

# Hybrid ablation of atrial fibrillation in heart failure

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<b>Registration date</b> 05/11/2025	<b>Overall study status</b> Ongoing	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 05/11/2025	<b>Condition category</b> Circulatory System	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

## Plain English summary of protocol

### Background and study aims

Atrial fibrillation is associated with significant symptoms, impairment of quality of life and morbidity, particularly when it co-exists with impaired left ventricular function (heart failure). At present, patients with AF who are candidates for AF ablation can be offered either Hybrid AF ablation or catheter ablation as part of their usual care. The objective of this study is to evaluate the safety and efficacy of convergent hybrid ablation when compared to standard catheter ablation. As part of the trial, patients will be randomly allocated to one treatment, and data will be collected to ascertain whether one procedure is superior.

### Who can participate?

Adult patients with persistent AF who would be routinely referred for AF ablation as part of their usual care.

### What does the study involve?

Participants will undergo AF ablation either with Convergent Hybrid AF ablation (two-stage, epicardial and endocardial ablation) or with standard catheter ablation (single-stage, groin-only). The interventions that are being performed within this trial are the same as the routinely offered procedures to patients in clinical care. Following the procedure, data will be collected for up to 24 months to ascertain the response to treatment.

### What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The treatments are the same as those received as part of usual care. Patients will benefit from contact with a dedicated research team and follow-up.

### Where is the study run from?

St George's University Hospital, UK.

### When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

July 2021 to May 2027

### Who is funding the study?

Investigator initiated and funded. Supported by Atricure

Who is the main contact?

Dr Riyaz A Kaba, rkaba@sgul.ac.uk

Dr Omar Ahmed, m2109536@sgul.ac.uk

## Contact information

### Type(s)

Scientific, Principal investigator

### Contact name

Dr Riyaz Kaba

### Contact details

St George's Hospital NHS Trust

London

United Kingdom

SW17 0QT

+44 (0)20 8725 4571

rkaba@sgul.ac.uk

### Type(s)

Scientific, Principal investigator

### Contact name

Dr Omar Ahmed

### ORCID ID

<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-4416-8986>

### Contact details

St George's Hospital NHS Trust

London

United Kingdom

SW17 0QT

+44 (0)20 8725 4571

m2109536@sgul.ac.uk

### Type(s)

Public

### Contact name

Mrs Rosie Jacobs

### Contact details

St George's University Hospital NHS Trust

London

United Kingdom

SW17 0QT

+44 (0)20 8725 4571

researchgovernance@sgul.ac.uk

# Additional identifiers

ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)  
NCT05411614

Integrated Research Application System (IRAS)  
291145

## Study information

### Scientific Title

A randomised controlled trial comparing hybrid convergent ablation to standard catheter ablation in patients with non-paroxysmal atrial fibrillation and heart failure

### Acronym

HALT AF

### Study objectives

The objective of this randomised study is to evaluate the safety and efficacy of Convergent hybrid ablation when compared to standard catheter ablation in patients with non-paroxysmal AF and impaired left ventricular systolic function.

The hypothesis being tested is: Convergent Hybrid Ablation is superior to standard catheter ablation for the rhythm control of persistent AF in patients with reduced left ventricular ejection fraction

### Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

### Ethics approval(s)

approved 07/07/2021, South West – Cornwall and Plymouth Research Ethics Committee (Whitefriars, Lewins Mead, Bristol, BS1 2NT, United Kingdom; +44 (0)2071048033; cornwallandplymouth.rec@hra.nhs.uk), ref: 21/SW/0082

### Study design

Prospective randomized controlled trial

### Primary study design

Interventional

### Study type(s)

Efficacy, Quality of life, Safety, Treatment

### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Persistent atrial fibrillation, heart failure

### Interventions

Randomisation will utilise a centralised, anonymised, secure web-based application termed REDCap (Research Electronic Data Capture) that allows for longitudinal data collection with audit trails to ensure data integrity. It will be accessed via a secure server stored within St

George's University, London, UK. Once enrolled, a patient identification number (PIN) will be generated by registering the patient for an eCRF (electronic case report file). Authorised and trained staff will be allocated a username and password. Once informed consent and eligibility are confirmed, a staff member can enter the subject's details, and the software will automatically randomly assign the subject to a trial arm.

Trials arms:

1. Convergent Hybrid Ablation +/- Left Atrial Appendage Exclusion. Consisting of two stages:  
Stage 1 - Minimally-Invasive Surgical Epicardial Ablation Procedure +/- concomitant left atrial appendage (LAA) exclusion.  
Stage 2 - Endocardial Catheter Ablation

2. Standard Endocardial Catheter Ablation

### **Intervention Type**

Procedure/Surgery

### **Primary outcome(s)**

Freedom from persistent atrial arrhythmia as recorded on prolonged Holter electrocardiogram (ECG) monitoring after a single procedure (either the completed hybrid ablation or catheter ablation), off Class I or III medications up to 12 months post-ablation

### **Key secondary outcome(s)**

1. Safety endpoint of severe and non-severe complications, as defined in the protocol, measured up to 30 days post procedure (early), and up to 12 months (late)
2. Freedom from any atrial arrhythmia lasting > 30 seconds on prolonged Holter electrocardiogram (ECG) monitoring after a single completed procedure on class I/III medications up to 12 months post-ablation
3. Freedom from atrial arrhythmias on prolonged Holter electrocardiogram (ECG) monitoring after any redo procedures (on or off class I or III medications) up to 12 months post-ablation
4. Left ventricular structural remodelling and change in ventricular function in response to either procedure from baseline, measured on echocardiography up to 12 months post-ablation
5. Left atrial remodelling in response to either technique from baseline, measured on echocardiography up to 12 months post-ablation
6. Patient's symptoms and quality of life measured using the change in European Heart Rhythm Association Score (EHRA Score) from baseline up to 12 months post-ablation
7. Patient's symptoms and quality of life measured using the change in New York Heart Association Functional Classification (NYHA Class) from baseline up to 12 months post-ablation
8. Quality of life measured using the change in EuroQoL 5-Dimension Questionnaire (EQ-5D) from baseline up to 12 months post-ablation
9. Quality of life measured using the change in Atrial Fibrillation Effect on Quality-of-Life Questionnaire (AFEQT) and the Minnesota Living with Heart Failure Questionnaire (MLHFQ) from baseline up to 12 months post-ablation

### **Completion date**

01/05/2027

## **Eligibility**

**Key inclusion criteria**

1. Age  $\geq$  18 years
2. Persistent or Long-standing Persistent AF
3. Dilated left atrium
4. Suitable for either procedure
5. LVEF < 50%

**Participant type(s)**

Patient

**Healthy volunteers allowed**

No

**Age group**

Adult

**Lower age limit**

18 years

**Sex**

All

**Key exclusion criteria**

1. Not yet optimised from a medical or lifestyle perspective for AF or heart failure
2. Unable to provide written consent
3. Previous open-heart surgery
4. Active infection, oesophageal ulcer stricture or oesophageal varices
5. Prior catheter ablation of atrial fibrillation (prior ablation for atrial flutter / supraventricular tachycardia or ventricular arrhythmia acceptable)
6. Contraindication to anticoagulation, or active thrombus in the left atrium despite therapeutic anticoagulation
7. Severe valvular heart disease
8. Unstable coronary artery disease
9. Uncontrolled ventricular arrhythmia
10. Heart attack or stroke within the last 90 days
11. Pregnant, breastfeeding, or women of childbearing age who plan to get pregnant within six months
12. Severe concomitant condition or presence of an implanted device that would preclude the patient from undergoing trial procedures

**Date of first enrolment**

01/05/2022

**Date of final enrolment**

01/05/2026

**Locations****Countries of recruitment**

United Kingdom

England

**Study participating centre**

**St Georges Hospital**

Blackshaw Road

London

London

United Kingdom

SW17 0QT

**Study participating centre**

**Ashford and St Peter's Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust**

St Peters Hospital

Guildford Road

Chertsey

United Kingdom

KT16 0PZ

**Study participating centre**

**Epsom Hospital**

Epsom General Hospital

Dorking Road

Epsom

United Kingdom

KT18 7EG

**Study participating centre**

**St Georges at Kingston Hospital**

Galsworthy Road

Kingston upon Thames

United Kingdom

KT2 7QB

**Study participating centre**

**St Anthony's Hospital**

801 London Rd

Worcester Park

London

United Kingdom

SM3 9DW

**Study participating centre**  
**Cromwell Hospital**  
164-178 Cromwell Road  
London  
United Kingdom  
SW5 0TU

## Sponsor information

**Organisation**  
City St George's, University of London

**ROR**  
<https://ror.org/047ybhc09>

## Funder(s)

**Funder type**  
Industry

**Funder Name**  
AtriCure

**Alternative Name(s)**  
AtriCure, Inc.

**Funding Body Type**  
Government organisation

**Funding Body Subtype**  
For-profit companies (industry)

**Location**  
United States of America

## Results and Publications

**Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan**

The datasets generated and/or analysed during the current study will be published (where feasible) as a supplement to the results publication or will be made available upon reasonable request to the corresponding author (Dr Riyaz A Kaba, rkaba@sgul.ac.uk ) or trial sponsor

**IPD sharing plan summary**

Available on request, Published as a supplement to the results publication