

# Cosmetic results for patients with breast cancer operated with bilateral reduction mammoplasty

<b>Submission date</b> 10/10/2019	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 08/11/2019	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 05/02/2021	<b>Condition category</b> Surgery	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

## Plain English summary of protocol

### Background and study aims

Breast cancer affects thousands of women in Sweden every year and is the most common type of cancer in women. In the year 2016 as many as 7500 women in Sweden were diagnosed with breast cancer. Using oncoplastic techniques in breast cancer surgery allows for a generous resection of breast tissue and therefore a reduction in non-radical surgery and studies has also shown that patients are more satisfied with the cosmetic outcome. The use of breast-reduction techniques is one of the most commonly used in oncoplastic breast surgery. Bilateral breast reduction in combination with breast-cancer surgery (therapeutic mammoplasty) has the benefit of reducing the volume of the breasts as well as assuring good symmetry after surgery. In patients with breast cancer combined with mammary hyperplasia and a good health status it is a valuable option to consider, even with smaller tumours. The INESC porto research group has created software called Breast Cancer Conservative Treatment cosmetic results (BCCT.core) which assesses photographs and produces a rated result: poor, fair, good or excellent aesthetic outcome. The evaluation is based on symmetry, skin colour and scar appearance. The main study aim is to assess the cosmetic outcome, evaluated by BCCT.core, at the time of breast cancer diagnosis, after bilateral therapeutic mammoplasty and at 1-year follow-up.

### Who can participate?

Patients who underwent bilateral therapeutic mammoplasty between 2011 and August 2018 (data collected from digital patient records)

### What does the study involve?

For the postoperative photos information is extracted from BCCT.core including the 4-grade cosmetic outcome and a value for symmetry between the breasts. For the preoperative photos BCCT.core is used only to extract the symmetry score, since BCCT.core is designed for evaluating the cosmetic outcome for postoperative photos. Values on a 10-grade scale for cosmetic outcomes are recorded for both patient and surgeon on 1-year follow-up. The surgeon's and patient's grading of cosmetic outcome is made primarily on the 1-year follow-up, with a few exceptions where it is done in retrospect by the surgeon based on the postoperative photos.

### What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The possible benefits are that it can lead to a better understanding of the cosmetic outcomes

for patient undergoing this type of surgery, so surgeons in the future can make the best possible choices regarding surgery for breast cancer patients. There are no potential risks for the patients involved since this is a register study only, also all the patients have been de-identified in the dataset. There was also an opt-out option available for the potential patients in the study, in form of an article in the local newspaper calling on patients who fulfilled the inclusion criteria to contact the responsible party if they did not wish to participate.

Where is the study run from?

Kirurgerna, Centralsjukhuset Kristianstad (Sweden)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

October 2018 to October 2019

Who is funding the study?

1. Lunds Universitet (Sweden)
2. Region Skåne (Sweden)

Who is the main contact?

Dr Kim Gulis

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## Contact information

### Type(s)

Scientific

### Contact name

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## Additional identifiers

## Study information

### Scientific Title

Cosmetic outcome and symmetry for patients who have undergone bilateral therapeutic mammoplasty for breast cancer

### Study objectives

To evaluate the cosmetic outcome after bilateral therapeutic mammoplasty.

## **Ethics approval required**

Old ethics approval format

## **Ethics approval(s)**

Approved 04/12/2018, Etikprövningsnämnden i Lund (Box 133, 22100, Lund, Sweden; Tel: +46 (0) 104750800; Email: [registrator@etikprovning.se](mailto:registrator@etikprovning.se)), Dnr 2018/827

## **Study design**

Retrospective observational cohort study

## **Primary study design**

Observational

## **Study type(s)**

Other

## **Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

Cosmetic outcome after breast cancer surgery

## **Interventions**

The patients eligible for inclusion is all patients operated with bilateral therapeutic mammoplasty between 2011 and until August 2018, the patients were identified and the data was retrospectively collected from digital patient records.

Regarding the aesthetic outcome from a more impartial view, INESC porto research group has created an objective software called the Breast Cancer Conservative Treatment cosmetic results (BCCT.core). This software assesses photographs and produces a rated result: poor, fair, good or excellent aesthetic outcome. The evaluation is based on symmetry, skin colour and scar appearance.

For the postoperative photos, information is extracted from BCCT.core including the 4-grade cosmetic outcome and a value for symmetry between the breasts. For the preoperative photos, BCCT.core is used only to extract the symmetry score, since BCCT.core is designed for evaluating the cosmetic outcome for postoperative photos. Values on a 10-grade scale for cosmetic outcomes have been registered for both patient and surgeon on 1-year follow-up. The surgeons and patients grading of cosmetic outcome was made primarily on the 1-year follow-up, with few exceptions where it was done in retrospect by the surgeon based on the postoperative photos.

## **Intervention Type**

Other

## **Primary outcome(s)**

1. Cosmetic outcome measured using BCCT.core score on a 4-grade scale 1-year postoperatively
2. Symmetry measurements from BCCT.core preoperative and 1-year postoperative
3. Patient's cosmetic scores on a scale of 1-10 at 1-year postoperatively
4. Surgeon's cosmetic scores on a scale of 1-10 at 1-year postoperatively

## **Key secondary outcome(s)**

1. Complications documented for each breast separately according to Clavien-Dindo classification 2 weeks postoperatively and 1 year postoperatively

2. Breast size in ml measured using plastic breast cups preoperatively
3. Breast measurements in cm measured using measuring tape preoperatively
4. Percentage of breast excised during surgery measured by dividing the weight of the breast tissue excised in surgery with the weight of the breast
5. Axillary dissection in surgery, measured by if there was an axillary clearance or not
6. Tumor characteristics in pathology answers measured using pathology reports 2 weeks postoperatively

**Completion date**

01/10/2019

## Eligibility

**Key inclusion criteria**

All patients operated with bilateral therapeutic mammoplasty between 2011 and August 2018 in Centralsjukhuset Kristianstad

**Participant type(s)**

Patient

**Healthy volunteers allowed**

No

**Age group**

Adult

**Lower age limit**

18 years

**Sex**

Female

**Total final enrolment**

146

**Key exclusion criteria**

1. Patients who had a mastectomy before the 1-year postoperative follow-up
2. Patients who had a nipple removed during the surgery due to tumor location
3. Patients where the postoperative 1-year photos were missing
4. Patients who died before the 1-year follow-up

**Date of first enrolment**

01/10/2018

**Date of final enrolment**

01/10/2019

## Locations

**Countries of recruitment**

Sweden

**Study participating centre**  
**Kirurgen, Centralsjukhuset Kristianstad**  
J A Hedlundsväg 5  
Kristianstad  
Sweden  
29133

## Sponsor information

**Organisation**  
Region Skåne

**ROR**  
<https://ror.org/03sawy356>

## Funder(s)

**Funder type**  
University/education

**Funder Name**  
Lunds Universitet

**Alternative Name(s)**  
Lund University, Universitas Lundensis, Universitas Gothorum Carolina, Royal Caroline Academy, Regia Academia Carolina, Lund University | Lund, Sweden | LU, Lunds universitet, LU

**Funding Body Type**  
Government organisation

**Funding Body Subtype**  
Universities (academic only)

**Location**  
Sweden

**Funder Name**  
Region Skåne

# Results and Publications

## Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The data sharing plans for the current study are unknown and will be made available at a later date.

## IPD sharing plan summary

Data sharing statement to be made available at a later date

## Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">Results article</a>	results	01/05/2021	05/02/2021	Yes	No