ISRCTN35624133 https://doi.org/10.1186/ISRCTN35624133

Walk in nasal endoscopy (WINES) study: a pilot evaluation of the safety and feasibility, and cost savings of introducing a radically new approach to upper gastrointestinal (GI) endoscopy

Submission date
30/09/2004

Recruitment status
No longer recruiting

Registration date
30/09/2004

Overall study status
Completed

Last Edited
05/12/2014

Condition category
Cancer

[ ] Prospectively registered
[ ] Protocol
[ ] Statistical analysis plan
[ ] Results
[ ] Individual participant data
[ ] Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol
Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

Contact name
Dr A Cole

Contact details
Southern Derbyshire Acute Hospitals NHS Trust
Derby City General Hospital
Uttoxeter Road
Derby
United Kingdom
DE22 3NE
+44 (0)1332 340131 ext 5046
abc@email.com

Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number
N0077132412

Study information

Scientific Title
Walk in nasal endoscopy (WINES) study: a pilot evaluation of the safety and feasibility, and cost savings of introducing a radically new approach to upper gastrointestinal (GI) endoscopy

Study objectives
Evaluation of safety and feasibility of a walk in two week cancer waiting list upper GI endoscopy using nasal endoscope and only one assistant. A single consultant ATC doing the procedures.

Ethics approval required
Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)
Not provided at time of registration

Study design
Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design
Interventional

Study type(s)
Diagnostic

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied
Cancer: Gastrointestinal

Interventions
Nasal endoscopy is currently performed in the endoscopy unit at Derby City General Hospital but in a procedure analogous to conventional endoscopy using two nurse assistants. The study will be a pilot randomised controlled study comparing conventional with nasal (ultraslim endoscopy) to assess primarily the safety and feasibility of performing nasal endoscopy with just one assistant and the patient in a seated position.

Intervention Type
Other

Phase
Not Specified

Primary outcome(s)
Primary endpoints will be the proportion of cases in which this procedure could be performed and the number of early to late (within 1 week) complications. Assessment of safety will be by pro forma records of complications during endoscopy and prior to discharge and by using a patient questionnaire administered 1 week later.
The endoscopist will assess the feasibility of the nasal procedure. Completeness of endoscopy and visualisation of the duodenum, antrum, body and fundus of the stomach and oesophagus will be recorded.

Key secondary outcome(s))

Secondary endpoints will be a questionnaire of the patients acceptability of the procedure and a preliminary assessment of the savings in staff costs of this procedure.

Completion date
01/12/2004

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria
Patients attending for endoscopy through two-week cancer waiting list.

Participant type(s)
Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed
No

Age group
Not Specified

Sex
Not Specified

Key exclusion criteria
Not provided at time of registration

Date of first enrolment
21/10/2003

Date of final enrolment
01/12/2004

Locations

Countries of recruitment
United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre
Southern Derbyshire Acute Hospitals NHS Trust
Derby
United Kingdom
DE22 3NE

Sponsor information

Organisation
Department of Health

Funder(s)

Funder type
Government

Funder Name
Southern Derbyshire Acute Hospitals NHS Trust (UK)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary
Not provided at time of registration