

D-cycloserine-supported exposure in patients with panic disorder

Submission date 01/10/2007	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
Registration date 27/03/2008	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Last Edited 17/03/2017	Condition category Mental and Behavioural Disorders	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
		<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Agoraphobia is a fear of being in situations where escape might be difficult or that help wouldn't be available if things go wrong. It usually develops as a complication of panic disorder, an anxiety disorder involving panic attacks and moments of intense fear. Agoraphobia can be treated with cognitive behavioural therapy (CBT), a talking therapy that can help patients manage their problems by changing the way they think and behave. CBT uses a type of therapy called exposure therapy, which involves being gradually exposed to the feared situation and using relaxation techniques and breathing exercises to help reduce anxiety. The aim of this study is to find out whether exposure therapy can be improved with the use of the drug D-cycloserine.

Who can participate?

Patients age 18-75 with panic disorder and agoraphobia

What does the study involve?

All participants undergo CBT consisting of eight group sessions within 1 month plus three individual exposure therapy sessions. One hour before the start of each exposure session, participants are randomly allocated to receive either D-cycloserine or a placebo (dummy drug). Panic and agoraphobia symptoms are measured at the start of the study, at the end of therapy (1 month after the start of the therapy), and at 2 and 6 months after the start of the therapy.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Not provided at time of registration

Where is the study run from?

Charite - Universitätsmedizin Berlin (Germany)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

October 2007 to April 2009

Who is funding the study?

Federal Ministry for Education and Research (Germany)

Who is the main contact?
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Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

Contact name
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Additional identifiers

Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)
2006-004860-29

Study information

Scientific Title
D-cycloserine-supported exposure in patients with panic disorder

Acronym
Panik-Cyclo

Study objectives
Administration of D-cycloserine supports the therapeutic effect of exposure therapy in patients with panic disorder.

Ethics approval required
Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)
Local Ethics Committee (Ausschuss 4 der Ethikkommission des Landes Berlin), 03/01/2007, ref: EK 5 618/06

Primary study design
Interventional

Study design

Double-blind randomised placebo-controlled study

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Panic disorder with agoraphobia

Interventions

All patients will undergo cognitive behavioural therapy consisting of eight group sessions (group size: 4-8) within one month plus three individual exposure therapy sessions in a standardised procedure. One hour before start of each exposure session, half of the patients will receive 50 mg of D-cycloserine orally, and half of the patients will receive a placebo.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Applicable

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

D-cycloserine

Primary outcome(s)

Panic and Agoraphobia Scale, measured at baseline, at the end of therapy (one month after start of the therapy), 2 months after start of therapy, 6 months after start of therapy.

Key secondary outcome(s)

1. Mobility Inventory for Agoraphobia
2. Beck Depression Inventory
3. Beck Anxiety Inventory
3. Hamilton Rating Scale for Depression
4. Hamilton Rating Scale for Anxiety
5. Clinical Global Impression

Outcomes will be measured at baseline, at the end of therapy (one month after start of the therapy), 2 months after start of therapy, 6 months after start of therapy.

Completion date

01/04/2009

Eligibility**Key inclusion criteria**

1. Subject familiarised with experimental procedure and had given written informed consent according to AMG §40(1)3b
2. Diagnosis of panic disorder with agoraphobia, at least "moderately ill"
3. Age: 18-75 years
4. Sufficiently able to communicate with investigator, answer questions and fill in questionnaires

5. If pre-menopausal female: negative pregnancy test and safe contraception during study period
6. Reachability of patient for treatment and follow-up
7. Compliance of patient

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Upper age limit

75 Years

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

1. Known overreaction to D-cycloserine
2. Hospitalisation in a mental institution according to AMG §40(1)4
3. Other psychiatric illnesses like schizophrenia, substance abuse or dementia
4. Acute suicidal tendency
5. Epilepsy or other illness of the central nervous system (CNS) (e.g. brain tumour, encephalitis)
6. Severe medical illness like severe hypertension, severe cardiac insufficiency, condition after acute myocardial infarction, cardiac arrhythmia of severity index IV or V according to Lown grade, severe dysfunction of liver or kidney, diabetes mellitus requiring insulin treatment, disturbances of haematopoiesis
7. Pregnancy or breastfeeding
8. Changes of psychopharmacological treatment within the last eight weeks or discontinuation of psychopharmacological treatment within less than four weeks before beginning of the study
9. Recent interference with diurnal cycle

Date of first enrolment

01/10/2007

Date of final enrolment

01/04/2009

Locations**Countries of recruitment**

Germany

Study participating centre

Charite - Universitätsmedizin Berlin
Berlin
Germany
10117

Sponsor information

Organisation

Charite - University Medicine Berlin (Charite - Universitätsmedizin Berlin) (Germany)

ROR

<https://ror.org/001w7jn25>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

Bundesministerium für Bildung und Forschung (ref: 01GV0612)

Alternative Name(s)

Federal Ministry of Research, Technology and Space, Bundesministerium für Bildung und Forschung, Federal Ministry of Education and Research, BMBF

Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

National government

Location

Germany

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/08/2011		Yes	No