

# Best available therapy versus JAK Inhibition in patients with high risk polycythaemia vera or essential thrombocythaemia who are resistant or intolerant to hydroxycarbamide

<b>Submission date</b> 12/04/2012	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 12/04/2012	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 30/06/2023	<b>Condition category</b> Cancer	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

## Plain English summary of protocol

<https://www.cancerresearchuk.org/about-cancer/find-a-clinical-trial/a-trial-looking-ruxolitinib-treat-polycythaemia-vera-essential-thrombocythaemia-majic>

## Contact information

### Type(s)

Scientific

### Contact name

Mrs Sonia Fox

### Contact details

Edgbaston  
Birmingham  
United Kingdom  
B15 2TT

-  
MAJIC@trials.bham.ac.uk

## Additional identifiers

### Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)

2011-005279-18

### Protocol serial number

11941

# Study information

## Scientific Title

A randomised study of best Available therapy versus JAK Inhibition in patients with high risk polycythaemia vera or essential thrombocythaemia who are resistant or intolerant to hydroxycarbamide

## Acronym

MAJIC

## Study objectives

MAJIC is a phase II, randomised, open-label, two arm, multicentre clinical trial. The trial aims to investigate and evaluate the activity and safety (in terms of complete haematological response within one year) of Ruxolitinib in the treatment of patients with Polycythaemia Vera (PV) or Essential Thrombocythaemia (ET) who have met criteria for resistance or intolerance of hydroxycarbamide (HC) therapy.

More information can be found at <http://public.ukcrn.org.uk/search/StudyDetail.aspx?StudyID=11941>

On 10/03/2015 the overall trial end date was changed from 02/12/2013 to 31/07/2020.

## Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

## Ethics approval(s)

NRES Committee North West - Liverpool Central, 25/01/2012, ref: 12/NW/0045

## Primary study design

Interventional

## Study design

Randomised; Interventional; Design type: Treatment

## Study type(s)

Treatment

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Topic: National Cancer Research Network; Subtopic: Haematological Oncology; Disease: Miscellaneous

## Interventions

1. Ruxolitinib, JAK I/II inhibitor
2. Best Available Therapy: This would be the clinicians choice of second line treatment that the patient would receive outside of the trial. This can be any active (non investigational) agent used alone or in combination but not solely venesection or supportive care.

Follow Up Length: 60 month(s)

Study Entry : Single Randomisation only

## Intervention Type

Drug

## Phase

Phase II

## Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Ruxolitinib

## Primary outcome(s)

Complete response rates within 1 year

## Key secondary outcome(s)

1. Partial response rates as defined by European LeukemiaNet criteria within 1 year of treatment
2. Duration of response
3. Toxicity profile of Ruxolitinib based on CTC criteria
4. Dose Intensity
5. Histological response: bone marrow biopsy analysis criteria as defined by European LeukemiaNet
6. Molecular response: JAK2V617F status quantitation; criteria defined by European LeukemiaNet
7. Haemorrhagic and thromboembolic event rate
8. Quality of life and disease symptom burden
9. Overall survival
10. Progression free survival

## Completion date

28/03/2022

## Eligibility

### Key inclusion criteria

Inclusion criteria for PV:

1. Male or female patient  $\geq 18$  years of age
2. A confirmed diagnosis of high risk PV. High Risk is defined as ANY ONE of the following
  - 2.1. Age  $> 60$  years
  - 2.2. Previous documented thrombosis
  - 2.3. Erythromelalgia or migraine (severe, recurrent, requiring medications, and felt to be secondary to the MPN) either after diagnosis or within 10 years before diagnosis and considered to be disease-related
  - 2.4. Significant splenomegaly (i.e.  $> 5$ cm below costal margin on palpation) or symptomatic (splenic infarcts or requiring analgesia)
  - 2.5. Platelets  $> 1000 \times 10^9/L$
  - 2.6. Diabetes or hypertension requiring pharmacological therapy for  $> 6$  months

Inclusion criteria for ET:

1. Male or female patient  $\geq 18$  years of age
2. A confirmed diagnosis of high risk ET. High risk is defined as ANY ONE of the following:
  - 2.1. Age  $> 60$  years
  - 2.2. Platelet count  $> 1500 \times 10^9/L$
  - 2.3. Previous documented thrombosis

2.4. Erythromelalgia or migraine (severe, recurrent, requiring medications, and felt to be secondary to the MPN) either after diagnosis or within 10 years before diagnosis and considered to be disease-related

2.5. Previous haemorrhage related to ET Diabetes or hypertension requiring pharmacological therapy for > 6 months

3. ALL patients must also be either intolerant OR resistant to Hydroxycarbamide (HC) based on the following established criteria: Any ONE of the following:

3.1. Platelet count >600 x 10<sup>9</sup>/L after 8 weeks of at least 2 g/day or maximum tolerated dose (MTD) of HC (2.5 g/day in patients with a body weight >80 kg)

3.2. Platelet count >400 x 10<sup>9</sup>/L and WBC < 2.5 x 10<sup>9</sup>/L at any dose of HC (for a period of at least 8 weeks)

3.3. Platelet count >400 x 10<sup>9</sup>/L and Hb < 11 g/dl at any dose of HC (for a period of at least 8 weeks)

3.4. Platelet count persistently <100 x 10<sup>9</sup>/L at any dose of HC (for a period of at least 8 weeks)

3.4. Progressive splenomegaly or hepatomegaly i.e. enlargement by more than 5cm or appearance of new splenomegaly or hepatomegaly on HC treatment

3.5. Not achieving the desired reduction of haematocrit or packed cell volume with the addition of HC in patients who do not tolerate frequent venesections after 8 weeks of at least 2 g/day of HC (2.5 g/day in patients with a body weight >80 kg)

3.6. Not achieving the desired stable reduction of WBC when leukocytes are a target of therapy after 8 weeks of at least 2 g/day or MTD of HC (2.5 g/day in patients with a body weight >80 kg)

3.7. Thrombosis or haemorrhage while on therapy

3.8. Presence of leg ulcers or other unacceptable HC-related non-haematological toxicities, such as unacceptable mucocutaneous manifestations, gastrointestinal symptoms, pneumonitis or fever at any dose of HC OR Cycling platelet counts on therapy

Target Gender: Male & Female ; Lower Age Limit 18 years

### **Participant type(s)**

Patient

### **Healthy volunteers allowed**

No

### **Age group**

Adult

### **Lower age limit**

18 Years

### **Sex**

All

### **Total final enrolment**

306

### **Key exclusion criteria**

1. Pregnant and lactating patients (patients of childbearing potential must have a negative pregnancy test prior to study entry)

2. Patients and partners of childbearing potential not willing to use effective contraception

3. Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group Performance Status Scale (ECOG) Performance Status Score >= 3

4. Current rapid or paroxysmal atrial fibrillation
5. Uncontrolled or unstable angina
6. Recent (6 months) myocardial infarction or acute coronary syndrome or any clinically significant cardiac disease > New York Heart Association (NYHA) Class II
7. Previous treatment with a Janus kinase 2 (JAK2) inhibitor
8. Previous (within the last 12 months) or current platelet count <100 x 10<sup>9</sup>/L or neutrophil count < 1 x 10<sup>9</sup>/L not due to therapy
9. Inadequate liver function as defined by aspartate aminotransferase/alanine aminotransferase (ALT/AST) >1.5 x upper limit normal (ULN)
10. Inadequate renal function as defined by Glomerular filtration rate (GFR) < 15 mls/min
11. Unable to give informed consent

**Date of first enrolment**

04/06/2012

**Date of final enrolment**

31/07/2015

## Locations

**Countries of recruitment**

United Kingdom

England

**Study participating centre**

University of Birmingham

Birmingham

United Kingdom

B15 2TT

## Sponsor information

**Organisation**

University of Birmingham (UK)

**ROR**

<https://ror.org/03angcq70>

## Funder(s)

**Funder type**

Charity

## Funder Name

Leukaemia & Lymphoma Research (UK)

## Results and Publications

### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are/will be available upon request from the Trial Management Group (contact [majic@trials.bham.ac.uk](mailto:majic@trials.bham.ac.uk)) who will review any requests for data sharing following the end of trial report in 2022.

### IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

### Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">Results article</a>		01/07/2023	30/06/2023	Yes	No
<a href="#">Basic results</a>		29/03/2023	29/03/2023	No	No
<a href="#">HRA research summary</a>			28/06/2023	No	No
<a href="#">Plain English results</a>			25/10/2022	No	Yes