

Mindfulness meditation on blood pressure and quality of life in patients with intradialytic hypertension

Submission date 23/10/2024	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 29/10/2024	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 23/09/2025	Condition category Circulatory System	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

This study aims to observe the effects of mindfulness meditation on blood pressure changes and quality of life in hypertensive patients suffering from intradialytic hypertension (IDH) during hemodialysis.

Who can participate?

Patients aged 18 years or older with maintenance hemodialysis and IDH

What does the study involve?

The control group received routine care (hemodialysis and health education), while the intervention group received mindfulness meditation in addition to routine care. Blood pressure and quality of life changes were evaluated at enrollment and three months post-intervention.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Mindfulness meditation may improve blood pressure during dialysis and enhance patients' quality of life.

The intervention group may experience inauthentic self-perceptions and increased sensory perceptual sensitivity.

Where is the study run from?

Blood Purification Center of Lihuili Hospital in Ningbo City

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

May 2023 to November 2023

Who is funding the study?

Investigator initiated and funded

Who is the main contact?

Jiang Liu, liujiang_2024@126.com

Contact information

Type(s)

Public, Scientific, Principal investigator

Contact name

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Additional identifiers

Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)

Nil known

Protocol serial number

Nil known

Study information

Scientific Title

Mindfulness meditation on blood pressure and quality of life in patients with intradialytic hypertension during hemodialysis

Study objectives

Mindfulness meditation may improve blood pressure during dialysis and enhance patients' quality of life.

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval(s)

approved 14/08/2023, Ethics Review Committee of Lihuili Hospital in Ningbo City (No. 57, Xingning Road, Yinzhou District, Ningbo, 315040, China; +86 0574 87018834; lihuiliethics@163.com), ref: KY2023PJ204

Study design

Single-center interventional double-blind randomized controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Quality of life, Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Blood pressure control and recovery in hemodialysis patients

Interventions

The patients are randomly assigned to an intervention group and a control group using a random number table. The control group received standard antihypertensive drug treatment and routine care (including hemodialysis and health education), while the intervention group additionally received mindfulness meditation intervention.

The intervention was 3 times a week, about 63 minutes each time, for a total of 12 weeks, including: 1.Observe the body (15 minutes); 2.Observe the breathing (5 minutes); 3.Dialysis visualization (5 minutes); 4.Sound wave therapy (30 minutes); 5.Stress release (8 minutes), a total of 5 parts (total 63 minutes).

After the intervention, the subjects' experiences and problems encountered during meditation are discussed in the group through the WeChat platform, and medical staff will provide relevant answers and guidance.

Intervention Type

Behavioural

Primary outcome(s)

1. Blood pressure measured using the blood pressure monitoring module on the dialysis machine before dialysis, at 1, 2, and 3 hours during dialysis, and after dialysis
2. Quality of life measured using the Kidney Disease and Treatment-related Quality of Life (KDTA) and the general health-related quality of life (SF-36) scales before and 12 weeks after the intervention

Key secondary outcome(s)

Fasting venous blood was collected from the elbow to measure hemoglobin (Hb), inflammation markers (IL-6, CRP), nutritional indicators (ALB), homocysteine (Hcy), Parathyroid hormone (PTH) and dialysis adequacy (KT/V) before and 12 weeks after the intervention.

1. Hb measured using advanced photoelectric detector
2. CRP measured using chemiluminescence
3. IL-6 measured using enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA).
4. ALB measured using ultraviolet spectrophotometer
5. HCY measured using radioenzyme assay
6. PTH measured using fluorescent immunochromatography

Completion date

16/11/2023

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Meeting the diagnostic criteria for hypertension during dialysis, that is, the blood pressure increased by more than 15 mmHg during dialysis
2. Aged between 18 and 75 years old, with good overall health status
3. Demonstrating good treatment compliance and being able to actively cooperate with the

doctor's treatment and guidance

4. The weekly dialysis time was 9 - 12 hours, the KT/V value was at least 1.2, and the hemoglobin (Hb) level was between 10 - 13 g/dL

5. Being able to accurately measure blood pressure in the upper limbs

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Mixed

Lower age limit

18 years

Upper age limit

75 years

Sex

All

Total final enrolment

69

Key exclusion criteria

1. Patients whose blood pressure could only be measured in the lower limbs
2. Patients with mental disorders or other diseases that affected their cooperation in the study
3. Patients with other serious diseases that might affect the study results

Date of first enrolment

02/07/2023

Date of final enrolment

14/08/2023

Locations

Countries of recruitment

China

Study participating centre

Ningbo Medical Center Li Huili Hospital

No. 1111, Jiangnan Road, Yinzhou District

Ningbo

China

315099

Sponsor information

Organisation

Ningbo Medical Center Lihuili Hospital

ROR

<https://ror.org/030zcqn97>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Other

Funder Name

Investigator funded and initiated

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are/will be available upon request from the corresponding author, Jiang Liu, liujiang_2024@126.com.

IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article		16/09/2025	23/09/2025	Yes	No