

# A study on the tissue responsiveness to short term exogenous growth hormone in children with idiopathic short stature in relation to their response to long-term treatment

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|----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Submission date</b><br>19/12/2005   | <b>Recruitment status</b><br>No longer recruiting | <input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered    |
| <b>Registration date</b><br>19/12/2005 | <b>Overall study status</b><br>Completed          | <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol                    |
| <b>Last Edited</b><br>12/01/2021       | <b>Condition category</b><br>Signs and Symptoms   | <input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan   |
|                                        |                                                   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results          |
|                                        |                                                   | <input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data |

**Plain English summary of protocol**  
Not provided at time of registration

## Contact information

**Type(s)**  
Scientific

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## Additional identifiers

**Protocol serial number**  
NL342, NTR380

## Study information

**Scientific Title**

A study on the tissue responsiveness to short term exogenous growth hormone in children with idiopathic short stature in relation to their response to long-term treatment

**Acronym**

Dose-response study

**Study objectives**

The change in biochemical parameters of bone and collagen metabolism during a short term Growth Hormone (GH) dose-response study predicts the long-term effect of GH on growth. Idiopathic short stature is partially explainable by an abnormal tissue responsiveness to GH and Insulin-like Growth Factor 1 (IGF-1). The hypotheses of this study are:

1. GH therapy in a dosage of 6 IU/mw/day administered before puberty increases height velocity, height in adolescence and final height.
2. GH administration affects puberty onset and its duration.
3. GH administration affects quality of life.

**Ethics approval required**

Old ethics approval format

**Ethics approval(s)**

Not provided at time of registration

**Primary study design**

Interventional

**Study design**

Randomised controlled trial

**Study type(s)**

Treatment

**Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

Idiopathic Short Stature (ISS)

**Interventions**

After randomisation, the control group did not receive treatment, and were followed yearly for growth and puberty assessment.

The treatment group underwent two three month periods of GH administration (1.5 IU/m<sup>2</sup>/day, 3.0 IU/m<sup>2</sup>/day) with three month washout periods in between. Thereafter 6 IU/m<sup>2</sup>/day was given until the beginning of puberty.

**Intervention Type**

Drug

**Phase**

Not Specified

**Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)**

Growth Hormone (GH) and Insulin-like Growth Factor 1 (IGF-1).

**Primary outcome(s)**

Height at stop of therapy (at onset of puberty) and final height.

**Key secondary outcome(s)**

1. Timing of onset of puberty
2. Duration of puberty
3. Relation between long-term growth response (dependent variable) and short-term growth response on various dosages and in vitro responsiveness of cultured skin fibroblasts to GH and IGF-1
4. Effect of GH therapy on quality of life

**Completion date**

01/01/2009

**Eligibility****Key inclusion criteria**

1. Height Standard Deviation Score (SDS) less than -2
2. Prepubertal
3. Aged between four to eight in females, or four to ten in males
4. GH response to provocation tests more than 20 mU/l
5. Normal sitting height:height ratio
6. Normal screening blood tests and urinalysis

**Participant type(s)**

Patient

**Healthy volunteers allowed**

No

**Age group**

Child

**Lower age limit**

4 Years

**Upper age limit**

10 Years

**Sex**

All

**Total final enrolment**

40

**Key exclusion criteria**

Any systemic disease during childhood that limits the growth potential or may interfere with the evaluation of the effectiveness of therapy.

**Date of first enrolment**

01/01/1994

**Date of final enrolment**

01/01/2009

## Locations

**Countries of recruitment**

Netherlands

**Study participating centre**

**Leiden University Medical Center**

Amsterdam

Netherlands

2300 RC

## Sponsor information

**Organisation**

Pfizer B.V. (The Netherlands) (Pfizer Inc, New York, USA)

**ROR**

<https://ror.org/02bzf1224>

## Funder(s)

**Funder type**

Research organisation

**Funder Name**

Netherlands Organization for Scientific Research (NWO)

## Results and Publications

**Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan**

**IPD sharing plan summary**

Not provided at time of registration

**Study outputs**

| Output type                     | Details | Date created | Date added | Peer reviewed? | Patient-facing? |
|---------------------------------|---------|--------------|------------|----------------|-----------------|
| <a href="#">Results article</a> | results | 01/04/2010   | 12/01/2021 | Yes            | No              |