

The use of compression bandages in total knee replacement surgery

Submission date 12/02/2013	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 30/05/2013	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 11/12/2018	Condition category Musculoskeletal Diseases	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Total knee replacement (both sides of your knee joint are replaced with an artificial joint) has revolutionised the management of osteoarthritis. Despite this, knee swelling and stiffness are common post-operative complications. These complications can slow down the rehabilitation process and impact on your experience in hospital. Currently, patients undergoing total knee replacement are enrolled in an enhanced recovery programme, which aims to ensure that patients receive the best possible care before, during and after surgery. This involves many members of the healthcare team and ensuring that you have effective pain relief and are mobilised as early as possible, to make a quick but safe recovery. Despite the success of the enhanced recovery programme, we are still looking at ways to improve our service further. Currently, patients wear normal bandages on their knee after surgery. However, recent studies from Europe indicate that a compression bandage worn around the knee for two days after surgery may improve pain and complications. Additionally, using research from compression bandage use in patients with other forms of leg swelling, we predict this may also reduce swelling and stiffness after the surgery. However, these findings have not yet been proven in a large, well-designed scientific study. The long-term aim is to investigate whether compression bandages worn after knee replacement surgery improves knee swelling, stiffness and early function compared to normal dressings. As a large trial will be required to answer this question, the initial aim is to determine the feasibility of our study design for a larger future study.

Who can participate?

Patients (male and female) with osteoarthritis who are on the waiting list for primary total knee replacement at Wansbeck District General Hospital can participate. You must be over 18 and be able to give written informed consent.

What does the study involve?

We hope to enrol approximately 50 patients for the study. If you decide to be involved with the study, you will be selected at random to receive either the compression bandage or the standard bandage after surgery. This is done at random to try and eliminate any biases in the study. You have to receive one or the other so that we can see if the compression bandage makes a

difference to what we are doing already. During your hospital stay, in addition to normal management, pain scores, knee swelling and range of motion will be measured before and daily after your surgery. These factors will also be assessed at your routine six week follow-up clinic.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Possible benefits include reduce post-operative pain, swelling and an improved range of motion. We hope this will increase patient satisfaction and outcome. We do not foresee any disadvantages taking part in the study. There is a small chance of discomfort wearing the compression bandage, which we will monitor during the study. The compression bandage treatment is not routine practice in patients following total knee replacement. Currently it will not be continued when the study ends. However, should the study find that this is beneficial and economically viable this may be continued in the future.

Where is the study run from?

The study is being co-ordinated and taking place at Wansbeck District General Hospital, Ashington (Northumbria NHS trust).

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

Recruitment is expected to start in September 2013 and will last for six months in total.

Who is funding the study?

The study is being funded by Northumbria NHS Trust.

Who is the main contact?

Dr Tim Brock

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Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number

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Study information

Scientific Title

A prospective, controlled, feasibility study investigating the use of a two-layer, short-stretch compression bandage in elective total knee replacement

Study objectives

The use of compression bandages worn after total knee replacement will aid rehabilitation through decrease pain and swelling, and improved range of motion.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Newcastle and North Tyneside REC ethics committee, ref: 13/NE/0137

Study design

Randomised controlled feasibility study

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Osteoarthritis/total knee replacement

Interventions

Patients will be randomised to receive either a two-layer compressive dressing or a conventional dressing applied immediately post-operatively in theatre. The two-layer compressive dressing will consist of an inner layer of soft padding (Soffban, BSN Medical Ltd, Brierfield, UK) surrounded by a layer of short stretch compressive bandage (Actico bandage, Activa Healthcare Ltd, UK) applied firmly from toes to mid-thigh.

The conventional dressing will consist of a layer of inner soft padding (Soffban, BSN Medical Ltd, UK) with an outer layer of crepe bandage (BSN Medical Ltd, UK) applied around the knee. The bandages will be taken off at 24 hours post-operatively. Standard total knee replacement protocol will be otherwise followed.

Measurements in each arm to include:

1. Swelling (circumference at mid-thigh, mid-patella and mid-leg in comparison to pre-op limb measured pre-operatively, 24 hours post-operatively, every day until discharge, 6 weeks)
2. Range of Motion (goniometer, measured pre-operatively, 24 hours post-operatively, every day till discharge, 6 weeks)
3. Pain (visual analogue scale 1-10 immediately post-op, before and after physiotherapy, every day till discharge)
4. Analgesia use (morphine used in 48 hours/kg)
5. Blood loss [pre-operative haemoglobin (Hb) and post-operative Hb at 48 hours, any blood transfusion required]
6. Length of stay (days)
7. Function (Oxford knee score questionnaire pre-operatively, 6 months as standard practice)
8. Patient satisfaction (EQ5D health status questionnaire pre-operatively, 6 months as standard)

practice)

9. Adverse events (6 weeks; surgical site infection questionnaire, documented evidence of cardiovascular, urinary, neurological complication, deep vein thrombosis [DVT], pulmonary embolism [PE] from records)

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Applicable

Primary outcome(s)

The aim of this feasibility study is to estimate rates of patient recruitment, randomisation, retention and response, logistics of trial methodology, and resource utilisation.

Key secondary outcome(s)

No secondary outcome measures

Completion date

01/03/2014

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Male and female over 18 years
2. Selected for total knee replacement

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 years

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

1. Extensive peripheral vascular disease
2. Extensive small vessel disease
3. Lower limb neurological disorder

Date of first enrolment

01/09/2013

Date of final enrolment

01/03/2014

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre**Wansbeck District Hospital**

Ashington

United Kingdom

NE68 6JJ

Sponsor information

Organisation

Northumbria Healthcare NHS Foundation Trust (UK)

ROR

<https://ror.org/01gfeyd95>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Hospital/treatment centre

Funder Name

Northumbria Healthcare NHS Foundation Trust (UK)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan**IPD sharing plan summary**

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	09/01/2017		Yes	No
Protocol article	protocol	11/03/2015		Yes	No
HRA research summary			28/06/2023	No	No