

Cost effectiveness of Aphasia Computer Treatment versus Usual Stimulation or attention control long term post stroke

Submission date 18/02/2014	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	☒ Prospectively registered ☒ Protocol
Registration date 18/02/2014	Overall study status Completed	☐ Statistical analysis plan ☒ Results
Last Edited 07/12/2023	Condition category Circulatory System	☐ Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Aphasia is a language disorder affecting understanding, talking, reading and writing, often as a result of a stroke. People with aphasia rarely receive speech and language therapy for more than a few months after a stroke. They may receive continued support from stroke groups and carers or relatives. There is evidence that people can continue to improve their language skills for several years. There is also evidence that people with aphasia can use computer software independently for structured language practice. This study investigates whether people who have had aphasia for more than 4 months can get better at finding the correct words by using computer exercises, and whether offering computer therapy is good value for money.

Who can participate?

Those identified as having had a stroke, with a diagnosis of aphasia, 4 months or more after the stroke, aged 18 years or above.

What does the study involve?

A Research Speech and Language Therapist (SLT) will visit potential participants at home to assess their language and daily life activities. The SLT will use a consent support tool to identify the style of information the potential participant is most likely to understand to be able to give informed consent. For those with severe aphasia the researcher will seek advice from a carer, relative or legal representative about whether or not the potential participant should take part. Participants will be randomly allocated to one of the following three groups:

1. Continuing with usual activities/therapy
2. Using the computer therapy exercises
3. Carrying out daily puzzle book activities

Usual care will involve a range of activities as this varies across the country, such as face to face speech and language therapy support, or attendance at support groups. The computer therapy will be tailored to the individuals' needs by an SLT, using a computer program specifically designed to help people with aphasia improve their word finding ability, called StepByStep. Participants will be encouraged to practice daily, and trained volunteers or SLT assistants will provide support with language practice and computer use. Participants allocated to do puzzle

book activities will be provided with books of standard puzzles to be carried out each day. A member of the research team will contact the participants or carers once a month to mimic the attention provided by volunteers in the computer therapy arm. Participants will be in the study for 12 months and have their treatment for 6 months, with follow-up assessments at 6, 9 and 12 months.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The initial study showed greater ability to find words and have a conversation, and improved confidence. The only risk identified was fatigue (tiredness). Participants will have the opportunity to keep the software on their own computer at the end of the study. The SLT will help those that did not receive the computer treatment during the study to borrow a computer and software at the end of the study.

Where is the study run from?

Participants will be recruited from about 20 speech and language therapy departments across the UK, from current and past patient records and contacts with longer-term voluntary support groups.

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

January 2014 to September 2017

Who is funding the study?

National Institute for Health Research (UK)

Who is the main contact?

Mrs Liz Cross

e.a.cross@sheffield.ac.uk

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Mrs Elizabeth Cross

ORCID ID

<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-7976-8463>

Contact details

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number

15733; HTA 12/21/01

Study information

Scientific Title

Cost effectiveness of Aphasia Computer Treatment versus Usual Stimulation or attention control long term post stroke: a randomised trial

Acronym

Big CACTUS

Study objectives

This research will establish whether people with post stroke aphasia can continue to improve their ability to talk after completion of traditional NHS therapy, and whether this can be achieved cost effectively by offering computer treatment at home.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Leeds West REC, 13/01/2014, ref: 13/YH/0377

Primary study design

Interventional

Study design

Randomised; Interventional; Design type: Treatment

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Topic: Stroke Research Network; Subtopic: Primary Care, Rehabilitation; Disease: Therapy type

Interventions

Participants will be randomly allocated to either:

1. Continuing with usual activities/therapy only
2. Using the computer therapy exercises with usual care
3. Carrying out daily puzzle book activities with usual care

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Phase III

Primary outcome(s)

Current primary outcome measures as of 20/02/2018:

1. The change in word finding ability of words personally relevant to the participant will be measured by a picture naming task (100 words with a maximum of 2 points each). The word finding score will be expressed as a percentage of the total score and change in the percentage 6 months from baseline will be calculated
2. Improvement in functional communication will be measured by blinded ratings of video recorded conversations between a SLT and participants, using the activity scale of the Therapy Outcome Measures

Added 18/04/2018: The outcomes are measured at 6, 9 and 12 months.

Previous primary outcome measures:

1. The change in the number of words (of personal relevance to the participant) named correctly at 6 months will be measured by a picture naming task
2. Improvement in functional communication will be measured by blinded ratings of video recorded conversations between a SLT and participants using the activity scale of the Therapy Outcome Measures and number of target words used in conversation, at 6 months

Key secondary outcome(s)

Current secondary outcome measures as of 20/02/2018:

1. Improvement in patient perception of communication will be measured using the COAST - a patient reported measure of communication participation and related quality of life
2. Use of learnt vocabulary in the context of conversation will be measured using a checklist of target words during rating of the videoed conversations at 6 months

Added 18/04/2018: The outcomes are measured at 6, 9 and 12 months.

Previous secondary outcome measures:

Improvement in patient perception of communication will be measured using the COAST - a patient-reported measure of communication participation and related quality of life

Completion date

12/09/2017

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Aged 18 or over
2. Diagnosis of stroke(s)
3. Onset of stroke at least 4 months prior to randomisation
4. Diagnosis of aphasia, subsequent to stroke, as confirmed by a trained speech and language therapist.
5. Word retrieval difficulties tested by the naming test of the Comprehensive Aphasia Test [25] (score of 10-90% 5-43/48).
6. Ability to perform a simple matching task with the StepbyStep© programme (to confirm sufficient vision and cognitive ability to participate in the intervention)

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Sex

All

Total final enrolment

278

Key exclusion criteria

1. They have another premorbid speech and language disorder caused by a neurological deficit other than stroke (a formal diagnosis can be reported by the participant or relatives and confirmed by the recruiting speech and language therapist).
2. They are unable to repeat words (suggesting presence of severe dyspraxia)
3. They require treatment for a language other than English (as the software is in English)
4. They are currently using the StepbyStep© computer programme or other computer speech therapy aimed at word retrieval/naming

Date of first enrolment

01/09/2014

Date of final enrolment

18/08/2016

Locations**Countries of recruitment**

United Kingdom

England

Northern Ireland

Scotland

Wales

Study participating centre

Sheffield Teaching Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust

United Kingdom

S10 2JF

Study participating centre

Humber NHS Foundation Trust
United Kingdom
HU10 6ED

Study participating centre
Newcastle Upon Tyne Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust
United Kingdom
NE7 7DN

Study participating centre
Northern Health & Social Care Trust
United Kingdom
BT41 2RL

Study participating centre
Belfast Health & Social Care Trust
United Kingdom
BT9 7AB

Study participating centre
South Essex Partnership University NHS Foundation Trust
United Kingdom
SS11 7XX

Study participating centre
NHS Greater Glasgow and Clyde
United Kingdom
G12 0XH

Study participating centre
Cwm Taf University Health Board
United Kingdom
CF45 4SN

Study participating centre

Derbyshire Community Health Services NHS Trust
United Kingdom
DE45 1AD

Study participating centre
Nottinghamshire Healthcare NHS Trust
United Kingdom
NG3 6AA

Study participating centre
Northern Lincolnshire & Goole NHS Foundation Trust "
United Kingdom
DN15 7BH

Study participating centre
Livewell Southwest (Plymouth Community Healthcare)
United Kingdom
PL4 7PY

Study participating centre
Norfolk Community Health and Care NHS Trust
United Kingdom
NR2 3TU

Study participating centre
Somerset Partnership NHS Foundation Trust
United Kingdom
TA6 4RN

Study participating centre
Cambridgeshire and Peterborough NHS Foundation Trust
United Kingdom
CB21 5EF

Study participating centre

Northamptonshire Healthcare Foundation Trust
United Kingdom
NN15 7PW

Study participating centre
Dorset HealthCare University Foundation Trust
United Kingdom
BH17 0RB

Study participating centre
City Hospitals Sunderland NHS Foundation Trust
United Kingdom
SR4 7TP

Study participating centre
Abertawe Bro Morgannwg University Health Board (ABMUHB)
United Kingdom
SA12 7BR

Study participating centre
NHS Ayrshire and Arran
United Kingdom
KA6 6AB

Sponsor information

Organisation
University of Sheffield (UK)

ROR
<https://ror.org/05krs5044>

Funder(s)

Funder type
Government

Funder Name

Health Technology Assessment Programme

Alternative Name(s)

NIHR Health Technology Assessment Programme, Health Technology Assessment (HTA), HTA

Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

National government

Location

United Kingdom

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

Current IPD sharing statement as of 14/06/2019:

All data requests should be submitted to the corresponding author for consideration. Please note exclusive use will be retained until the publication of major outputs. Access to anonymised data may be granted following review.

Previous IPD sharing statement:

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are/will be available upon request from Rebecca Palmer (r.l.palmer@sheffield.ac.uk). All data collected (anonymised) will become available after publication of the report and main peer reviewed paper in 2018 for 10 years from the end of study date. The trialists would individually consider each request before deciding whether to give which (if any) data. They would ensure secure transfer of information and stipulate terms of use of the data within a data sharing agreement. They have consented participants to anonymised data sharing. Shared data would always be anonymised as far as possible.

IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/09/2019	12/08/2019	Yes	No
Results article	results	01/04/2020	06/05/2020	Yes	No
Results article	results	23/11/2020	18/12/2020	Yes	No
Protocol article	protocol	27/01/2015		Yes	No
HRA research summary			28/06/2023	No	No

Other publications	impact for NHS SLT departments that participated in Big CACTUS	07/12/2022	12/12/2022	Yes	No
Other publications	Qualitative exploration of the computerized speech and language therapy approach	05/12/2023	07/12/2023	Yes	No
Study website	Study website	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes