

Randomised, controlled, double-blind clinical study on the effect of a functional milk-product on metabolism of men with diagnosed metabolic syndrome

Submission date 01/03/2007	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
Registration date 30/04/2007	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Last Edited 21/09/2007	Condition category Nutritional, Metabolic, Endocrine	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input type="checkbox"/> Results
		<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data
		<input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol
Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

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Additional identifiers

Study information

Scientific Title

Acronym

EFOMS (Effect of Functional milk product On the Metabolic Syndrome)

Study objectives

The goal of the investigation is the question, to what extent the risk of the metabolic syndrome may be reduced by substances naturally occurring in milk. The pathophysiology of the metabolic syndrome is characterized by an insulin resistance, a dyslipidaemia, an essential hypertension and adiposity of the central type and frequently leads to early manifestation of type 2 diabetes mellitus and atherosclerosis. Such metabolic disturbances increase in the industrialized countries and in the developing countries, too, and represent an important economical and public-health cost factor. It is necessary to identify the relevant factors of human nutrition and to develop potential avoidance strategies, e.g. by development of functional food. The cow-milk derived substances, which will be used in this study have had influenced individual components of the metabolic syndrome and lowered the risk of components of the metabolic syndrome in an animal trial.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Ethic committee of the medical faculty of the Christian-Albrechts-University of Kiel, (Germany), approved on 09.01.2007, Ref: A171/06

Primary study design

Interventional

Study design

The study is a randomised double-blind placebo-controlled intervention study over 8 weeks

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Metabolic syndrome

Interventions

The volunteers of the verum group will take one portion of the functional milk-product (product code 966125, a non-registered product) once a day after lunch with a dessert for 56 days. The product of the control group is based on meat protein and is isoenergetic and isonitrogenous.

Primary and secondary outcome measures will be analysed before and at the end of the intervention.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Specified

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

milk product

Primary outcome(s)

Change of blood fructosamine concentration during the intervention period

Key secondary outcome(s)

1. Insulin sensitivity
2. Endothelial function
3. Blood pressure
4. Waist-to-hip ratio
5. Postprandial concentration of several hormones and blood parameters linked to fat and carbohydrate metabolism

Completion date

23/05/2007

Eligibility**Key inclusion criteria**

Men, 45-70 years old, with a metabolic syndrome as defined by the International Diabetes Federation, 2006 (A new IDF worldwide definition of the metabolic syndrome: the rationale and the results - Diabetes Voice, Vol. 50 Issue 3, 2005)

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Not Specified

Sex

Not Specified

Key exclusion criteria

1. Participation in a clinical study with a medicament or a medicinal product within the last 30 days or simultaneous participation in another clinical examination
2. Intake of nitrate and/or calcium antagonists and/or alpha-blockers, which affect the blood pressure
3. Known metabolic or gastro-intestinal diseases, which affects the absorption, metabolism or excretion of food or food component
4. Condition after operation of the gastro-intestinal tract, which affect gastro-intestinal motility
5. Hemoglobin < 12 g/dL
6. Malfunction of blood coagulation or drugs, leading to malfunction of blood coagulating diabetes
7. Operation within the last 3 months, which still affects the current state of health
8. Illness of thyroid gland, which has metabolic and/or cardiovascular effect
9. Known hepatitis B, hepatitis C, HIV infection or chronic liver damage
10. Kidney insufficiency
11. Hypercalcaemia
12. Drug or alcohol abuse

13. Intake of drugs affecting the absorption, metabolism or excretion of food components or the gastro-intestinal
14. Intake of hormone preparations
15. Vegetarianism, anorexia, bulimia
16. Known milk protein allergy

Date of first enrolment

05/02/2007

Date of final enrolment

23/05/2007

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Germany

Study participating centre

Hermann-Weigmann-Str. 1

Kiel

Germany

24103

Sponsor information

Organisation

Humana GmbH (Germany)

Funder(s)

Funder type

Industry

Funder Name

Humana GmbH (Germany)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration