visual message describing the consequences of HPV infection.

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Prevention

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Intent to receive HPV vaccine

Interventions

Participants will be randomized using a Qualtrics algorithm. The algorithm randomly presents either the control or experimental visual message while ensuring that control and experimental group numbers are approximately balanced.

This interventional study will randomize participants to receive either:

Control: a visual message containing an image of a bird on a feeder and a brief description of birdfeeding.

Intervention: a visual message containing images of genital warts and a brief description of a Tinder date leading to HPV infection.

Intervention Type

Behavioural

Primary outcome(s)

Intent to receive the HPV vaccine, measured once during a post-intervention survey administered immediately after the visual message has been reviewed by the participant. The method of measurement for the primary outcome is a single question asking if the participants intends to initiate (if they have received 0 HPV vaccine doses) or continue (if they have received 1-2 HPV vaccine doses) the HPV vaccine series.

Key secondary outcome(s))

Clicks on a link helping to locate the nearest vaccine clinic, measured using embedded data in the online survey administered immediately after the visual message has been reviewed by the participant.

Completion date

15/09/2019

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Between 18 and 23 years of age (inclusive)
2. Resident of the United States
3. Has received no more than 2 doses of the HPV vaccine

Participant type(s)

Healthy volunteer

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 years

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

1. Has completed the HPV vaccine series (3 or more doses)
2. Has already completed the survey

Date of first enrolment

15/01/2019

Date of final enrolment

15/08/2019

Locations**Countries of recruitment**

United States of America

Study participating centre

Emory University Rollins School of Public Health

1518 Clifton Rd

Atlanta

United States of America

30322

Sponsor information**Organisation**

Emory University Rollins School of Public Health

ROR

<https://ror.org/03czfpz43>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Other

Funder Name

Investigator initiated and funded

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

Data will be available upon request from Avnika Amin to legitimate researchers with a brief, methodologically sound proposal. This includes de-identified individual participant data used to generate the results reported. The data will be available within one month of publication of the manuscript. After approval, data will be shared via a link (to be provided) and should only be used for the aims detailed in the approved proposals.

IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request