

# Prospective randomised study of reverse shoulder prosthesis and hemiarthroplasty for elderly patients with proximal humeral fractures

<b>Submission date</b> 14/03/2007	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
<b>Registration date</b> 09/05/2007	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Last Edited</b> 11/10/2017	<b>Condition category</b> Musculoskeletal Diseases	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input type="checkbox"/> Results
		<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data
		<input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

**Plain English summary of protocol**  
Not provided at time of registration

## Contact information

**Type(s)**  
Scientific

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## Additional identifiers

**Protocol serial number**  
3474

## Study information

**Scientific Title**  
Prospective randomised study of Reverse shoulder Prosthesis and Hemiarthroplasty for elderly patients with proximal humeral fractures

## **Acronym**

Reverse Prosthesis vs Hemiarthroplasty

## **Study objectives**

The aim is to find which of the two (Reverse Shoulder Prosthesis or Hemiarthroplasty) is the better prosthesis in the elderly patients, with a shoulder fracture and need for arthroplasty.

## **Ethics approval required**

Old ethics approval format

## **Ethics approval(s)**

Central Office for Research Ethics Committee and Liverpool Local Research Ethics Committee, 10/10/2007, ref: 07/Q1502/59

## **Primary study design**

Interventional

## **Study design**

Double-blind randomised controlled trial

## **Study type(s)**

Treatment

## **Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

Elderly patients with shoulder fracture that require arthroplasty

## **Interventions**

Either a Reverse Shoulder Prosthesis or a Hemiarthroplasty for the fracture. All other aspects of treatment including follow up will be the same.

## **Intervention Type**

Procedure/Surgery

## **Primary outcome(s)**

1. Activities of daily living of American Shoulder and Elbow Surgeons (ASES)
2. Simple shoulder test

These will be measured at one year after the operation

## **Key secondary outcome(s)**

1. 36-item Short Form health survey (SF-36)
2. University of California and Los Angeles (UCLA) scores
3. Radiological outcome

These will be measured at one year after the operation

## **Completion date**

31/05/2008

## **Eligibility**

### **Key inclusion criteria**

1. Elderly patients who require arthroplasty for shoulder fracture
2. Patients agreeing to participate in the study
3. Patients who are able to give consent

**Participant type(s)**

Patient

**Healthy volunteers allowed**

No

**Age group**

Senior

**Sex**

All

**Key exclusion criteria**

1. Patients who are younger than 70 years
2. Poly-trauma patients
3. Multiple fractures
4. Open fracture
5. Previous operation to the shoulder
6. Dementia
7. Nerve or vessel injury
8. Unable to understand English

**Date of first enrolment**

01/06/2007

**Date of final enrolment**

31/05/2008

**Locations****Countries of recruitment**

United Kingdom

England

**Study participating centre**

Royal Liverpool and Broadgreen University Hospitals

Liverpool

United Kingdom

L7 8XP

**Sponsor information**

**Organisation**

Royal Liverpool and Broadgreen University Hospital NHS Trust (UK)

**ROR**

<https://ror.org/009sa0g06>

**Funder(s)****Funder type**

Government

**Funder Name**

Royal Liverpool and Broadgreen University Hospital NHS Trust (UK)

**Results and Publications****Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan****IPD sharing plan summary**

Not provided at time of registration