

# ADVANCE-D Programme for men convicted of domestic abuse serving a community sentence

<b>Submission date</b> 01/05/2024	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
		<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 02/05/2024	<b>Overall study status</b> Ongoing	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 13/03/2026	<b>Condition category</b> Mental and Behavioural Disorders	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

## Plain English summary of protocol

### Background and study aims

40% of men convicted for domestic abuse have problems with alcohol or drugs. Despite this, official group work programmes are unavailable for these men in probation services. Domestic abuse costs the UK £66 billion each year. These costs could be reduced if suitable domestic abuse programmes were provided during probation.

### Who can participate?

Adult (18+) men serving a community sentence or post imprisonment on license for intimate partner violence towards a female current or ex-partner.

### What does the study involve?

32 areas in the UK will be allocated by chance to provide either ADVANCE-D (16 areas) or their usual services (16 areas) to men on probation or parole for domestic abuse. 450 men will be invited to take part in the study within two weeks of being mandated by the court to a community sentence for domestic abuse. All support will be provided by probation staff in England and Wales, and by criminal justice social workers in Scotland. Men and women will be interviewed separately by researchers at the start of the study, and 4 and 12 months later. 4 and 12 months after men are allocated to ADVANCE-D or usual probation services, their use of domestic abuse will be compared. Men in both groups will also be asked about their substance use, health and service use. The men's current or ex-female partners will also be about their own health and service use and about any domestic abuse from their partner. Consent will be obtained to check participants' health and domestic abuse status over the long term. This will be done by tracking these men and women in health, social services, police and criminal justice data 2 years after the study starts. This will allow the research team to work out what works best to reduce domestic abuse - ADVANCE-D or the usual support offered by probation.

### What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The study will help to show whether the new intervention helps men who use substances reduce their abusive and violent behaviour towards their female partners. It is hoped that if this happens, it will improve the well-being of their partners and children. To ensure that the women and their children are safe, staff from the substance use treatment service and the women's support service worker will talk to each other regularly to share information that relates to the

women's safety and risk. Participating in the study could improve relationships and improve the well-being of women and children in the future. The feedback received from both men and their current or ex-female partners will help to show whether the intervention and the study can be done. All participants are given the opportunity to get support for their relationship and are provided with a range of national and local contact numbers and services that will be able to help.

Where is the study run from?

King's College London (UK), University of Edinburgh (UK), University of Manchester (UK), Cardiff University (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

November 2023 to May 2027

Who is funding the study?

National Institute for Health and Care Research (NIHR) (UK)

Who is the main contact?

Prof. Gail Gilchrist Gail.Gilchrist@kcl.ac.uk

## Contact information

### Type(s)

Public, Scientific, Principal investigator

### Contact name

Prof Gail Gilchrist

### ORCID ID

<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-5616-6283>

### Contact details

4 Windsor Walk, Denmark Hill, Addiction Sciences Building, Institute of Psychiatry, Psychology & Neuroscience (IoPPN), King's College London

London

United Kingdom

SE5 8BB

+44 (0)20 7848 0076

[gail.gilchrist@kcl.ac.uk](mailto:gail.gilchrist@kcl.ac.uk)

## Additional identifiers

### Integrated Research Application System (IRAS)

328020

### Central Portfolio Management System (CPMS)

61731

### National Institute for Health and Care Research (NIHR)

154546

# Study information

## Scientific Title

A UK multi-centre cluster randomised control trial, with an internal pilot, of the ADVANCE-Digitally supported perpetrator intervention compared to community justice offender management (1:1), to reduce intimate partner violence (IPV), for men convicted of IPV who misuse substances

## Acronym

ADVANCE-D

## Study objectives

To conduct a UK multi-centre cluster-randomised controlled trial, with an internal pilot of the ADVANCE-Digitally supported perpetrator intervention compared to community justice offender management (1:1), to reduce intimate partner violence (IPV), for men convicted of IPV who misuse substances.

## Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

## Ethics approval(s)

1. approved 20/03/2024, His Majesty's Prison and Probation Services (HMPPS) National Research Committee (102 Petty France, London, SW1H 9AJ, United Kingdom; -; National.Research@justice.gov.uk), ref: 2023-262

2. approved 18/07/2024, NHS West of Scotland Research Ethics Service (Ground Floor Ward 11, Dykebar Hospital, Grahamston Road, Paisley, PA2 7DE, United Kingdom; +44 141 314 0212; WoSREC1@ggc.scot.nhs.uk), ref: 24/WS/0068

## Study design

Multicentre cluster-randomized controlled trial with internal pilot

## Primary study design

Interventional

## Study type(s)

Treatment

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Reduce intimate partner violence (IPV) for men convicted of IPV who misuse substances

## Interventions

Current interventions as of 16/10/2024:

32 probation delivery units (PDU)/Justice Social Work Teams (JSWT) will be randomised (1:1) to deliver ADVANCE-D or usual community justice offender management (CJOM). The PDU/JSWT and researchers will be blinded to (not know which) treatment allocation until all 14 men from their cluster have been recruited and baselined and researchers have recruited and baselined the (ex)-partners. ADVANCE-D proposes that behaviour change is facilitated by increasing understanding of the function of abusive behaviours and the contribution made by substance

misuse and gendered attitudes. It highlights individual risks for intimate partner violence (IPV), including substance misuse, poor emotional regulation, and poor stress coping. It teaches men how to reduce these risks by promoting self-regulation and personal goal-setting. ADVANCE-D is a 33-session (14-week) programme (+ refresher session 4 weeks later) delivered in-person, remotely or hybrid. It includes a 1:1 goal-setting session; a welcome-to-group preparation session; 6 group sessions [these are the 8 core sessions]; and 12 self-directed website sessions with a digital coach (avatar) to recap and practise skills learned in the group each followed by 1:1 coaching sessions with a facilitator (12 weekly coaching sessions in total). It is delivered by 2 facilitators (ideally one female), trained in supervising PP/JSW. To manage risk, 4 case management meetings are scheduled with the ISS. Men offered ADVANCE-D can receive concomitant support for substance misuse.

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#### Previous interventions:

32 probation delivery units (PDU)/Justice Social Work Teams (JSWT) will be randomised (1:1) to deliver ADVANCE-D or usual community justice offender management (CJOM) using an online randomisation system divided (stratified) by probation region/JSW area, managed by King's Clinical Trials Unit (KCTU). The PDU/JSWT and researchers will be blinded to (not know which) treatment allocation until all 14 men from their cluster have been recruited and baselined and researchers have recruited and baselined the (ex)partners. ADVANCE-D proposes that behaviour change is facilitated by increasing understanding of the function of abusive behaviours and the contribution made by substance misuse and gendered attitudes. It highlights individual risks for intimate partner violence (IPV), including substance misuse, poor emotional regulation, and poor stress coping. It teaches men how to reduce these risks by promoting self-regulation and personal goal-setting. ADVANCE-D is a 33-session (14-week) programme (+ refresher session 4 weeks later) delivered in-person, remotely or hybrid. It includes a 1:1 goal-setting session; a welcome-to-group preparation session; 6 group sessions [these are the 8 core sessions]; and 12 self-directed website sessions with a digital coach (avatar) to recap and practise skills learned in the group each followed by 1:1 coaching sessions with a facilitator (12 weekly coaching sessions in total). It is delivered by 2 facilitators (ideally one female), trained in supervising PP/JSW. To manage risk, 4 case management meetings are scheduled with the ISS. Men offered ADVANCE-D can receive concomitant support for substance misuse.

#### Intervention Type

Behavioural

#### Primary outcome(s)

Current primary outcome measure as of 30/07/2024:

Intimate partner violence (IPV) perpetration reduction for men who misuse substances subject to probation/CJSW supervision measured using the (Adapted) Abusive Behavior Inventory (ABI) in the past 4 months at 12 months post-baseline

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Previous primary outcome measure:

Intimate partner violence (IPV) perpetration reduction for men who misuse substances subject to probation/CJSW supervision measured using the Abusive Behavior Inventory (ABI) in the past 4 months at 12 months post-baseline

## Key secondary outcome(s)

Current secondary outcome measures as of 16/10/2024:

1. Intimate partner violence (IPV) victimisation, experienced by partners, measured using the (Adapted) Revised Abusive Behavior Inventory (ABI-R) (women only) at 4 and 12 months post-baseline
2. Other IPV outcomes: (Adapted) Revised Controlling Behaviors Scale (CBS-R), technology facilitated abuse, stalking/harassment, locked in, using children against partner, feeling of safety (women only), (Adapted) Intimate Partner Violence Responsibility Attribution Scale (IPVRAS) (men only); well-being: Patient Health Questionnaire (PHQ-9), Generalised Anxiety Disorder symptoms (GAD-7), Primary Care PTSD Screen for DSM-5 (PC-PTSD-5), Propensity for Abusiveness Scale (PAS) [anger subscale] (men only); self-control: Brief Self-Control Scale (BSCS) (men only); substance use: Treatment Outcomes Profile (partial), Alcohol Use Disorder Identification Test (AUDIT), Drug Use Disorder Identification Test (DUDIT); quality of life: EQ-5D-5L for participants and their current or ex-partners.
3. Implementation, mechanisms of impact, and contextual factors of delivering ADVANCE-D measured using a nested process evaluation with participants and practitioners at 4 and 12 months post-baseline
4. Children's well-being as reported by men and their (ex)-partners at 4 and 12 months post-baseline.
5. Comparison of costs and outcomes of ADVANCE-D with CJOM over and above usual CJOM using cost-consequences analysis at 4 and 12 months post-baseline
6. Health, social services, and criminal justice outcomes between men offered ADVANCE-D with CJOM or usual CJOM and their (ex)-partners measured using data linkage of participants to routine databases and electronic records at 24 months post-baseline

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Previous secondary outcome measures as of 30/07/2024:

1. Intimate partner violence (IPV) victimisation, experienced by partners, measured using the (Adapted) Revised Abusive Behavior Inventory (ABI-R) (women only) at 4 and 12 months post-baseline
  2. Other IPV outcomes (Adapted) Revised Controlling Behaviors Scale (CBS-R), technology facilitated abuse, stalking/harassment, locked in and using children against partner), well-being (PHQ-9; GAD-7; Primary Care PTSD Screen for DSM-5 (PC-PTSD-5); Propensity for Abusiveness Scale [anger subscale] (men only); self control (Brief Self-Control Scale (men only); children's well-being; substance use (Treatment Outcomes Profile (partial)) and quality of life (EQ-5D-5L) for participants and their current or ex-partners.
  3. Implementation, mechanisms of impact, and contextual factors of delivering ADVANCE-D measured using a nested process evaluation with participants and practitioners at 4 and 12 months post-baseline
  4. Children's well-being as reported by men and their (ex)-partners at 4 and 12 months post-baseline.
  5. Comparison of costs and outcomes of ADVANCE-D over and above usual CJOM using cost-consequences analysis at 4 and 12 months post-baseline
  6. Health, social services, and criminal justice outcomes between men offered ADVANCE-D or usual CJOM and their (ex)-partners measured using data linkage of participants to routine databases and electronic records at 24 months post-baseline
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Previous secondary outcome measures:

1. Intimate partner violence (IPV) victimisation, experienced by partners, measured using the Revised Abusive Behavior Inventory (ABI-R) (women only) at 4 and 12 months post-baseline
2. Other IPV outcomes (Controlling Behaviours Scale (partial), technology-facilitated abuse, locked in, stalking and using children against partner), well-being (PHQ-9; GAD-7; PC-PTSD-5; PAS [anger subscale] (men only)); BSCS (men only); substance use (TOPS) and quality of life (EQ-5D-5L) for participants and their current or ex-partners at 4 and 12-months post-baseline
3. Implementation, mechanisms of impact, and contextual factors of delivering ADVANCE-D measured using a nested process evaluation with participants and practitioners at 4 and 12 months post-baseline
4. Comparison of costs and outcomes of ADVANCE-D over and above usual CJOM using cost-consequences analysis at 4 and 12 months post-baseline
5. Health, social services, and criminal justice outcomes between men offered ADVANCE-D or usual CJOM and their (ex)-partners measured using data linkage of participants to routine databases and electronic records at 24 months post-baseline

### **Completion date**

31/05/2027

## **Eligibility**

### **Key inclusion criteria**

Current key inclusion criteria as of 18/11/2025:

Inclusion criteria for participants (men):

1. Adult (18+) men serving a community sentence or post imprisonment on license for IPV towards a female current or ex-partner.
2. Drugs or alcohol linked to criminogenic need recorded on OASys (England) or LS/CMI (Scotland).
3. Male participants must have a named current or ex-partner (index victim) whose contact details can be provided by Probation/Justice Social Work or by the male participant.
4. Able to communicate in and understand English for the purpose of research interviews.

Exclusion criteria for participants (men):

1. Suitable for or attending an existing probation-based perpetrator intervention.
2. Man involved with the private family law court.
3. Where no contact details are available for the index victim, men will not be eligible to participate in the trial.
4. History of sex offences against children.
5. Answers 'strongly disagree' to all 8 items on the eHealth Literacy Scale (eHEALS).
6. Substance use impairs ability to take part in the trial (based on practitioner assessment of frequency/amount of substance use, impact of substance use on daily activities/functioning, and health, social, legal or financial problems as a result of substance use) assessed using the substance use screen (England) or SARA V3 (Scotland).

Inclusion criteria for current or ex-partners (women):

1. Adult (18+) women who have a current or ex-partner participating in the trial that was sentenced for IPV towards them.
2. Lives in the UK.

3. Able to communicate in and understand English for the purpose of research interviews.
4. Exclusion criteria for current or ex-partners (women):
5. Current order preventing her from contacting current or ex male partner recruited to the trial.
6. Other safety concerns that may put the male or female partner at risk. These will be considered on a case-by-case basis by Probation/Justice Social Work/the clinical lead e.g. where both participants share a mobile phone number, there are concerns about indirect contact between partners, the female participant has a court case pending for IPV or there are child protection concerns.

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Previous inclusion criteria as of 03/12/2024:

For participants (men):

1. Adult (18+) men serving a community sentence or post imprisonment on license for IPV towards a female current or ex-partner.
2. Drugs or alcohol linked to criminogenic need recorded on OASys (England) or LS/CMI (Scotland).
3. Able to provide contact details for (ex)-partner – victim of index crime will be invited to participate in the trial.
4. Able to communicate in and understand English for the purpose of research interviews.

For current or ex-partners (women):

1. Adult (18+) women who have a current or ex-partner participating in the trial that was sentenced for IPV towards them.
2. Lives in the UK.
3. Able to communicate in and understand English for the purpose of research interviews.

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Previous inclusion criteria as of 16/10/2024:

For participants (men):

1. Adult (18+) men serving a community sentence or post imprisonment on license for IPV towards a female current or ex-partner.
2. Drugs and alcohol linked to criminogenic need recorded on OASys (England) or LS/CMI (Scotland).
3. Able to provide contact details for (ex)-partner – victim of index crime will be invited to participate in the trial.
4. Able to communicate in and understand English for the purpose of research interviews.

For current or ex-partners (women):

1. Adult (18+) women who have a current or ex-partner participating in the trial that was sentenced for IPV towards them.
2. Lives in the UK.
3. Able to communicate in and understand English for the purpose of research interviews.

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Previous inclusion criteria as of 30/07/2024:

For participants (men):

1. Adult (18+) men serving a community sentence or post imprisonment on license for IPV towards a female current or ex-partner
2. Drugs and alcohol linked to criminogenic need recorded on OASys (England) or LSCMI (Scotland)
3. Alcohol and/or drug use not daily or almost daily in the substance use screen (England) or SARA V3 in Scotland
4. Not suitable for existing probation-based perpetrator interventions
5. Not involved with the private family law court
6. Able to provide contact details for (ex)-partner – victim of index crime will be invited to participate in the trial
7. Able to communicate in and understand English for the purpose of research interviews. ADVANCE-D is available in Polish, Romanian, Urdu, or Panjabi to allow men to complete it in their first language.
8. Digital literacy assessed using the eHealth Literacy Scale (eHEALS) (ineligible if answers 'strongly disagree' to all 8 items)

For current or ex-partners (women):

1. Adult (18+) women who have a current or ex-partner participating in the trial that was sentenced for IPV towards them
2. Lives in the UK
3. Able to communicate in and understand English for the purpose of research interviews. ADVANCE-D is available in Polish, Romanian, Urdu, or Panjabi to allow men to complete it in their first language.

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Previous inclusion criteria:

For participants (men):

1. Adult (18+) men serving a community sentence or post imprisonment on license for IPV towards a female current or ex-partner
2. Alcohol or drug misuse assessed via the Spousal Assault Risk Assessment (SARA) and the Offender Assessment System completed by Probation Practitioners (PP) or the Level Service /Case Management Inventory (LSCMI) completed by JSW
3. Not suitable for an existing probation perpetrator intervention
4. Able to provide contact details for (ex)-partner
5. Able to communicate in and understand English, Polish, Romanian, Urdu, or Panjabi (languages that the ADVANCE-D Programme is available in)
6. Digitally literate - digital literacy assessed using the eHealth Literacy Scale (eHEALS)

For current or ex-partners (women):

1. Adult (18+) women who have a current or ex-partner participating in the trial
2. Lives in the UK
3. Able to communicate in and understand English, Polish, Romanian, Urdu, or Panjabi (languages that the ADVANCE-D Programme is available in)

### **Participant type(s)**

Patient

### **Healthy volunteers allowed**

No

**Age group**

Mixed

**Lower age limit**

18 years

**Upper age limit**

100 years

**Sex**

All

**Total final enrolment**

34

**Key exclusion criteria**

Current exclusion criteria as of 02/12/2024:

For participants (men):

1. Suitable for or attending an existing probation-based perpetrator intervention.
2. Man involved with the private family law court.
3. History of sex offences against children.
4. Answers 'strongly disagree' to all 8 items on the eHealth Literacy Scale (eHEALS).
5. Substance use impairs ability to take part in the trial (based on practitioner assessment of frequency/amount of substance use, impact of substance use on daily activities/functioning, and health, social, legal or financial problems as a result of substance use) assessed using the substance use screen (England) or SARA V3 (Scotland).

For current or ex-partners (women):

1. Current order preventing her from contacting current or ex male partner recruited to the trial.
2. Other safety concerns that may put the male partner at risk. These will be considered on a case-by-case basis by the research team and the clinical team e.g. where both participants share a mobile phone number, the female participant has a court case pending for IPV or there is a child protection hearing pending.
3. Female partner discloses that there is an order preventing her male current or ex-partner from contacting her (i.e. contradicting what he has said in his screening interview). In such cases the man would not be withdrawn, unless the clinical team felt there was an increased risk to either party in his continuing in the study.

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Previous exclusion criteria as of 16/10/2024:

For participants (men):

1. Suitable for or attending an existing probation-based perpetrator intervention.
2. Man involved with the private family law court.
3. History of sex offences against children.

4. Answers 'strongly disagree' to all 8 items on the eHealth Literacy Scale (eHEALS).
5. Alcohol and/or drug use 'daily' or 'almost daily' in the substance use screen (England) or substance use functional impairment based on the SARA V3 (Scotland).

For current or ex-partners (women):

1. Current order preventing her from contacting current or ex male partner recruited to the trial.
2. Other safety concerns that may put the male partner at risk. These will be considered on a case-by-case basis by the research team and the clinical team e.g. where both participants share a mobile phone number, the female participant has a court case pending for IPV or there is a child protection hearing pending.
3. Female partner discloses that there is an order preventing her male current or ex-partner from contacting her (i.e. contradicting what he has said in his screening interview). In such cases the man would not be withdrawn, unless the clinical team felt there was an increased risk to either party in his continuing in the study.

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Original exclusion criteria:

For participants (men):

1. Suitable for or attending an existing probation-based perpetrator intervention
2. Man involved with the private family law court
3. History of sex offences against children

For current or ex-partners (women):

1. Current order preventing her from contacting current or ex male partner recruited to the trial.
2. Other safety concerns that may put the male partner at risk. These will be considered on a case-by-case basis by the research team and the clinical team e.g. where both participants share a mobile phone number, the female participant has a court case pending for IPV or there is a child protection hearing pending.
3. Female partner discloses that there is an order preventing her male current or ex-partner from contacting her (i.e. contradicting what he has said in his screening interview). In such cases the man would not be withdrawn, unless the clinical team felt there was an increased risk to either party in his continuing in the study.

**Date of first enrolment**

02/12/2024

**Date of final enrolment**

09/03/2026

## **Locations**

**Countries of recruitment**

United Kingdom

**Study participating centre**

**Probation Service Greater Manchester**

Redfern Building, Sadler's Yard, 30 Hanover Street

Manchester  
England  
M4 4AH

**Study participating centre**

**Probation Service North West**

Albert Edward House, The Pavilions, Port Way  
Preston  
England  
PR2 2YB

**Study participating centre**

**The City of Edinburgh**

Justice Social Work Department, Grindlay Street Court  
Edinburgh  
Scotland  
EH3 9AR

## Sponsor information

**Organisation**

King's College London

**ROR**

<https://ror.org/0220mzb33>

## Funder(s)

**Funder type**

Government

**Funder Name**

National Institute for Health and Care Research

**Alternative Name(s)**

National Institute for Health Research, NIHR Research, NIHRresearch, NIHR - National Institute for Health Research, NIHR (The National Institute for Health and Care Research), NIHR

**Funding Body Type**

Government organisation

## Funding Body Subtype

National government

## Location

United Kingdom

# Results and Publications

## Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

### IPD sharing plan summary

Not expected to be made available

### Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">Study website</a>	Study website	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes