

Comparison of bupivacaine and lidocaine with epinephrine for digital nerve blocks

Submission date 31/03/2008	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	☐ Prospectively registered ☐ Protocol
Registration date 08/04/2008	Overall study status Completed	☐ Statistical analysis plan ☒ Results
Last Edited 11/05/2009	Condition category Signs and Symptoms	☐ Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol
Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

Contact name
Dr Mohammed Alhelail

Contact details
P.O. Box 230691
Riyadh
Saudi Arabia
11321
+966 (0) 1 505 225 402
alhelail@yahoo.com

Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number
2061015

Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

In this study, we are comparing bupivacaine versus lidocaine with epinephrine when used for the digital block in healthy volunteers aiming to know if there is a difference in the pain of injection. Time of onset and duration of action will also be recorded and compared between the two local anaesthetics.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Ethics approval received from:

1. The Clinical Research Committee of King Faisal Specialist Hospital and Research Center, Riyadh (Saudi Arabia) on the 17th May 2006 (proposal no.: 2061015)
2. The Research Ethics Committee of King Faisal Specialist Hospital and Research Center, Riyadh (Saudi Arabia) on the 12th June 2006

The reference number at the Office of Research Affair at King Faisal Specialist Hospital and Research Center, Riyadh (Saudi Arabia) is ORA/0642/27.

Study design

Single-centre randomised, double-blinded, prospective study with a single self-controlled arm

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Injection pain in digital nerve blocks

Interventions

1. Bupivacaine 0.5% (4 ml for each digit)
2. Lidocaine 1% with 1:100,000 epinephrin (4 ml for each digit)

Both anaesthetics were administered in either the right or left middle finger based on the randomisation table and each participant received both anaesthetics in either hand so each participant acts as a self-control to compare the pain of injection. All participants were blinded to which anaesthetics were going in each hand.

The total duration will be until the return of sensation and this will be followed by a 24-hour follow-up.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Specified

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Bupivacaine, lidocaine, epinephrine

Primary outcome(s)

The primary outcome was the pain of injection, and it was measured using a 0- to 100-mm visual analog scale (VAS).

Key secondary outcome(s)

1. The time in minutes from injection until anaesthesia, measured using testing needle pinpricks
2. The time in minutes from injection until return of sensation, measured using testing needle pinpricks

Completion date

28/08/2006

Eligibility**Key inclusion criteria**

1. Healthy volunteers more than 18 years of age, either sex
2. No history of cardiovascular or liver disease
3. Not diabetic
4. No history of peripheral vascular disease
5. Not on any current medication
6. Has not taken analgesia within last 48 hours
7. Hasn't had any previous procedures conducted on both hands
8. No previous hand illness (e.g., Raynaud's disease)
9. No known allergies

Participant type(s)

Healthy volunteer

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 years

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

Does not meet above inclusion criteria.

Date of first enrolment

27/08/2006

Date of final enrolment

28/08/2006

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Saudi Arabia

Study participating centre

P.O. Box 230691

Riyadh

Saudi Arabia

11321

Sponsor information

Organisation

King Faisal Specialist Hospital and Research Center (Saudi Arabia)

ROR

<https://ror.org/05n0wgt02>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Hospital/treatment centre

Funder Name

King Faisal Specialist Hospital and Research Centre (Saudi Arabia)

Alternative Name(s)

King Faisal Specialist Hospital

Funding Body Type

Private sector organisation

Funding Body Subtype

Other non-profit organizations

Location

Saudi Arabia

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/05/2009		Yes	No