

Allopurinol in the prevention of superficial bladder tumour recurrence

Submission date 01/05/2006	Recruitment status Stopped	☐ Prospectively registered ☐ Protocol
Registration date 17/08/2006	Overall study status Stopped	☐ Statistical analysis plan ☐ Results
Last Edited 09/01/2017	Condition category Cancer	☐ Individual participant data ☐ Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

<http://www.cancerhelp.org.uk/trials/a-trial-looking-new-drug-help-stop-early-bladder-cancer-coming-back-after-treatment-rapor>

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number

06/Q2501/64

Study information

Scientific Title

Allopurinol in the prevention of superficial bladder tumour recurrence

Acronym

RAPOR

Study objectives

Allopurinol reduces the risk of recurrence of superficial bladder cancer.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Being considered for approval by the Nottingham REC 2 (reference: UHL 9950 ETHICS 06/Q2501/64), final approval received 03/05/2006.

Primary study design

Interventional

Study design

A single centre, randomised placebo controlled trial

Study type(s)

Prevention

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Superficial transitional cell carcinoma of the urinary bladder

Interventions

Allopurinol 100 mg once daily with food or placebo drug

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Phase II

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Allopurinol

Primary outcome(s)

Time to biopsy-proven bladder tumour recurrence whilst taking allopurinol 100 mg once daily or placebo.

Key secondary outcome(s)

To evaluate the tolerability of allopurinol in patients with superficial bladder cancer, and to identify any adverse events.

Completion date

01/01/2016

Reason abandoned (if study stopped)

Participant recruitment issue

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Patients with solitary Transitional Cell Carcinoma (TCC) Ta or T1 bladder tumour (Grade one to two) that recurs at three months
2. Patients with multifocal TCC Ta bladder tumours (Grade one to two) that do not recur at three months
3. Patients with multifocal TCC Ta bladder tumours (Grade one to two) that recurs at three months

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Not Specified

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

1. Tumours with a higher risk of progression to muscle-invasive bladder cancer
2. Non-TCC bladder cancer
3. Multifocal T1 or Grade three TCC
4. Carcinoma in situ
5. More than one instillation of intravesical chemotherapy
6. Intravesical Bacillus Calmette-Guerin (BCG) therapy

Other reasons:

1. Current azathioprine or mercaptopurine treatment
2. Serum creatinine more than 200 µmol/l
3. Pregnant
4. Breast feeding
5. Aged under 18 year of age
6. Previous Allopurinol hypersensitivity
7. Current allopurinol treatment

Date of first enrolment

01/06/2006

Date of final enrolment

01/01/2016

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre
Clinical Sciences Unit
Leicester
United Kingdom
LE5 4PW

Sponsor information

Organisation
Leicester General Hospital (UK)

ROR
<https://ror.org/02zg49d29>

Funder(s)

Funder type
Government

Funder Name
University Hospitals of Leicester NHS Trust (UK)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary
Not provided at time of registration