

A trial comparing conventional fractionation with 'CHART' in the radical treatment of non-small cell carcinoma of the bronchus

Submission date 28/02/2001	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	☐ Prospectively registered ☐ Protocol
Registration date 28/02/2001	Overall study status Completed	☐ Statistical analysis plan ☐ Results
Last Edited 29/10/2019	Condition category Cancer	☐ Individual participant data ☐ Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol
Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number
CH01

Study information

Scientific Title

A trial comparing conventional fractionation with 'CHART' in the radical treatment of non-small cell carcinoma of the bronchus

Study objectives

To compare the effectiveness of radical fractionated radiotherapy given daily over six weeks with CHART over 12 days, with respect to survival, local tumour control and morbidity

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Primary study design

Interventional

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study type(s)

Not Specified

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Cancer

Interventions

1. Conventional radiotherapy arm - 2 Gy, once daily five days a week over six weeks (large volume - 44 Gy in 22 fractions followed by small volume - 16 Gy in eight fractions)
2. CHART arm - 1.5 Gy, three time daily over 12 treatment days (large volume - 37.5 Gy in 25 fractions followed by small volume - 16.5 Gy in 11 fractions)

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome(s)

Survival, Local tumour control, Morbidity

Key secondary outcome(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Completion date

01/03/1995

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Inoperable non-small cell carcinoma of the bronchus confined to the thorax proven by histology or by unequivocal brush cytology

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Not Specified

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

1. There should be no evidence of distant metastases including supraclavicular nodes;
2. The patient must have no evidence of a pleural effusion unless it can be attributed to a recent surgical intervention;
3. The volume of the site of tumour within the thorax should be such that a radical course of radiotherapy could be given without prejudicing vital structures such as the spinal cord or lung

Date of first enrolment

01/02/1990

Date of final enrolment

01/03/1995

Locations**Countries of recruitment**

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre

MRC Clinical Trials Unit

London

United Kingdom

NW1 2DA

Sponsor information**Organisation**

Medical Research Council (MRC) (UK)

Funder(s)

Funder type

Research council

Funder Name

Medical Research Council (MRC) (UK)

Alternative Name(s)

Medical Research Council (United Kingdom), UK Medical Research Council, Medical Research Committee and Advisory Council, MRC

Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

National government

Location

United Kingdom

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration