

Randomised trial of tension-free vaginal tape and transobturator tape as treatment for urinary stress incontinence in women

Submission date
16/09/2005

Recruitment status
No longer recruiting

☐ Prospectively registered

☐ Protocol

Registration date
11/11/2005

Overall study status
Completed

☐ Statistical analysis plan

☒ Results

Last Edited
13/09/2013

Condition category
Urological and Genital Diseases

☐ Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number

9452

Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

To compare the cure rate and complication rate of the tension-free vaginal tape (TVT) and tension free vaginal tape obturator (TVT-O) procedure (TVT & TVT-O, Gynecare, Somerville, New Jersey)

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Primary study design

Interventional

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Urodynamic stress incontinence

Interventions

TVT versus TVT-O

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Applicable

Primary outcome(s)

1. Objective cure rate (24 hour pad test)
2. Subjective cure rate (Leakage on 3 day voiding diary)

Key secondary outcome(s)

1. Change in quality of life (Kings Health Questionnaire [KHQ])
2. Change in symptom severity (Bristol Female Lower Urinary Tract Symptom Questionnaire [BFLUTS], International Consultation on Incontinence questionnaire [ICIQ])
3. Pre and postoperative complications
4. Pain at 1 hour and 1 week (Visual Analogue Scale [VAS])

Completion date

01/10/2006

Eligibility**Key inclusion criteria**

1. Urodynamic stress incontinence
2. Primary continence procedure

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Sex

Female

Key exclusion criteria

1. Detrusor overactivity
2. Voiding Dysfunction
3. Prolapse $\geq$ pelvic organ prolapse quantification system (POP-Q) stage 2

Date of first enrolment

01/10/2004

Date of final enrolment

01/10/2006

Locations**Countries of recruitment**

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre

Directorate of Women's, Perinatal & Sexual Health

Leicester

United Kingdom

LE5 4PW

Sponsor information**Organisation**

University Hospitals of Leicester NHS Trust (UK)

ROR

<https://ror.org/02fha3693>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

University Hospitals of Leicester NHS Trust (UK)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/04/2011		Yes	No