

# Understanding visual processing differences using short video tasks in adults with cerebral visual impairment

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		<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 20/05/2026	<b>Overall study status</b> Ongoing	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 20/05/2026	<b>Condition category</b> Nervous System Diseases	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

## Plain English summary of protocol

### Background and study aims

Cerebral visual impairment (CVI) can affect how people process complex visual information, particularly in busy or moving environments. Some people experience difficulties seeing and integrating multiple visual elements at the same time, often referred to as dorsal stream dysfunction. This study aims to explore how adults with CVI respond to short naturalistic video tasks and compare these responses with adults with typical vision.

### Who can participate?

Adults aged 18 years and over with an established diagnosis of cerebral visual impairment may participate. Adults with typical vision may also participate as part of the control group.

### What does the study involve?

Participants first undergo a short eye screening assessment, including a structured question inventory used to identify features associated with dorsal stream dysfunction and determine their suitability for participation. Participants then view eight short videos showing everyday environments such as shops, beaches, and driving scenes. While watching the videos, participants describe aloud what they can see. After each video, participants complete a structured question inventory about their experience, including visual difficulty, stress, mental fatigue, and visual fatigue.

### What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The study may improve understanding of cerebral visual impairment and support future development of assessment approaches and support strategies. Some participants with CVI may find certain visually busy videos tiring or stressful. Participants may pause, take breaks, skip videos, or stop participation at any time.

### Where is the study run from?

University of St Andrews (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?  
January 2024 to December 2026

Who is funding the study?  
University of St Andrews (UK)

Who is the main contact?  
Helen St Clair Tracy, hsct1@st-andrews.ac.uk

## Contact information

### Type(s)

Principal investigator, Scientific, Public

### Contact name

None Helen St Clair Tracy

### ORCID ID

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### Contact details

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## Additional identifiers

## Study information

### Scientific Title

An observational pilot study comparing responses to short naturalistic video tasks in adults with cerebral visual impairment and control participants to investigate visual processing, stress, fatigue, and visual scene extraction

### Study objectives

### Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

### Ethics approval(s)

approved 25/10/2023, School of Medicine Ethics Committee, University of St Andrews (University of St Andrews School of Medicine North Haugh, St Andrews, KY16 9TF, United Kingdom; +44 (0)1334 463596; medethic@st-andrews.ac.uk), ref: MD17292

### Primary study design

Observational

## Secondary study design

Case-control study

## Study type(s)

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Cerebral visual impairment (CVI)

## Interventions

Participants with cerebral visual impairment and control participants with typical vision will undergo ophthalmological screening assessment and structured question inventory assessment prior to participation. Participants will then view eight short naturalistic videos depicting everyday visual environments including shops, beaches, and driving scenes. Participants will describe aloud what they can see while viewing each video. Following each video, participants will complete structured questionnaire measures relating to visual difficulty, stress, mental fatigue, and visual fatigue. Quantitative and qualitative data including questionnaire responses, verbal descriptions, timing measures, and visual instance scoring will be analysed to compare visual processing profiles between adults with cerebral visual impairment and control participants.

## Intervention Type

Behavioural

## Primary outcome(s)

1. Object identification performance measured using visual instance scoring and verbal scene description during naturalistic video tasks at a single study assessment
2. Self reported visual difficulty measured using post-video Likert questionnaire responses during naturalistic video tasks at a single study assessment
3. Task completion time measured using minutes during naturalistic video task assessment at a single study assessment

## Key secondary outcome(s)

## Completion date

31/12/2026

## Eligibility

### Key inclusion criteria

Adults with CVI group:

1. Established NHS diagnosis of cerebral visual impairment
2. Sufficient visual acuity to undertake the video tasks
3. Features consistent with dorsal stream dysfunction based on structured question inventory and ophthalmological assessment

Control group:

1. Correctable typical visual acuity

2. No diagnosis of cerebral visual impairment
3. No evidence of features suggestive of cerebral visual impairment based on structured question inventory and ophthalmological assessment

**Healthy volunteers allowed**

Yes

**Age group**

Mixed

**Lower age limit**

18 years

**Upper age limit**

120 years

**Sex**

All

**Total final enrolment**

0

**Key exclusion criteria**

1. Significant uncorrected visual impairment preventing participation in the video tasks
2. Inability to complete the structured video viewing and question procedures

For control participants:

1. Any evidence suggestive of cerebral visual impairment or dorsal stream dysfunction based on ophthalmological assessment and structured question inventory

**Date of first enrolment**

16/01/2024

**Date of final enrolment**

31/12/2026

**Locations****Countries of recruitment**

United Kingdom

Scotland

**Study participating centre**

**University of St Andrews**

College Gate

North Street

St. Andrews  
Scotland  
KY16 9AJ

## Sponsor information

### Organisation

University of St Andrews

### ROR

<https://ror.org/02wn5qz54>

## Funder(s)

### Funder type

### Funder Name

University of St Andrews

### Alternative Name(s)

The University of St Andrews

### Funding Body Type

Government organisation

### Funding Body Subtype

Universities (academic only)

### Location

United Kingdom

## Results and Publications

### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated and/or analysed during the current study will be published as supplementary information alongside the results publication. All shared data will be fully anonymised and will include participant transcripts, questionnaire responses, visual instance scoring data, and summary analyses. Audio recordings were deleted following transcription checking and anonymisation. No identifiable participant data will be shared.

### IPD sharing plan summary

Published as a supplement to the results publication

