

Evaluation of a COVID-19 antibody test: What is the performance of the Panbio™ COVID-19 IgG /IgM rapid test device in fingerstick blood, venous whole blood, serum and plasma in adult participants?

Submission date 19/06/2020	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
Registration date 22/06/2020	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Last Edited 28/01/2022	Condition category Infections and Infestations	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
		<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

COVID-19 is a condition caused by the coronavirus (called SARS-CoV-2) that was first identified in late 2019. This virus can infect the respiratory (breathing) system. Some people do not have symptoms but can carry the virus and pass it on to others. People who have developed the condition may develop a fever and/or a continuous cough among other symptoms. This can develop into pneumonia. Pneumonia is a chest infection where the small air pockets of the lungs, called alveoli, fill with liquid and make it more difficult to breathe.

In 2020, the virus has spread to many countries around the world and neither a vaccine against the virus or specific treatment for COVID-19 has yet been developed. As of March 2020, it is advised that people minimize travel and social contact, and regularly wash their hands to reduce the spread of the virus.

Groups who are at a higher risk from infection with the virus, and therefore of developing COVID-19, include people aged over 70 years, people who have long-term health conditions (such as asthma or diabetes), people who have a weakened immune system and people who are pregnant. People in these groups, and people who might come into contact with them, can reduce this risk by following the up-to-date advice to reduce the spread of the virus.

Antibodies detected by blood tests indicate that a person had an immune response to SARS-CoV-2. Antibody tests are important to confirm prior infection, including in individuals with few or no symptoms.

The Panbio™ COVID-19 IgG/IgM Rapid Test is a rapid test that uses a small drop of blood for the qualitative detection of IgG and IgM antibodies to SARS-CoV-2 in human serum, plasma, venous and capillary whole blood. The test is interpreted 10-20 minutes after sample application. This study will evaluate the performance of the Panbio COVID-19 IgG/IgM test.

Who can participate?

Adults over 18 years who are known to have been infected with SARS-CoV-2, and participants who have not been infected with SARS-CoV-2.

What does the study involve?

Participants will have several different blood tests performed.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

It is possible that the collection of blood through venipuncture and capillary finger-stick could cause discomfort. However, as these are routine medical procedures and the samples will be obtained by trained medical personnel, the discomfort is likely to be minimized.

COVID-19 transmission is a risk to the participants. However, convalescent patients are not expected to be transmitting virus. There is a risk, albeit low, that a symptomatic patients in the control group will be carrying COVID-19. All operations will be conducted under strict social distancing to minimize the risk of transmission.

Where is the study run from?

The Royal London Hospital (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

April 2020 to July 2020

Who is funding the study?

Abbott Rapid Diagnostics (Germany)

Who is the main contact?

Prof. Patrick T. Kennedy, p.kennedy@qmul.ac.uk

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)

Nil known

Integrated Research Application System (IRAS)

283040

Protocol serial number

CLDG-0503, IRAS 283040

Study information

Scientific Title

Panbio™ COVID-19 IgG/IgM rapid test device matrix equivalence study: evaluating test performance in comparison with a laboratory reference method using venous whole blood, serum and plasma as well as capillary whole blood from adult participants

Study objectives

The performance of the Panbio COVID-19 IgG/IgM test using the matrices fingerstick whole blood, venous whole blood and serum is similar to the test performance using venous plasma.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 22/04/2020, South Central - Berkshire Research Ethics Committee (Bristol REC Centre, Whitefriars, BS1 2NT, UK; +44 (0)207 1048046; berkshire.rec@hra.nhs.uk), ref: 20/SC/0191

Study design

Observational case-control study

Primary study design

Observational

Study type(s)

Diagnostic

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2 infection) past exposure

Interventions

All participants provided a fingerstick capillary whole blood sample as well as a venous blood sample. All participants had a fingerstick capillary whole blood sample, a venous EDTA whole blood sample, a venous EDTA plasma sample and a venous serum sample tested using the Panbio COVID-19 IgG/IgM Rapid Test Device. The results are evaluated using laboratory based SARS-CoV-2 IgM and IgG reference tests.

Intervention Type

Other

Primary outcome(s)

User's test result interpretation of the Panbio™ COVID-19 IgG/IgM rapid test device at 10 minutes and at 20 minutes after sample application, using fingerstick whole blood, venous whole blood and venous serum, in comparison with venous plasma

Key secondary outcome(s)

1. User's test result interpretation of the Panbio™ COVID-19 IgG/IgM rapid test device at 10 minutes and at 20 minutes after sample application using fingerstick whole blood, venous whole blood, venous serum and venous plasma, in comparison with laboratory reference tests
2. Prevalence of COVID-19 antibodies in all participants at the time of enrolment, as determined by a laboratory-based test

Completion date

03/07/2020

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Aged 18 years or older
2. Known to have been infected with SARS-CoV-2, or who have not been infected with SARS-CoV-2
3. Agrees to complete all aspects of the study

Participant type(s)

Mixed

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 years

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

1. Belongs to a study group that has been filled
2. Has already participated in this study on a previous occasion
3. Is enrolled in a study to evaluate a new drug
4. Unable or unwilling to provide informed consent
5. Is a vulnerable person as deemed unfit for the study by the Principal Investigator

Date of first enrolment

15/05/2020

Date of final enrolment

10/06/2020

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre

The Royal London Hospital

Barts Health NHS Trust

Whitechapel Road

Whitechapel

London

United Kingdom

E1 1BB

Sponsor information

Organisation

Abbott (Germany)

ROR

<https://ror.org/02x2gk324>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Not defined

Funder Name

Abbott Rapid Diagnostics Jena GmbH

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are not expected to be made available as consent has not been obtained for making de-identified participant data available under GDPR. The data will be clearly explained in a peer-reviewed publication.

IPD sharing plan summary

Not expected to be made available

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article		27/04/2021	28/01/2022	Yes	No
HRA research summary			28/06/2023	No	No