

The effect of education about pain on illness perceptions in patients with fibromyalgia: a randomised clinical trial with a six-month follow up

Submission date 20/03/2008	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
Registration date 30/04/2008	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Last Edited 30/04/2008	Condition category Musculoskeletal Diseases	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input type="checkbox"/> Results
		<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data
		<input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol
Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

Contact name
Mrs Miriam van Ittersum

Contact details
Eyssoniusplein 18
Groningen
Netherlands
9714 CE

Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number
N/A

Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

Does giving written information about pain and the sensitisation model influence illness perceptions and health status in patients with fibromyalgia?

Hypothesis:

Educating patients about pain physiology is effective in changing patients' negative and catastrophising perceptions about their pain and possibly has an indirect de-sensitising effect on the central nervous system.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Ethics approval received from the Medical Ethical Committee of University Hospital Antwerpen (Belgium) in October 2007.

Study design

Multicentre randomised single-blind controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Quality of life

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Fibromyalgia syndrome, chronic pain, patient education

Interventions

Participants in the intervention group receive written information about pain (aetiology, physiology) and central sensitisation, either by email or postal. After two weeks every participant gets a phone call from one of the investigators to ask if the participant received and read the information, to motivate to do so when necessary and to give the participant the possibility to ask questions about the written information. Besides this phone call, every participant can ask questions to the investigators (electronic or by post) about interpretation of the written information and about how to apply this in daily living, with a maximum of two times of contacting the investigators. Patients get a fixed number of weeks (six) to read and absorb the information, to ask questions about it and to incorporate it in their daily lives.

Participants in the control group receive written information about the possible effects of relaxation exercise and education about how to perform such exercises. The procedures for participants in the control group are exactly the same as for those in the intervention group (one phone call, maximum of two times asking questions, six weeks to read and absorb the information and to ask questions).

Measures:

1. Fibromyalgia Impact Questionnaire (FIQ)
2. Pain Catastrophising Scale (PCS)
3. Revised Illness Perception Questionnaire (IPQ-R)

The intervention starts after three weeks and lasts for six weeks.

Joint sponsor/affiliation:
University of Applied Sciences Groningen (The Netherlands)
c/o Miriam van Ittersum
Eyssoniusplein 18
9714 CE Groningen
The Netherlands

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome(s)

1. The 'rumination' subscale of the PCS
2. The 'consequences' and the 'psychological attributions' subscales of the IPQ-R

All outcomes will be measured at the same times: at the start of the study, after three weeks, six weeks, and six months.

Key secondary outcome(s)

1. The FIQ total score
2. The 'magnification' and 'helplessness' subscales of the PCS
3. The 'identity', 'timeline', 'personal control', 'treatment control', 'illness coherence', 'timeline cyclical', 'emotional representations', 'risk factor attribution', 'immune attribution', 'chance attribution' and 'fibromyalgia specific attribution' subscales of the IPQ-R

All outcomes will be measured at the same times: at the start of the study, after three weeks, six weeks, and six months.

Completion date

30/06/2008

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Patients with fibromyalgia according to the diagnostic criteria by the American College of Rheumatology, both men and women.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

1. Age under 18 or over 65 years
2. Non-Dutch speaking
3. Pregnant during study period

Date of first enrolment

20/10/2007

Date of final enrolment

30/06/2008

Locations**Countries of recruitment**

Belgium

Netherlands

Study participating centre**Eysoniusplein 18**

Groningen

Netherlands

9714 CE

Sponsor information**Organisation**

University of Antwerp (Belgium)

ROR

<https://ror.org/008x57b05>

Funder(s)**Funder type**

University/education

Funder Name

Hanze University Groningen (The Netherlands)

Funder Name

University of Antwerp (Belgium)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration