

Chemonucleolysis or manipulation for lumbar disc herniation?

Submission date 23/01/2004	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
Registration date 23/01/2004	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Last Edited 22/02/2008	Condition category Musculoskeletal Diseases	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
		<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol
Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number
ND0020 T367 Burton R&D

Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

The purpose of this study is to compare the effects of two treatment modalities available for lumbar disc herniation. The principle aim of the project is to ascertain which, if either, treatment is superior in terms of reducing symptoms/disability, and the relative cost effectiveness/patient satisfaction. The treatments to be studied are chemonucleolysis and osteopathic manipulation. Despite the choice of a well defined low back pathology for this trial, it may be that some 'types' of patient respond better to one or other of the treatments; strenuous attempts will be made to identify any such categories. The benefits to the NHS will be the determination of the more cost-effective treatment for this condition. Should the result favour manipulation, there will be the potential for reduction both of therapeutic costs and of orthopaedic waiting lists.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Lumbar disc herniation

Interventions

1. Chemonucleolysis
2. Osteopathic manipulation

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome(s)

1. Symptoms/disability and the relative cost effectiveness/patient satisfaction.
2. Pain (back and leg) and disability

Key secondary outcome(s)

Therapeutic failure

Completion date

31/12/1998

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Patients with lumbar disc herniation

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Not Specified

Sex

Not Specified

Key exclusion criteria

Not provided at time of registration

Date of first enrolment

02/01/1994

Date of final enrolment

31/12/1998

Locations**Countries of recruitment**

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre**Spinal Research Unit**

Huddersfield

United Kingdom

HD1 2SP

Sponsor information**Organisation**

NHS R&D Regional Programme Register - Department of Health (UK)

Funder(s)

Funder type
Government

Funder Name
NHS Executive Northern and Yorkshire (UK)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary
Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	Results	01/06/2000		Yes	No