

Cold Pulsatile Perfusion in Asystolic donor Renal Transplantation

Submission date 31/03/2005	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	☒ Prospectively registered ☐ Protocol
Registration date 10/05/2005	Overall study status Completed	☐ Statistical analysis plan ☒ Results
Last Edited 04/02/2016	Condition category Surgery	☐ Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Kidneys from deceased organ donors need to be preserved out of the body to allow time for them to be allocated to a recipient, transported to the recipient centre, and for the recipient to be brought in and prepared for surgery. Typically this takes 12 to 18 hours. Traditionally preservation has been achieved by simply flushing the kidneys with a special preservation solution and placing them in a container of ice. An alternative is to put the kidney on a machine to continuously flush preservation fluid through the kidney until it is time to transplant the kidney into a recipient. The aim of this study is to see which method is superior for kidneys donated by deceased organ donors after circulatory death (DCD).

Who can participate?

Patients aged 18 and over undergoing transplantation of a kidney from a deceased organ donor.

What does the study involve?

Donated kidneys are randomly allocated such that one kidney of a pair is placed on the perfusion machine while the other is flushed and stored in ice until transplantation. Both kidneys of a pair are transplanted at the same centre. The transplant recipients are then followed up to see whether the kidney worked immediately or whether there was a delay in it starting normal function – around half of kidneys from DCD donors do not work immediately and the recipient needs to continue on dialysis until it does work.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Not provided at time of registration

Where is the study run from?

Addenbrooke's Hospital (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

August 2006 to February 2009

Who is funding the study?

Novartis Pharmaceuticals and Organ Recovery Systems

Who is the main contact?
Mr Christopher Watson

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

Contact name
Mr Christopher Watson

Contact details
Department of Surgery
Box 202
Addenbrooke's Hospital
Hills Road
Cambridge
United Kingdom
CB2 2QQ

Additional identifiers

Study information

Scientific Title
A multicentre randomised controlled study of cold Pulsatile Perfusion in Asystolic donor Renal Transplantation

Acronym
PPART

Study objectives
Primary objective:
To evaluate the effect of machine perfusion on the incidence of primary function post renal transplantation.

Secondary objective:
To evaluate the cost effectiveness of machine perfusion in asystolic donor kidney transplantation.

Ethics approval required
Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)
The London Research Ethics Committee (REC), 02/02/2006, ref: 05/MRE02/74). Last ethics progress report dated 05/03/2008: favourable ethical opinion given 19/03/2008.

Primary study design
Interventional

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Kidney preservation prior to transplantation

Interventions

Machine perfusion of the kidney before transplantation versus simple cold storage

Intervention Type

Procedure/Surgery

Phase

Not Applicable

Primary outcome(s)

1. Incidence of delayed graft function (need for dialysis in the first 7 days)
2. Calculated glomerular filtration rate (GFR) (MDRD technique) at 7 days

Key secondary outcome(s)

1. Patient survival
2. Graft survival
3. Renal function measured using calculated GFR
4. Never function rate
5. Time to last dialysis post transplant
6. Acute rejection incidence
7. Cost comparison at one and five years

Completion date

28/02/2009

Eligibility**Key inclusion criteria**

Subjects (aged 18 years and over, either gender) undergoing transplantation of a kidney from a non-heart-beating (asystolic) cadaver organ donor.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

Added 24/02/2009:

1. Lack of informed consent
2. Positive cross-match
3. Previous recipient of non-renal transplant

Date of first enrolment

18/08/2006

Date of final enrolment

28/02/2009

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre

Addenbrooke's Hospital

Cambridge

United Kingdom

CB2 2QQ

Sponsor information

Organisation

Addenbrooke's Hospital (UK)

ROR

<https://ror.org/055vbx86>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Hospital/treatment centre

Funder Name

Addenbrooke's Hospital (UK) - transplant research fund

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan**IPD sharing plan summary**

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/09/2010		Yes	No