

The use of the drug everolimus to reduce hypertrophy of the hearts left ventricle in kidney transplant recipients

Submission date 16/03/2011	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
		<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 08/04/2011	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 08/04/2011	Condition category Surgery	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data
		<input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol
Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number
n/a

Study information

Scientific Title
The effect of the mammalian Target Of Rapamycin (mTOR) inhibitor everolimus on reducing left ventricular hypertrophy in renal transplant recipients (RTRs)

Study objectives

To investigate if mTOR everolimus induces regression of left ventricular hypertrophy (LVH) of renal transplant recipients (RTRs).

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Ethics approval was not required as the trial complies with the recommendations issued by the ethical committee of the San Martino University Hospital (Azienda Ospedaliera Universitaria), Genoa, Italy.

Study design

Open-label randomised trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Non diabetic patients receiving kidney transplants

Interventions

1. Randomisation to either everolimus (EVL) plus reduced-exposure cyclosporine A (CsA) or standard-dose CsA
2. Anti-interleukin-2 receptor monoclonal antibodies for induction and steroids in both groups
3. Mycophenolate mofetil allowed in standard-dose CsA group
4. Antihypertensive therapy not including renin-angiotensin blocking agents allowed to achieve blood pressure (BP) of nearly 130/80 mmHg

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Applicable

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

mTOR everolimus

Primary outcome(s)

Change in left ventricular mass index which is assessed by echocardiography after 1 year

Key secondary outcome(s)

1. Changes in renal graft function at one and three years
2. Incidence of acute rejection episodes at one and three years

Completion date

31/12/2009

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Non diabetic renal transplant recipients (RTRs)

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

1. Patients receiving second transplant
2. Patients receiving dual transplant
3. Diabetic patients
4. Patients with severe cardiac valvular abnormalities

Date of first enrolment

01/01/2008

Date of final enrolment

31/12/2009

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Italy

Study participating centre

Largo R.Benzi 10

Genova

Italy

16132

Sponsor information

Organisation

San Martino University Hospital (Azienda Ospedaliera Universitaria San Martino) (Italy)

ROR

<https://ror.org/04d7es448>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

The Italian National Health Service (Servizio Sanitario Nazionale) (Italy)

Funder Name

San Martino University Hospital (Azienda Ospedaliera Universitaria San Martino), Genoa (Italy)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration