

Adaptive Predictive Planning for hypofractionated bLadder radiotherapy

Submission date 27/01/2009	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 18/02/2009	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 27/06/2019	Condition category Cancer	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

<http://www.cancerhelp.org.uk/trials/a-study-radiotherapy-bladder-cancer-APPLY>

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

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Additional identifiers

ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

NCT01000129

Protocol serial number

CCR 3122

Study information

Scientific Title

Adaptive predictive planning for hypofractionated bladder radiotherapy: a prospective phase II study

Acronym

APPLY

Study objectives

There is a continued need for adaptive planning in patients receiving radiotherapy for bladder cancer which can be incorporated into the treatment pathway using an adaptive-predictive organ localisation (A-POLO) methodology.

On 01/03/2011 the overall trial end date was changed from 27/01/2011 to 31/12/2011.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Royal Marsden Research Ethics Committee, 18/12/2008, ref: 08/H0801/137

Study design

Prospective non-blinded non-randomised phase II study

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Muscle invasive bladder cancer

Interventions

A prospective phase II study clinically implementing adaptive planning in radiotherapy for bladder cancer. All eligible patients will be treated with new clinical protocol.

All patients will undergo computed tomography (CT) planning scans at 0, 30 minutes post-void (CT1, CT2). The clinical target volume (CTV) will be contoured on each scan, defined as the whole bladder plus any area of extravesical spread (CTV1, CTV2). A series of three 3-dimensional conformal plans will be generated for each patient according to the following CTV expansion margins:

Plan 1 (standard): planning target volume 2 (PTV2) = CTV1 + 0.5 cm laterally and inferiorly + 1 cm posteriorly + 1.5 cm superiorly and anteriorly

Plan 2 (small): PTV1 = CTV1 + 0.5 cm isotropically

Plan 3 (large): PTV3 = CTV2 + 0.5 cm laterally and inferiorly + 1 cm posteriorly + 1.5 cm superiorly and anteriorly

If the difference in volume between CTV1 and CTV2 is less than 50 cc, PTV3 = CTV1 + 0.75 cm laterally and inferiorly + 1.2 cm posteriorly + 2.5 cm superiorly and inferiorly.

Patients will receive up to six fractions of radiotherapy delivered weekly. Prior to each fraction a cone beam CT scan will be performed followed by online set-up correction. Each PTV contour

will be assessed to determine the PTV providing the best fit. The most appropriate contour is that which encompasses the bladder as seen on CBCT + 2 - 3 mm superiorly. The plan selected will be confirmed by a second observer. Treatment is then delivered using the corresponding plan. A post-treatment cone beam image will be taken to ensure that intrafraction motion is accounted for.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Phase II

Primary outcome(s)

Appropriate identification and correction of fractions requiring adaptive planning, assessed at the end of treatment.

Key secondary outcome(s)

1. Proportion of fractions requiring adaptive planning, assessed at end of treatment
2. Dose-volume histogram (DVH) analysis of CTV coverage using anisotropic margins, assessed at end of treatment
3. Time to local disease progression, measured at 2 years
4. Overall survival, measured at 2 years

Completion date

31/12/2011

Eligibility**Key inclusion criteria**

1. Aged greater than 18 years, either sex
2. Histologically confirmed invasive carcinoma of the bladder
3. Patient planned to receive hypofractionated radiotherapy to the bladder
4. No previous pelvic radiotherapy
5. Written informed consent given according to International Conference on Harmonisation of Technical Requirements for Registration of Pharmaceuticals for Human Use/Good Clinical Practice (ICH/GCP) and national/local regulations

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 years

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

Urinary catheter in-situ

Date of first enrolment

27/01/2009

Date of final enrolment

31/12/2011

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre

Institute of Cancer Research

Belmont

United Kingdom

SM2 5PT

Sponsor information

Organisation

Institute of Cancer Research (UK)

ROR

<https://ror.org/043jzw605>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Charity

Funder Name

Cancer Research UK (CRUK) (UK) (ref: C46/A3970)

Alternative Name(s)

CR_UK, Cancer Research UK - London, Cancer Research UK (CRUK), CRUK

Funding Body Type

Private sector organisation

Funding Body Subtype

Other non-profit organizations

Location

United Kingdom

Funder Name

Francis Wain Jewellers Ltd (UK) - charitable donation

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan**IPD sharing plan summary****Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/03/2011		Yes	No
Plain English results				No	Yes