

# Research into clinical and MRI measures to get understanding of the neuropsychological outcome of children undergoing surgery for a brain tumor

<b>Submission date</b> 20/12/2023	<b>Recruitment status</b> Recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 28/05/2024	<b>Overall study status</b> Ongoing	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 28/05/2024	<b>Condition category</b> Cancer	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

## Plain English summary of protocol

### Background and study aims

Central nervous system (CNS) tumours comprise 25% of all childhood cancers, and more than half of these are located in the cerebellum. After an operation for such a tumour, up to 25% of children may experience cerebellar mutism syndrome (CMS). It is characterized by mutism, hypotonia, ataxia and irritability, and the exact causes have yet to be identified. Although a cure may have been achieved for their brain tumour, the CMS and its consequences can still pose a lifelong challenge for these children. Since about half of paediatric brain tumours are located in the posterior fossa and require surgery, CMS is a common and serious issue in paediatric neuro-oncology. The main aim of this study is to investigate early clinical and neuroradiological (MRI) predictors of neuropsychological outcomes in children with posterior fossa tumors. Additionally, the study aims to identify group differences and changes over time in neuroradiological and neuropsychological measures for children with higher versus lower CMS symptom severity.

### Who can participate?

Children participating in the European CMS study are also eligible for the FASTigial study. Children (2-18 years old) requiring surgery for a cerebellar (posterior fossa) tumor at one of the participating centers will be included after informed consent has been obtained. Additionally, patients must understand and be able to speak the local language. In contrast to the European CMS study, patients who have undergone surgery previously CANNOT participate in FASTigial.

The targeted number of included patients is 210, with 80 children expected to be included at the Princess Maxima Center for Pediatric Oncology.

### What does the study involve?

Patients participating in the study will be treated according to local standards. Additionally, we will perform neuropsychological tests before surgery, directly after surgery, and 12 months after surgery using digital tests lasting about 30 minutes each time. While the child completes the neuropsychological tests, the parent(s) will be asked to complete several questionnaires.

Furthermore, the child will undergo an MRI scan as part of standard care. Two additional MRI sequences will be added to the clinical protocol, including diffusion and perfusion scan techniques.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Participation in the study will not impact or interfere with the child's treatment plan. The child will not experience any extra benefits or risks. The administration of neuropsychological tests carries no risk. The additional MRI sequences are obtained when the patient undergoes a clinical MRI, thus the patient is not at risk.

Patients may even benefit from additional explanations and guidance provided by the researchers. In contrast, the study yields crucial insights into the etiology of cerebellar mutism and the factors influencing its onset and recovery.

Where is the study run from?

The Princess Máxima Center Utrecht (the Netherlands)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

From April 2024 to October 2027

Who is funding the study?

Children Cancer Free Foundation (Stichting Kinderen Kankervrij) (the Netherlands)

Who is the main contact?

Marita Partanen, M.H.Partanen@prinsesmaximacentrum.nl

## Contact information

### Type(s)

Public, Scientific, Principal investigator

### Contact name

Dr Marita Partanen

### ORCID ID

<https://orcid.org/0000-0003-1018-9778>

### Contact details

Heidelberglaan 25

Utrecht

Netherlands

3584CS

+31 889727272

M.H.Partanen@prinsesmaximacentrum.nl

## Additional identifiers

### Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)

Nil known

**Protocol serial number**

MN21FAS

## Study information

**Scientific Title**

FASTigial: Finding Anatomical SubStrates of neuropsychological outcome in children with posterior fossa tumors (add-on project on the European CMS study)

**Acronym**

FASTigial

**Study objectives**

It is expected that clinical criteria, CMS symptom severity, and changes in neuroradiological findings over time will predict neuropsychological outcome at 12 months after surgery. Patients with higher versus lower CMS symptom severity will have greater pre- and post-operative damage to white matter tracts (DTI), leading to changes in perfusion (ASL). Also, those with higher versus lower CMS severity will have significant impairments across neuropsychological domains, particularly in executive functioning, attention, processing speed and emotional-behavioral domains. Some deficits will be shown at the pre-surgery phase, but impairments will become more apparent post-surgery. Some children will show recovery over time, however, those with greater CMS symptoms will have slower recovery.

**Ethics approval required**

Ethics approval required

**Ethics approval(s)**

approved 03/04/2024, Medisch-Ethische Toetsingscommissie NedMec (Huispost D01.343 Postbus 85500, Utrecht, 3508 GA, Netherlands; +31 88-7556376; metc@nedmec.nl), ref: NL85971.041.23

**Study design**

Multicenter observational study

**Primary study design**

Observational

**Study type(s)**

Diagnostic, Prevention, Quality of life

**Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

Newly diagnosed pediatric brain tumors located in the posterior fossa

**Interventions**

For this multicenter observational study, patients participating in the study will be treated according to local standards. Additionally, we will conduct neuropsychological tests preoperatively, postoperatively, and 12 months after surgery using digital tests that take approximately 30 minutes each time. While the child completes the neuropsychological tests, the parent(s) will be asked to complete several questionnaires. Furthermore, the child will undergo MRI scans as part of standard care. Two additional MRI sequences will be added to the

clinical protocol, including diffusion (DTI) and perfusion (ASL) scan techniques. A neurological scale will be completed. Other medical information will be retrieved from the database of the European CMS study (to which the FASTigial study is an add-on)([www.ClinicalTrials.gov](http://www.ClinicalTrials.gov); NCT02300766).

## **Intervention Type**

Other

## **Primary outcome(s)**

1. Age-standardized performance on executive functioning (neuropsychological domain) measured using questionnaires filled in by parents preoperatively, postoperatively, and 12 months after surgery.
2. White matter integrity and perfusion in the brain measured using MRI and clinical data (e.g., age, treatment) will be used to investigate early clinical and neuroradiological predictors of neuropsychological outcome preoperatively, postoperatively, and 12 months after surgery.

## **Key secondary outcome(s)**

1. Age-standardized performance on neuropsychological measures, measured using computerized tests (Cogstate) and questionnaires preoperatively, postoperatively, and 12 months after surgery.
2. Clinical, neuroradiological (white matter integrity and perfusion) and neuropsychological variables will be collected to identify group differences and changes over time in posterior fossa tumor patients who have higher versus lower CMS symptom severity preoperatively, postoperatively, and 12 months after surgery.

## **Completion date**

01/10/2027

# **Eligibility**

## **Key inclusion criteria**

Eligible for European CMS study

1. Age 2-18 years at the date of first imaging showing this tumour
2. Understanding and speaking of local language by patient and/or parents

Inclusion criteria European CMS study:

1. Age <18 years at the date of first imaging showing this tumour
2. Tumour in the cerebellum/4th ventricle/brainstem with the intention to treat with surgical resection or open biopsy.

## **Participant type(s)**

Patient

## **Healthy volunteers allowed**

No

## **Age group**

Child

## **Lower age limit**

2 years

**Upper age limit**

18 years

**Sex**

All

**Key exclusion criteria**

1. Patients who have had previous surgery on the posterior fossa
2. No informed consent from custodial parent(s) and/or patient

**Date of first enrolment**

01/04/2024

**Date of final enrolment**

01/10/2026

## **Locations**

**Countries of recruitment**

Netherlands

**Study participating centre**

**Princess Maxima Center for Pediatric Oncology**

Heidelberglaan 25

Utrecht

Netherlands

3584 CS

## **Sponsor information**

**Organisation**

Princess Máxima Center

**ROR**

<https://ror.org/02aj7yc53>

## **Funder(s)**

**Funder type**

Not defined

**Funder Name**

Stichting Kinderen Kankervrij

**Alternative Name(s)**

Children Cancer Free Foundation, Foundation KiKa, Kika8118, Kiki\_KinderenKankervrij, Stichting Kinderen Kankervrij (KiKa), KiKa

**Funding Body Type**

Private sector organisation

**Funding Body Subtype**

Trusts, charities, foundations (both public and private)

**Location**

Netherlands

## Results and Publications

**Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan**

During the conduct of the study the data is under embargo. After study completion data sharing plans will be made available.

**IPD sharing plan summary**

Data sharing statement to be made available at a later date