

Using theatre to help prevent drug use among secondary school pupils in East Sussex (England)

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Registration date 24/04/2025	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 17/06/2025	Condition category Other	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

This study is evaluating a Theatre-in-Education programme designed to help secondary school pupils make informed choices about substance use, including vaping, alcohol, and illicit drugs. The programme includes a live theatre performance followed by classroom activities, aiming to improve young people's knowledge, confidence, and decision-making skills in situations involving substance use. The study will explore how well the programme works, how pupils engage with it, and how it influences their attitudes and behaviours.

Who can participate?

- Pupils in Years 8 and 9 (aged 12-15 years) from secondary schools in East Sussex that are delivering the theatre-in-education programme.
- School staff involved in planning or delivering the programme in their schools.
- Parents/carers who have attended a dedicated theatre performance for parents.

What does the study involve?

- Pupils will complete a survey before and after the intervention to assess changes in their knowledge and attitudes towards substance use. Some pupils will also participate in focus groups to discuss their experiences.
- School staff will take part in surveys and interviews about how the programme fits into their teaching and its impact on pupils.
- Parents/carers will join focus groups to share their views on the intervention and its impact on family discussions about substance use.
- Researchers will also observe theatre performances and Q&A sessions to understand how pupils engage with the intervention.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Potential benefits: Pupils may feel more confident in making informed decisions about substance use and managing peer pressure. The research findings may also help improve drug education programmes in schools.

Possible risks: Some discussions may involve sensitive topics related to substance use. However, trained researchers will ensure participants feel comfortable and can stop at any time if they feel uncomfortable. Schools will also provide support if needed.

Where is the study run from?

The study is being led by the University of Brighton, in partnership with East Sussex County Council, Public Health Department. It is taking place in secondary schools across East Sussex that are delivering the theatre-in-education programme.

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

September 2024 to October 2025

Who is funding the study?

National Institute for Health and Care Research (NIHR), Innovation Fund to Reduce Demand for Illicit Substances.

Who is the main contact?

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Contact information

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Study information

Scientific Title

Investigating the role of theatre-in-education in preventing illicit substance use in secondary school pupils in East Sussex, United Kingdom

Acronym

TiE-PISU

Study objectives

Research Questions:

1. To what extent does the implementation of a school-based Theatre-in-Education (TiE) intervention effectively prevent and reduce illicit drug use (assessed through self-reports), and improve relevant social cognitions (antecedents) in years 8 and 9 secondary school pupils?
 - 2a. How do pupils, teaching staff and other stakeholders, including parents, understand and engage with the theatre-in-education intervention and this specific dramatic form (e.g. with reference to aesthetic and emotional engagement)?
 - 2b. What are the short-term outcomes related to nurturing engaged citizens, building positive coping strategies and associated identities for pupils, enhancing social capital, and increasing young people's self-efficacy and self-worth?
3. How do pupils, teaching staff and other stakeholders, including parents, understand and engage with the theatre-in-education intervention, with reference to aesthetic and emotional engagement, and to outcomes related to nurturing engaged citizens, building positive coping strategies and associated identities for young people, enhancing social capital, and increasing young people's self-efficacy and self-worth?
4. What are the economic benefits of the theatre-in-education intervention, considering costs, benefits and their conversion to monetary values, and robustness of the results?
5. To what extent does the intervention contribute to a reduction in health inequalities, focusing on the interplay of illicit drug use and demographics putting young people from disadvantaged areas or groups at higher risk?

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval(s)

approved 03/03/2025, University of Brighton Research Ethics Committee (CREC) (University of Brighton, Brighton, BN2 4AT, United Kingdom; +44 1273 600900; l.redhead@brighton.ac.uk), ref: 15229 and 15238

Study design

Multicentre interventional non-randomized pre-post evaluation study

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Prevention

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Prevention of illicit substance use among secondary school pupils through a Theatre-in-Education intervention.

Interventions

This is a multicentre interventional pre-post study evaluating the impact of a theatre-in-education intervention on preventing substance use among secondary school pupils. The theatre-in-education intervention is an ongoing programme delivered by East Sussex County Council as part of the PSHE curriculum, and this study aims to evaluate its effectiveness. The established intervention consists of a live theatre performance and structured classroom activities designed to enhance knowledge, refusal self-efficacy, and social support related to substance use prevention. Data collection includes pre- and post-intervention surveys administered to pupils and school staff, as well as qualitative methods such as interviews with school staff and focus groups with pupils and parents/carers. Observations of theatre performances will also be conducted.

Intervention Type

Behavioural

Primary outcome(s)

PUPIL SURVEYS

1. Audience Engagement with the Theatre-in-Education Performance measured using an adapted Theatre Audience Experience Questionnaire (TAEQ) & Audience Experience Index (AEI) (Radbourne et al., 2009; Au et al., 2017) at post-intervention only.
2. Knowledge and refusal self-efficacy of substance measured using an adapted Drug Knowledge Questionnaire (Hansen & Graham, 1991) and adapted Drug Abuse Treatment Outcome Study (DATOS) scale (Marsden et al., 1998) at pre- and post-intervention.
3. Social influence on substance use measured using the Social Media Influence Scale (SMIS) (adapted from Moreno et al., 2013), adapted Monitoring the Future Survey (Johnston et al., 2021), Social Norms Theory (Perkins & Berkowitz, 1986), and Monitoring the Future: National Survey on Drug Use (Johnston et al., 2021; Prinstein & Dodge et al., 2008) at pre- and post-intervention.
4. Attitudes and behavioural intentions to use substances measured using an adapted Theory of Planned Behaviour scale (Ajzen, 1991) and Reasons for Drug Use Scale (Boys et al., 2001) at pre- and post-intervention.
5. Substance use behaviour and triggers measured using an adapted Brief COPE Inventory (Carver, 1997), adapted Self-Reported Habit Index (SRHI), and a custom-developed questionnaire to capture context of substance use behaviour at pre- and post-intervention.

SCHOOL STAFF SURVEYS

1. Effectiveness and ease of delivery of the theatre-in-education package: School staff will rate the perceived effectiveness of the intervention and its ease of delivery for pupils. Measured post-intervention.

2. Knowledge and confidence in delivering PSHE content on substance use: Measured at pre- and post-intervention to assess changes in staff knowledge and confidence in teaching about illegal substance use.

Key secondary outcome(s)

Pupils subjective psychological wellbeing measured using the WHO-5 Well-Being Index (World Health Organization, 1998) at pre- and post-intervention.

Completion date

30/10/2025

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

ALL

1. Must provide informed consent
2. Must have sufficient English language proficiency to understand and complete the surveys and participate in focus groups or interviews.

PUPILS

3. Participants must be secondary school pupils aged 12-15 years (Years 8 and 9).
4. Must be enrolled in a participating secondary school in East Sussex that is receiving the theatre-in-education intervention.
5. Must attend the theatre-in-education performance and associated classroom activities as part of the standard curriculum.
6. Must have parental/guardian consent (opt-out for surveys, opt-in for focus groups/interviews where required).

SCHOOL STAFF

7. Must be involved in the delivery of the theatre-in-education intervention within participating schools (PSHE leads, teachers delivering PSHE, and school leadership).

PARENT/CARERS

8. Must be a parent or carer of a pupil in a participating school who has attended a parent/carer theatre performance.
9. Must have attended the parent/carer's theatre-in-education performance.

Participant type(s)

Learner/student, Other

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Mixed

Lower age limit

12 years

Upper age limit

15 years

Sex

All

Total final enrolment

1553

Key exclusion criteria

1. Individuals who have not attended the theatre-in-education performance.
2. Pupils identified by teachers as at risk of distress due to the performance content – Teachers will assess whether individual pupils might be negatively impacted and should not take part in focus groups.
3. Individuals unable to provide informed consent. Participants must be able to understand and agree to take part in the study (parental consent also required for pupils).

Date of first enrolment

24/02/2025

Date of final enrolment

16/06/2025

Locations**Countries of recruitment**

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre

East Sussex Council Public Health

County Hall

St. Annes Crescent

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Sponsor information**Organisation**

University of Brighton

ROR

<https://ror.org/04kp2b655>

Organisation

East Sussex County Council

ROR

<https://ror.org/0236s9n59>

Funder(s)**Funder type**

Government

Funder Name

National Institute for Health and Care Research

Alternative Name(s)

National Institute for Health Research, NIHR Research, NIHRresearch, NIHR - National Institute for Health Research, NIHR (The National Institute for Health and Care Research), NIHR

Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

National government

Location

United Kingdom

Results and Publications**Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan**

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are not expected to be made available due to ethical and legal restrictions related to safeguarding participants, as the study involves minors and sensitive topics such as substance use.

IPD sharing plan summary

Not expected to be made available