

Evaluation of an evidence-based guidance on the reduction of physical restraints in nursing homes

Submission date 29/04/2009	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 29/05/2009	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 29/05/2012	Condition category Other	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol
Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number
Sponsor ref: 01GT0605

Study information

Scientific Title

Evaluation of an evidence-based guidance on the reduction of physical restraints in nursing homes: a cluster-randomised controlled trial

Acronym

EBAGRAP

Study objectives

The purpose of this study is to evaluate the clinical efficacy and safety of an intervention programme based on an evidence-based guidance on the reduction of physical restraints in nursing homes. We are specifically interested in whether the intervention can reduce the number of residents with at least one physical restraint at six months of follow-up.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

1. Ethics Committee of the Hamburg Chamber of Physicians approved on the 8th April 2009 (ref: PV3165)
2. Ethics Committee of the University of Witten/Herdecke approved on the 24th April 2009

Primary study design

Interventional

Study design

Cluster-randomised controlled trial

Study type(s)

Quality of life

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Physical restraints in nursing homes

Interventions

The intervention is based on an evidence-based guidance on the reduction of physical restraints in nursing homes, comprising 24 statements on relevant interventions to avoid physical restraints. The intervention consists of a structured single information session of approximately 90 minutes for all nursing staff, provision of written information material for nurses, legal guardians and residents' relatives and a one-day training workshop for nominated nurses of each cluster, who will be responsible for all issues concerning physical restraints. Nurses in charge of the control group receive personal and written brief standard information on legal and scientific evidence on physical restraints and alternatives aimed to avoid measures.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Applicable

Primary outcome(s)

Number of residents with at least one physical restraint after six months of follow-up. Physical restraints are defined as any device, material or equipment attached to or near a person's body,

which cannot be controlled easily or removed by the person and which deliberately prevents or is deliberately intended to prevent a person's free body movement to a position of choice. Prevalence data of physical restraints will be obtained by direct observation on three occasions on one day (morning, noon, evening) by trained external investigators, who are blinded to allocation of nursing homes. Data will be collected before randomisation, after three and after six months using a proven data collection instrument of a previous epidemiological study.

Key secondary outcome(s)

The number of falls and fall-related fractures. Nursing staff will document fall events within their in-house documentation system throughout the whole study period. If no documentation sheet for fall events exists it will be provided by the researchers. Data will be collected throughout the study period (6 months).

Completion date

31/05/2009

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Nursing homes in the city of Hamburg and in surrounding cities of Witten/Herdecke with at least 20% of residents with physical restraints and at least 60 residents. All residents will be included.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Senior

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

Nursing homes with less than 20% of residents with physical restraints and less than 60 residents.

Date of first enrolment

15/04/2009

Date of final enrolment

31/05/2009

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Germany

Study participating centre
University of Witten/Herdecke
Witten
Germany
58453

Sponsor information

Organisation

German Federal Ministry of Education and Research (Bundesministerium Fur Bildung und Forschung [BMBF]) (Germany)

ROR

<https://ror.org/04pz7b180>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

German Federal Ministry of Education and Research (Bundesministerium Fur Bildung und Forschung [BMBF]) (Germany)

Funder Name

Northern Germany Nursing Research Network (Germany) (ref: University of Hamburg: 01GT0605, University of Witten/Herdecke: 01GT0808)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	23/05/2012		Yes	No

[Protocol article](#)

protocol

07/09/2009

Yes

No