

Impact of dalteparin in pregnancy

Submission date 18/04/2008	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
Registration date 29/04/2008	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Last Edited 30/12/2020	Condition category Pregnancy and Childbirth	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
		<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol
Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number
CER Sainte-Justine 1006

Study information

Scientific Title
Dalteparin in prevention of recurrence of severe obstetrical complications in women without thrombophilia

Study objectives
A prophylactic dose of dalteparin may prevent the recurrence of placental mediated complications in women without thrombophilia.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Ethics approval received from the Comité déthique de recherche (CER) du CHU Sainte-Justine on the 16th March 2000 (ref: 1006).

Primary study design

Interventional

Study design

Randomised open trial

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Severe obstetrical complications

Interventions

Randomisation (1:1) to dalteparin (5000 IU daily) versus no treatment from randomisation until 36 - 37 weeks of pregnancy. Total duration of follow-up for all treatment arms will be from randomisation until departure from the hospital after delivery.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Specified

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Dalteparin

Primary outcome(s)

Composite outcome of one of:

1. Severe preeclampsia
2. Severe IUGR
3. Major abruptio placentae

Primary outcomes will be measured at delivery.

Key secondary outcome(s)

1. Non-severe preeclampsia, measured at delivery
2. Non-severe IUGR, measured at delivery
3. Gestational age at delivery, measured at delivery
4. Pregnancy complications, measured at delivery
5. Hospitalisation length, measured at delivery and departure from the hospital after delivery
6. Admission to intensive care unit, measured at departure from the hospital after delivery

Completion date

20/06/2007

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Normal thrombotic screen
2. Female patients aged more than 17 years
3. Pregnancy less than 17 weeks
4. Signature of the consent form
5. One of the following in previous pregnancy:
 - 5.1. Severe preeclampsia with delivery less than 34 weeks
 - 5.2. Severe intrauterine growth restriction (IUGR)
 - 5.3. Abruptio placentae with delivery less than 34 weeks or foetal death
 - 5.4. One idiopathic foetal death after 20 weeks
 - 5.5. Two or more of idiopathic foetal death between 12 - 19 weeks

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Sex

Female

Total final enrolment

116

Key exclusion criteria

1. Multiple pregnancy
2. Alcohol or illicit drug use
3. Severe medical condition other than chronic hypertension
4. Foetal malformation or chromosomal anomaly
5. Uterine malformation or infection
6. Abdominal trauma
7. Any known cause of foetal death

Date of first enrolment

16/03/2000

Date of final enrolment

20/06/2007

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Canada

Study participating centre
3175 Côte sainte-Catherine
Montreal (QC)
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Sponsor information

Organisation
Canadian Foundation for Women's Health (Canada)

ROR
<https://ror.org/0278syk25>

Funder(s)

Funder type
Research organisation

Funder Name
Canadian Foundation for Women's Health (Canada)

Funder Name
Pharmacia and Upjohn Inc. (USA)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary
Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/01/2009	30/12/2020	Yes	No