

Neural correlates of cognitive motor interference (CMI) while walking

Submission date 17/11/2008	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	☐ Prospectively registered ☐ Protocol
Registration date 27/11/2008	Overall study status Completed	☐ Statistical analysis plan ☐ Results
Last Edited 06/06/2016	Condition category Circulatory System	☐ Individual participant data ☐ Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol
Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number
TSA 2007/09

Study information

Scientific Title
Cortical activation of cognitive motor interference while walking: a near-infrared spectroscopic study

Acronym
CMI

Study objectives

1. There may be a relationship between the degree of regional brain activation and/or the temporal activation pattern and performance in cognitive and motor tasks under dual task conditions
2. This relationship may be different following a stroke than in healthy controls

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Oxfordshire Research Ethics Committee C, 24/07/2008, ref: 08/H0606/55

Primary study design

Observational

Study design

Observational cross-sectional study

Study type(s)

Diagnostic

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Stroke

Interventions

Baseline assessments include:

1. The Mini Mental State Examination: the MMSE is a brief screening tool to provide quantitative assessment of cognitive function. It consists of 11 simple questions or tasks. Typically, they are grouped into seven domains; orientation to time, orientation to place, registration of three words, attention and calculation.
2. Edinburgh Handedness Inventory: this is a brief questionnaire of 10 short items, which determines subject's hand dominance.
3. Barthel Index: a simple index of independence in activities of daily living (ADL). It consists of 10 common ADL activities, which they are assessed for independence/dependence.
4. Modified Physical Activity Scale for the elderly: a self reported physical activity questionnaire that covers one week.
5. Berg Balance Scale (BBS): the BBS provides a quantitative assessment of balance. It consists of 14 items requiring subjects to maintain or complete movement tasks of varying levels of difficulty. All items are common to everyday life.

The results of the assessments above will be reported together with the primary/secondary outcomes, as they might correlate with differences in CMI.

Brain activation in both stroke and control subjects will be examined by near-infrared spectroscopy (NIRS) alongside behavioural performance of walking and cognitive tasks (calculation). The participants will be asked to perform the concurrent tasks when seated and walking. Gait parameters will be measured using a well-validated gait analysis system (Xsens, The Netherlands).

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Applicable

Primary outcome(s)

Task-related changes in oxygenated and deoxygenated haemoglobins in the frontal lobe as measured by NIRS.

Key secondary outcome(s)

1. Rate of backward calculation (number per minute)
2. Number of errors in backward calculation (errors per trial)
3. Spatiotemporal gait measures (speed, cadence, step time, stride time, step length, stride length, step width)

Completion date

01/07/2010

Eligibility**Key inclusion criteria**

Patients will be selected from those treated in the Oxford Radcliffe Hospitals who are:

1. More than 6 months following a first stroke
2. Both males and females, aged 45 to 80 years
3. With an ischaemic infarct upon computed tomography (CT) or magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) scan
3. Able to perform a simple reciprocal bilateral foot tapping task, walk safely on a treadmill with or without mobility aids
4. Be able to give informed consent

Sex and age-matched controls will be chosen who do not have a known neurological disease, a history of hypertension, cardiac disease or diabetes.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

1. Dementia
2. Aphasia significantly limiting communication
3. History of previous symptomatic strokes or neurological disease
4. Known psychiatric disease or claustrophobia, or other conditions precluding safe MRI (e.g., pacemaker or other metal implant)

Date of first enrolment

01/07/2008

Date of final enrolment

01/07/2010

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre

Oxford Brookes University

Oxford

United Kingdom

OX3 0BP

Sponsor information

Organisation

Oxford Brookes University (UK)

ROR

<https://ror.org/04v2twj65>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Charity

Funder Name

Stroke Association (ref: TSA 2007/09)

Alternative Name(s)

TheStrokeAssociation, TheStrokeAssoc

Funding Body Type

Private sector organisation

Funding Body Subtype

Associations and societies (private and public)

Location

United Kingdom

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary