

Targeted pharmacological reversal of electrical remodeling after cardioversion

Submission date 06/04/2005	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 02/08/2005	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 06/02/2015	Condition category Circulatory System	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol
Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

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Additional identifiers

ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)
NCT00215774

Protocol serial number
AFNET-B11

Study information

Scientific Title
Targeted pharmacological reversal of electrical remodeling after cardioversion

Acronym

Flec-SL

Study objectives

Targeted, short-term pharmacological reversal of electrical remodeling is not inferior to prevent recurrent AF after cardioversion when compared to standard long-term antiarrhythmic medication.

On 05/10/2009 the following changes were made to the trial record :

1. The target number of participants was changed from 760 to 575.
2. The overall trial end date was changed from 30/06/2008 to 01/05/2011.

On 13/10/2009 the target number of participants was changed from 575 to 635.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Ethics Committee of Ärztekammer Westfalen-Lippe and the Faculty of Medicine, Westfälischen Wilhelms University of Münster, November 2004, ref: 4 VII Kirchhof

Primary study design

Interventional

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study type(s)

Prevention

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Atrial fibrillation (AF)

Interventions

Targeted, short-term pharmacological reversal of electrical remodeling is not inferior to prevent recurrent AF after cardioversion when compared to standard long-term antiarrhythmic medication.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome(s)

Time to first recurrence of persistent AF

Key secondary outcome(s)

1. Time to first occurrence of a documented relapse of atrial fibrillation
2. Number of patients with persistent AF after 6 months

3. Number and total duration of documented AF episodes
4. Time to termination of trial medication
5. Number of hospitalizations due to atrial fibrillation
6. Number of visits without hospitalization
7. Number of serious adverse events of special interest
8. Evolution of left ventricular function
9. Quality of life

Completion date

01/05/2011

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Documented persistent atrial fibrillation
2. Age of 18 years
3. Documented oral anticoagulation (international normalized ratio [INR] ≥ 2) for at least three weeks prior to inclusion, or exclusion of left atrial thrombi by trans-esophageal echocardiography
4. Written informed consent of the patient

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

Exclusion criteria are based on the approval information of flecainide and include, among others, patients with known coronary artery disease or typical angina pectoris, patients with depressed left ventricular ejection fraction (<40%), patients with severely depressed renal or hepatic function, patients with overt thyroid disease, and patients with known Brugada syndrome, sinus node dysfunction or higher degree AV nodal block.

Date of first enrolment

01/03/2005

Date of final enrolment

31/10/2009

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Germany

Study participating centre

University of Birmingham Centre for Cardiovascular Sciences

Birmingham

United Kingdom

B15 2TT

Sponsor information

Organisation

German Atrial Fibrillation competence NETwork (AFNET) (Kompetenznetz Vorhofflimmern) (Germany)

ROR

<https://ror.org/01spm3d88>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Industry

Funder Name

German Atrial Fibrillation competence NETwork (AFNET) (Kompetenznetz Vorhofflimmern) with funds of the German Research Foundation (Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft [DFG]) and the Federal Ministry of Education and Research (Bundesministerium für Bildung und Forschung [BMBF]) (Germany)

Funder Name

Meda Pharma (Germany)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	21/07/2012		Yes	No
Results article	results	18/09/2012		Yes	No
Results article	results	09/10/2013		Yes	No
Protocol article	protocol	01/11/2005		Yes	No
Other publications	publication with some data on the Flec-SL trial:	01/11/2007		Yes	No