

Glucose metabolism in familial hypobetalipoproteinemia

Submission date 07/06/2006	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
Registration date 07/06/2006	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Last Edited 10/11/2011	Condition category Nutritional, Metabolic, Endocrine	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
		<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol
Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

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Additional identifiers

Study information

Scientific Title

Acronym
FHBL

Study objectives

Patients with familial hypobetalipoproteinemia (FHBL) could have increased hepatic glucose production because of hepatic steatosis. In addition, peripheral insulin sensitivity could be enhanced since these patients have lower concentrations of intramyocellular lipids.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Study design

Non-randomized controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Familial hypobetalipoproteinemia (FHBL), hepatic steatosis

Interventions

A hyperinsulinaemic clamp will be performed for 4.5 hours using stable isotopes (d2-glucose and D5-glycerol). In addition, muscle biopsies will be taken and fat distribution will be studied by a dual energy x-ray absorptiometry (DEXA)-scan, a computed tomography (CT)-scan and magnetic resonance spectroscopy (MRS). Patients with FHBL will be compared to healthy controls matched for age,sex, BMI and waist circumference.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome(s)

1. Insulin sensitivity at the level of glucose production by liver, glucose uptake by muscle and fat and lipolysis
2. Fat distribution by a DEXA, a CT-scan and MRS-spectroscopy

Key secondary outcome(s)

1. Lipid levels
2. Glucoregulatory levels
3. (Adipo)cytokines

Completion date

01/10/2006

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Male
2. Age >18 years of age
3. Body mass index (BMI) 20-35 kg/m²

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 years

Sex

Male

Key exclusion criteria

1. Known somatic illness
2. Use of medication influencing metabolism or blood clotting
3. Seropositive for hepatitis B surface antigen (HbsAg), hepatitis B surface antigen (HbcAg), hepatitis C virus (HCV), hepatitis A virus (HAV) or human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)
4. Having a metal device in the body

Date of first enrolment

11/05/2006

Date of final enrolment

01/10/2006

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Netherlands

Study participating centre

Academic Medical Center (AMC)

Amsterdam

Netherlands

1100 DD

Sponsor information

Organisation

Academic Medical Center (AMC), Department of Endocrinology and Metabolism (The Netherlands)

ROR

<https://ror.org/03t4gr691>

Funder(s)

Funder type

University/education

Funder Name

Academic Medical Center (AMC), Department of Endocrinology and Metabolism

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/08/2011		Yes	No