

# Misoprostol in the management of retained placenta - a safe alternative for manual removal? A randomised controlled trial

<b>Submission date</b> 23/08/2007	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
<b>Registration date</b> 23/08/2007	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Last Edited</b> 07/10/2021	<b>Condition category</b> Pregnancy and Childbirth	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
		<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

**Plain English summary of protocol**  
Not provided at time of registration

## Contact information

**Type(s)**  
Scientific

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## Additional identifiers

## Study information

**Scientific Title**  
Misoprostol in the management of retained placenta - a safe alternative for manual removal? A randomised controlled trial

**Study objectives**

The use of 800 mcg of misoprostol prevents manual removal of the retained placenta in 80% of cases.

### **Ethics approval required**

Old ethics approval format

### **Ethics approval(s)**

Approved 17/08/2007, local medical ethics committee (Commissie Medische Ethiek), ref: P07-011

### **Study design**

Multicentre randomized double-blinded placebo-controlled parallel-group trial

### **Primary study design**

Interventional

### **Study type(s)**

Treatment

### **Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

Retained placenta

### **Interventions**

All women with retained placenta after vaginal birth will be included in our study. In the case of a retained placenta, administration of either 800 mcg of misoprostol or placebo 60 minutes after birth of the baby will be performed, in absence of postpartum haemorrhage. If a final attempt to deliver the placenta by controlled cord traction after 45 minutes fails, manual removal of the placenta will be performed. Side effects will be registered.

### **Intervention Type**

Drug

### **Phase**

Not Applicable

### **Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)**

Misoprostol

### **Primary outcome(s)**

1. Number of spontaneous delivered placentas
2. Number of manual removals and amount of blood loss

### **Key secondary outcome(s)**

1. Interval between delivery of the baby and administration of misoprostol
2. Interval between administration of misoprostol and delivery of the placenta
3. Placenta captiva

### **Completion date**

01/08/2009

## **Eligibility**

**Key inclusion criteria**

1. All women with at least 25 completed pregnancy weeks and retained placenta
2. At least 18 years of age
3. Master the Dutch language in word and script

**Participant type(s)**

Patient

**Healthy volunteers allowed**

No

**Age group**

Adult

**Lower age limit**

18 years

**Sex**

Female

**Total final enrolment**

99

**Key exclusion criteria**

1. Excessive blood loss (greater than 1000 ml) within 60 minutes after the delivery of the newborn
2. Allergy for misoprostol or one of its components

**Date of first enrolment**

01/08/2007

**Date of final enrolment**

01/08/2009

**Locations****Countries of recruitment**

Netherlands

**Study participating centre**

**Leiden University Medical Centre (LUMC)**

Leiden

Netherlands

2300 RC

**Sponsor information**

## Organisation

Leiden University Medical Centre (LUMC) (The Netherlands)

## ROR

<https://ror.org/027bh9e22>

## Funder(s)

### Funder type

Hospital/treatment centre

### Funder Name

Leiden University Medical Centre (LUMC) (The Netherlands)

## Results and Publications

### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

### IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

### Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">Results article</a>		21/01/2013	07/10/2021	Yes	No