

Effect of cholesterol lowering on progression of aortic stenosis in patients with mild to moderate aortic stenosis

Submission date 05/09/2005	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	☐ Prospectively registered ☐ Protocol
Registration date 05/09/2005	Overall study status Completed	☐ Statistical analysis plan ☒ Results
Last Edited 06/01/2010	Condition category Circulatory System	☐ Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol
Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number
DCT-42878

Study information

Scientific Title

Effect of cholesterol lowering on progression of aortic stenosis in patients with mild to moderate aortic stenosis: a randomised controlled trial

Acronym

ASTRONOMER

Study objectives

Primary hypothesis is that patients taking a statin will experience a smaller increase in aortic transvalvular gradients and a smaller decrease in aortic valve area than patients taking placebo over a three-year follow-up period.

Secondary hypotheses are that:

1. The event rate (cardiac death and aortic valve replacement) at the end of three years will be lower
2. The time to outcome events is longer in patients taking a statin than in patients taking placebo

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

University of Ottawa Heart Institute Ethics Committee gave approval on the 3rd October 2002.

Primary study design

Interventional

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Aortic stenosis (AS)

Interventions

Rosuvastatin 40 mg daily versus placebo

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Applicable

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Rosuvastatin

Primary outcome(s)

Changes in peak transvalvular aortic velocity, transvalvular gradients and aortic valve area

Key secondary outcome(s)

1. Cardiac death measured at the end of three years of follow-up
2. Aortic valve replacement

Completion date

31/12/2008

Eligibility**Key inclusion criteria**

1. Age 18 to 82 years
2. Both men and women will be included
3. At least mild AS defined by peak Doppler aortic valve velocity = 2.5 m/sec
4. Moderate risk for coronary artery disease (CAD), with low density lipoprotein cholesterol (LDL-C) less than 4 mmol/l and total cholesterol: high density lipoprotein cholesterol (HDL-C) ratio less than 6
5. Low risk for CAD with LDL-C less than 5 mmol/l and total cholesterol: HDL-C less than 7

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

1. Peak Doppler aortic valve velocity less than 2.5 m/sec, because of the rate of progression in these patients is not well defined
2. Severe AS (a mean aortic gradient = 40 mmHg or AVA = 0.9 cm²). These patients are excluded because they will have a high probability of aortic valve replacement even without further AS progression.
3. Symptomatic AS
4. Greater than moderate aortic regurgitation
5. Patients with significant concomitant mitral valve disease, defined by greater than moderate MR or MVA less than 2.0 cm²
6. Patients on cholesterol lowering agents
7. Symptomatic coronary artery disease
8. Diabetes mellitus either on oral agent or insulin
9. At high or very high risks for CAD (10 year risk greater than 20%)
10. Moderate risk for CAD, but LDL-C greater than 4 mmol/l or total cholesterol: HDL-C ratio greater than 6
11. Low risk for CAD, but LDL-C greater than 5 mmol/l or total cholesterol: HDL-C ratio greater

than 7

12. Pregnant or lactating women

13. Inability to return for follow up visits

14. Concomitant medical conditions, which limit the survival in the next 5 years

15. Inability or unwillingness to provide informed consent

Date of first enrolment

01/12/2002

Date of final enrolment

31/12/2008

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Canada

Study participating centre

Dr. K. L. Chan & Adult Congenital Heart Clinic

Ottawa

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Sponsor information

Organisation

University of Ottawa (Canada)

ROR

<https://ror.org/03c4mmv16>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Research organisation

Funder Name

Canadian Institutes of Health Research (CIHR) (Canada) - <http://www.cihr-irsc.gc.ca> (ref: DCT-42878)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	19/01/2010		Yes	No
Other publications	trial design	01/06/2007		Yes	No