

Length of stay in an observation ward: a randomised controlled trial in a department of internal medicine

Submission date 23/05/2005	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	☐ Prospectively registered
		☐ Protocol
Registration date 14/06/2005	Overall study status Completed	☐ Statistical analysis plan
		☐ Results
Last Edited 14/09/2009	Condition category Other	☐ Individual participant data
		☐ Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol
Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

Contact name
Dr Gunhild Rognstad

Contact details
Aker University Hospital
Trondheimsveien 235
Oslo
Norway
N-0541
gu.ro@c2i.net

Additional identifiers

Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

A stay in the observation ward is shorter than a stay in an ordinary hospital ward for a population with low risk for serious disease, in need of a short observational stay, and emergently admitted to a department of general internal medicine.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Primary study design

Interventional

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study type(s)

Not Specified

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Need for short hospital stay in order to rule out possible disease

Interventions

Randomisation to a stay in the Observation Ward or an ordinary hospital ward.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome(s)

Length of stay in hours

Key secondary outcome(s)

Number of patients readmitted to the hospital within 30 days after discharge.

Registered dead within 12 weeks after discharge.

Completion date

30/11/1999

Eligibility**Key inclusion criteria**

Patients >18 years, emergently admitted to the department during a 10-month period, who would normally have been admitted to the Observation Ward.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

Age <18 years; residents in nursing homes or similar; patients admitted for self-inflicted intoxications.

Date of first enrolment

01/01/1999

Date of final enrolment

30/11/1999

Locations**Countries of recruitment**

Norway

Study participating centre

Aker University Hospital

Oslo

Norway

N-0541

Sponsor information**Organisation**

Telemark Hospital (Norway)

ROR

<https://ror.org/02fafrk51>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Hospital/treatment centre

Funder Name

Norwegian Social and Health Department (Norway)

Funder Name

Telemark Hospital (Norway)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan**IPD sharing plan summary**

Not provided at time of registration